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Irish Times 'Phone Numbers.—Dublin—5036 and 5037; Belfast—1787; London—Central 4350. Belfast Office—159 Royal Avenue. London Office—59 Fleet Street.

ROLL OF HONOUR.
In Memoriam
(1914-1918).

BLAKELY—Eighth Anniversary—In fond and loving memory of my dear brother, William Hare Blakely, R.S.M., the Connaught Rangers, who died in Cork Military Hospital the 29th April, 1917. Safe in the arms of Jesus."—Inserted by his fond brother, Charlie.

GREENE—In everlasting remembrance of our beloved son, Harry Caldwell Greene, First Lieutenant, R.M.F., "Ypres," April 29th, 1918. "Lest we forget."

TRIMBLE—In very proud and loving memory of Noel Desmond Trimble, Sch., T.C.D., Rowel Invincible Fusiliers, who was passed at Hulbech April 29th, 1916, aged 20 years.
"Dearest I thank art, enshrined
In all thy fragrance in our memories."

BIRTHS.

CHRISTIE—April 26, 1925, at 9 Dunedin, Connaught avenue, Cork, to Mr. and Mrs. Keith Christie, a son.

HUGHES—April 8, 1925, at "Hazelbrook," Rathfarnham, to Mr. and Mrs. James Hughes, a daughter.

McCABE—April 20, 1925, at 39 Lower Baggot street, to Mr. and Mrs. Michael McCabe, 48 Upper Ligonel street, a son.

MacKENZIE—April 24, 1925, at 89 Lower Baggot street, Lily (nee Casey), wife of Alfred E. MacKenzie, of a son.

MULLEN—April 22, 1925, at Portumna, County Galway, to Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Mullen, Customs and Excise, a daughter.

STORAH—April 24, 1925, at 12 The Crescent, Monkstown, to Mr. and Mrs. C. Storah, a son.

MARRIAGES.

LONEY and COULTER—April 15, 1925, in London, Will Hilliam, second son of the late Henry Loney, of Sydney, N.S.W., to Aimee Isabel Mackintosh, youngest daughter of the late John Allen Coulter, Ballina, County Mayo, Ireland.

MYERS and DESMOND—April 15, 1925, at St. Michael's Church, Dun Laoghaire, (with Nuptial Mass), by the Rev. Patrick J. Lyons, C.C., James Joseph, sixth son of the late James and Mrs. Myers, Snr. Island, Clontarf, to Bridget, second daughter of the late John Desmond, Ballinagarrane, Clonmel, and Mrs. Desmond.

POTTERTON and PRESTON—April 17, 1925, at St. Barthlomew's Church, Clyde road, Dublin, by the Rev. Neil Warnock, assisted by the Rev. Walter Simpson, Henry Norman Potterton, eldest surviving son of William Potterton and Mrs. Potterton, of 5 Palmerston Park, Dublin, and "Ereffane," Laracor, County Meath, to Rita Kathleen, younger daughter of F. Scott Preston and Mrs. Preston, Hauteville House, Monchampton road, Dublin.

DEATHS.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this column will be found on Page 6.

BUTTERLY—April 27, 1925, at her residence, 12 Shaw street, Mary, beloved wife of John Butterly, R.I.P. Funeral from St. Andrew's, Westland Row, to-day (Wednesday) at 2 o'clock for Kilbarrack Cemetery.

CONDREN—April 26, 1925, at his residence, Lower Main street, Arklow, Daniel Condren, auctioneer. Sacred Heart of Jesus, have mercy upon his soul. Remains will be removed to Catholic Church this (Wednesday) evening at 8.30 o'clock. Office and High Mass to-morrow (Thursday) morning at 11 o'clock. Funeral at 12.30 to New Cemetery. No flowers.

COX—April 28, 1925, at 9 Percy terrace, Waterford, Harriett A., daughter of late James T. Cox, Waterford. Funeral at 2 o'clock to-morrow (Thursday) for the Cemetery, Waterford.

GARDNER—April 28, 1925, at the residence of her son, W. Boyd Gardner, M.R.C.V.S., 33 High street, Ballymena, County Antrim, Jane Boyd, widow of the late Samuel Gardner, Kirkinriola. Deeply regretted. Funeral at 3 o'clock to-morrow (Thursday, the 30th), to the family burying ground, Kirkinriola.

HALPIN—April 27, 1925, at his residence, Nobber, Thomas Halpin. Deeply regretted by his sorrowing wife, children, friends and neighbours. Funeral from St. John's Church to Nobber Cemetery to-day (Wednesday), 29th inst., at 3 o'clock (old style).

HOLMES—April 16, 1925, at Bangalore, India, suddenly John Bernard, eldest son of the late Colonel J. B. L. Holmes, M.A., D.Sc., I.M.S., and Mrs. Holmes Barnes, London, grandson of the late Rev. John Holmes, Tipperary.

KEARNEY—April 27, 1925, at St. Vincent's Hospital, James, the only son of Martin and the late Susan Kearney, Butterfield Lane, Rathfarnham. Deeply regretted by his sorrowing father and sisters. R.I.P. Funeral this (Wednesday) morning from Church of the Annunciation, Rathfarnham, after 10 o'clock Mass.

OUGHTON—April 14, 1925, at Dwight, Illinois, John Richard, eldest son of the late J. R. Oughton, of Clonmel. Very deeply regretted.

REEVES—Monday, April 27, 1925, at 6.45 p.m., in hospital, John Henry Reeves, late of P.O. Stores Department, Aldborough House, and 86 S.C. road, Kilmainham. Deeply mourned by sorrowing wife and family. Funeral at Mount Jerome 11 a.m. to-day (Wednesday).

RUTHERFORD—April 28, 1925, at her son's residence, Wyngates, Stranmillis road, Belfast, Jane Rutherford, beloved wife of Thomas Rutherford, of Moorefield, Manorhamilton. Funeral 2.45 p.m. to-morrow (Thursday), 30th April, from Railway Station, Manorhamilton.

SAUNDERS-KNOX-GORE—April 22, 1925, at Bath, Colonel William Arthur Gore Saunders-Knox-Gore (late Royal Artillery), O.B.E., D.L., J.P., of Belleek Manor, Ballina, County Mayo, aged 70.

SMYTH—At his residence, 2 Cambridge terrace, Leeson Park, John A. E. Smyth. Funeral strictly private. No flowers, by request.

VERSCHOYLE—April 18, 1925, suddenly, from heart failure, at Chateau de la Garde, Geronce Passes, Pyrenees, Eleanor Hutchinson Stratford, wife of Ainslie H. Verschoyle.

WILSON—April 27, 1925, at his residence, Doncaster, in his 80th year, after a long illness, Alexander Christy Wilson, M.D., J.P.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

The family of the late **Mrs. Kinch**, Charlemont avenue, Kingstown, desire to thank most sincerely the many kind friends who sympathised with them in their recent sorrow

IN MEMORIAM.

DOLAN—Second Anniversary—In ever-loving memory of Mrs. Alice Dolan, who died 29th April, 1923, at Belgrove, Clontarf. Sacred Heart of Jesus, have mercy on her.

KNOX—In affectionate memory of Francis William White Knox, second son of the late F. W. White Knox, Kilmanock, Campile, County Wexford, and the late Mrs. A. C. Knox, Waverley Villa, Bray; grandson of the late Maurice White Knox, J.P., Kilmanock, and the late George H. Hudson, J.P., Templecarrig, Bray; Mount Slaney, County Wicklow; Castlecuilleery, Dunlavin; and 46 Mountjoy square, South, Dublin, formerly High Sheriff for County Wicklow; and great-grandson of Hunter O'Reilly, Captain, 5th Dragoon Guards, Kilquade, County Wicklow.

WHEELER—Fourth Anniversary—In fond and loving memory of George Wheeler, Solicitor, 100 St. Lawrence road, Clontarf, who died April 29th, 1921. Inserted by his wife and loving children.

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FUNERAL AND CARRIAGE ESTABLISHMENT, Lombard street (Westland Row). Coffins, Hearses and Every Requisite. Economy and Punctuality.

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The Irish Times is due to arrive in Belfast at 9.10 a.m. If it is not delivered within a reasonable time please communicate with our Branch Office, 159 Royal Avenue.

EVENTS IN IRELAND are fully summarised in the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES," with illustrations. 24d to Overseas.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO SOLICITORS AND OTHERS.
ANYONE having, or who can give, information as to the whereabouts of the Will of the late James Henry Farrell, formerly an Official in the Dublin Corporation and late of "Uisneach," Westfield road, Marsh's Cross, and who died on the 20th April, 1925, will kindly communicate with W. G. BRADLEY and SONS, Solicitors, 11 Lower Ormond quay, Dublin.

£2,000 TO Lend on Mortgage of first-class Property in Dublin showing substantial margin. Apply M 382, this office.

51 LOWER LESSON STREET (facing Fitzwilliam place)—Handsome Residence for Sale, with Possession. Held for ever, subject to nominal rent and low valuation. For further particulars apply to FREDERICK CROSKERRY and SON, Solicitors, 20 Lower Ormond quay, Dublin.

MODERN 10-room House, on Little Sugar Loaf, to Let, Furnished; Kilmacanogue (Post), 1 mile; charming views; excellent water bath, h. and c.; garage. Rent moderate.—M 356, this office.

SELF privately, £21, Ground Rent well-secured City Premises; offers.—M 349, this office.

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THE MANAGER.

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BATTERSBY and CO., Auctioneers,
30 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.

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LIVE on the Shannon for a month or two in the summer. Two hundred miles smooth water cruising, lovely scenery, fishing, bathing, etc. To let, a Large Motor Yacht; four cabins (two berths), saloon, bathroom (h. and c.), kitchen, forecastle, roomy deck; available early in June. For particulars apply "Z 4025, Shannon," this office.

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All thicknesses and sizes in stock. Rounding and Polishing of exposed edges quickly executed in our workshops.
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BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR BOYS.
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The Sanitary Arrangements are Perfect.
The House is fitted up with Central Heating and Lighted by Electric Light.
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For Boys under 14 years of age on 1st August, 1925, tenable for three years, at their Grammar Schools.
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Entrance Forms must be lodged with the Registrar on or before the 20th of May next.
Entrance Forms and full particulars may be had on application to
ARTHUR L. B. MOORE, Registrar,
40 Harcourt street, Dublin.

ST. MARGARET'S HALL,
MESPIL ROAD, DUBLIN.
ABOVE SCHOOL RE-OPENED TUESDAY, APRIL 28th
Prospectus and all particulars, apply to The Principal:
Miss EDITH F. BADHAM, LL.D.

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BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
Kindergarten Department under fully certificated Kindergarten Mistress.
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Masters, J. and J. Paton, having an up-to-date knowledge of the best Schools and Tutors in the United Kingdom and on the Continent, will be pleased to aid parents by sending (free of charge) Prospectuses and Trustworthy Information.
The age of the pupil, district preferred, and rough idea of fees should be given.
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The Irish Times.

SPECIAL EXTRA

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FORD TAXI as passed by Commissioner of Police for Public Hire. Price (less petrol) approx. £265. Delivery six weeks. All particulars, terms, etc., AUTOCARS IRELAND LTD., Authorised Ford Dealers, 19 Chatham street.

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In addition to the Main Hospital in James's street, the Governors have Branch Establishments at St. Edmundsbury, Lucan, standing in a Demesne of 200 acres, and provided with every facility for the Curative Treatment of Mental Cases.
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INSTRUCTIONS.
Write your joke on the back of a Postcard (1d. Postage). Write your name and address clearly at top of joke. Send the Postcard to us not later than 14th May, 1925. Results will be announced not later than 21st May, 1925. Our decision must be accepted as final and binding.
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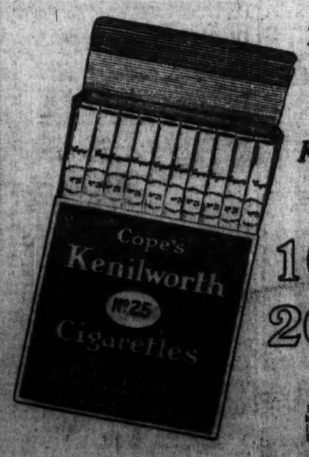

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AGENTS Calcott, 10/20 2 Seater, £295; 12/24 4/5 Seater, £450; delivery free Dublin.—Watson, Trinity street Garage. 7

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A SUNBEAM stamp finishes a good prize.—Lincoln and Nolan, Ltd., 57-58 Lower Sheriff street, Dublin. Distributors in Irish Free State Y

LAND'S END TRIAL.
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A BEAUTIFUL 11 h.p. Riley for Sale; nearly new. Sanderson and Sons, Lower Dominick street. 27 E

A MAXWELL Touring Car for Sale, shop soiled; never used on road; bargain.—Sanderson, 54 Lower Dominick street, Dublin.

A MAXWELL Touring Car for Sale; all weather; splendid condition; owner driven; tax paid 31st December; any trial.—M 327, this office. 26 F

A. O. 1920-21 2 Seater, dickey, excellent condition, well cared, bargain £125.—M 586, this office. 27 F

BEAN, 11-9, Four seater, late 1923 model, in beautiful condition; price £200.—The Automobile Garage, Lower street (off Grafton street).

BUICK 1923 18 h.p. 5 Seater, in splendid condition; any trial; bargain for quick sale.—M 166, this office. 24 C

BABY Peugeot, 2 Seater, splendid condition, £55. Address "Z 4020, Motor," this office. 28 F

B.A.C., 1923, Two Seater, and dickey, dynamo and starter, £100; Ford Coupe, 1923, demountable rims, self starter, £100; Singer Two Seater, dynamo lighting, £55; Chevrolet, 1921, dynamo and starter, £65; Oakland Five Seater, 1923, £200.—Fitzgerald, 126 Stephen's Green. 28 F

DODGE 4/5 Seater Touring Car, 17/24 h.p.; registered May 4th, 1923; self starter, mechanically sound and in perfect running order, has been little used, handled by very careful driver; price £145 to prompt purchaser; any trial given. Apply Office, Four Courts Hotel. 26 C

FOR all Motor Body Work and Painting.—The City Wheel and Carriage Works, Ltd., Great Brunswick street, Dublin. 10 T

FOR Sale, 1924 Standard 4 Seater, all weather body, 11-4 h.p., mileage about 6,000; in good condition, and has been very carefully driven.—K 1946, this office. 24 C

FORD Cars, open and covered; Trucks, Vans and Tractors can be supplied from stock. Cash or Easy Payments.—Hall and J. Dawson, Mosney. 26 F

FOR Sale, De Dion Two Seater, good running order; first £20.—B G 1963, Irish Times Branch Office, Bathurst.

HUPMOBILE for Sale, in good order; a bargain.—Sanderson and Sons, Lower Dominick street. 27 E

LANDALETTE, 1924, Chevrolet, almost as new, low mileage, owner cured and driven; London coachwork; first class condition throughout; price £253.—Rev. Long, Ballytore, Co. Kildare. 24 C

MORRIS Oxford 1925 Four-Seater, six wheels, and hardly has sun had its say; cover, driven; £190; seen by appointment.—72 Merrion road, Terenure. 27 E

MORRIS Cowley, 1924, Four Seater; electric lighting and starting; in perfect order; any trial or examination.—Buckley's Motors, 34 Lower Abbey street. 28 F

MAXWELL Sports, 1924, excellent order; trial; last offer.—Kilmainham Rectory, Gorey. 28 F

MOTOR Repairers, owners' garages, hall chop prices; high class finish.—M 372, this office. 28 F

MORRIS Cowley Two Seater, 1924, owner driven; tax paid December; practically new.—M 404, this office.

OAKLAND 2-3 Seater, six cylinder, perfect condition, unmarked, new hood; £130.—M 6, this office. 24 C

ROVER 8 h.p. Two Seater, privately owned and driven; offers examined on and trial in Dublin; bargain.—M 389, this office 23 F

SUNBEAM 1922 Tourer, 14/40 h.p.; good condition.—Apply Rosetti, South King street, Dublin. 24 C

STUDEBAKER, in splendid running condition; best offer accepted. Apply 34 Mountshannon road, Kilmainham. 27 E

STANDARD Four Seater, splendid order; trial invited.—Paton's Garage, Meopir road 27

VULCAN 16 h.p. 6 Seater Touring, 1922 model, perfect condition, £290. Seen Lynch's Engineering Works, Rathgar; phone, 246 Rathmines 27

VULCAN 12 h.p. Car, 1923, Four Seater; owner driven; perfect condition; £250 for quick sale. Address "Z 3968, Motor," this office. 27

WOLSELEY Two Seater, with Dickey, de Luxe pattern. Motor Car for Sale; in perfect condition; subject to any examination, test or trial; owner driven; can be seen anytime by appointment.—K 1938, this office. 24

WOLSELEY Landaulette, good order; suit private hire.—Central Garage, 7 Upper Stephen street. 26 F

6 CYLINDER Buick Car, 1923 Majestic Special 6 Model for Sale, excellent condition; any trial; price £250. Apply W. Thorpe, Sorrentoville, Dalkey, Co. Dublin. 28 F

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WANTED.

MOTOR Mechanic (Midland).—Thoroughly reliable all round man; able to locate faults quickly; undertake overhauls; only first class man need apply; wages, testimonials, age. Address "Z 4037, Mechanic," this office. 28 F

WANTED, experienced Chauffeur; domesticated; car Talbot.—M 199, this office. 27 C

DISENGAGED.

CHAUFFEUR—Young Man wants situation as Motor Driver, capable of doing all running repairs; also make himself generally useful. Address "Z 4014 Chauffeur," this office. 26 F

CHAUFFEUR, married, I.C., seeks situation; long experience different makes; handy about garage; man's place; please state terms.—Robert Grant, Belmont, Offaly. 27 E

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MANCHESTER—24 Market Place .....City 3084.
GLASGOW—54 Gordon street .....Central 84.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST, on Saturday night, between Marlborough road and Milltown Village, Roll of Office Papers, with small book of Engineering Tables enclosed. Finder rewarded by returning to Bushell and Mallett, 2 Clare street. 27 E

LOST, Tuesday, 28, Bank Book, containing large sum of money; finder is requested to return to Gaiety Theatre. Reward.

LOST, Sunday, 26th, between Bushy Park road and Terenure tram terminus, Silver Waltham Watch, bearing initials "E.C." Reward offered at "Wyvern," Bushy Park road.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

IRISH MOTORISTS' UNION.
CAPABLE ORGANISERS WANTED, THREE SMART, ENERGETIC MEN OF ABILITY AND EXPERIENCE CAN FIND WORK ON CLOSE WRITTEN APPLICATIONS, AGE AND REFERENCES TO SECRETARY, I.M.U., 21 DAWSON ST., DUBLIN. 27 E

AUTHORISED Ford Dealer, West, requires energetic road Salesman; state experience and salary. Address "Z 4055, Salesman," this office. 6 29

CLERICAL Home Work—£5 weekly easily earned. Enclose envelope. T. Beresford, 7 Earl street, London, E.C. 6

CLIFF Auctioneering Firm require Man capable of taking charge; would consider partnership.—M 358, this office. 28 F

MOTOR CARS CONTINUED.

10 H.P. 1921 Singer Coupe, self starter and lighting; new battery, tyres, tubed; any trial; £110 or nearest.—M 237, this office. 27 E

1919 SUNBEAM for Sale, 16 h.p. 5 seater Touring Car, electric light and self starter, in first-class condition; private owner; any trial; £295 or nearest offer. 30

1920 10 H.P. 1921 Singer Coupe, self starter and lighting; new battery, tyres, tubed; any trial; £110 or nearest.—M 237, this office. 27 E

1919 SUNBEAM for Sale, 16 h.p. 5 seater Touring Car, electric light and self starter, in first-class condition; private owner; any trial; £295 or nearest offer. 30

1920 10 H.P. 1921 Singer Coupe, self starter and lighting; new battery, tyres, tubed; any trial; £110 or nearest.—M 237, this office. 27 E

MALES, CONTINUED FROM PAGE 2.

GENERAL Man, disengaged; good vegetable grower; of rare motor, horses, etc.; married, low charges.—Howker's Agency, Limerick. 26 E

GROOM, experienced useful man, understands pony. Good old stamp; plain gardening; highest reference. Address "Z 4023, Groom," this office. 27 E

GENERAL Farm Hand, single, R.C., drive horse, milk, knowledge stock; state terms.—M 383, this office. 27 C

GAMEKEEPER, the experience, game, dogs, rabbit and vermin killing; good fisherman; Protestant, married Address "Z 4051, Gamekeeper," this office. 28 F

MAN Servant, experienced housework, motor and horses, reasonably useful, gentleman's place.—M 315, this office. 27 E

MAN wishing to leave of position as General Tailor; good cutter; well recommended; state age of county preferred. Apply Fitzgerald, Lucan. 27 C

YARDMAN; good milker, cold water; State dairy, branch Clerkship; R.C.; no family.—M 108, this office. 25 D

YARD, General Man seeks situation; milking; recommended; state terms.—M 371, this office. 28 F

STEWARDS AND GARDENERS DISENGAGED

GARDENER seeks situation; understands all fruit and vegetables; married; Dublin or suburbs preferred.—M 92, this office. 25 E

GARDENER disengaged; highly recommended; 8 years last place; state terms.—489, Irish Times Branch Office, Blackrock. 27 E

GARDENER Wants 5 or 4 days' work; recommended.—488, Irish Times Branch Office, Blackrock. 27 C

GENTLEMAN highly recommends good Gardener, of understanding character, all branches; married, no family.—473, Irish Times Branch Office, Bagot street Bridge. 28 D

STEWARD Gardener desires engagement in County Dublin; first class testimonials and references. Apply M 229, this office. 27 E

WANTED, position as Land Steward; married, Protestant; understands all farm work, buying and selling of cattle, the management of men and working of all farm machinery; Sob 179, good Ploughman and milker.—Box 1557, Irish Times Branch Office, Dalkey. 27 C

DOMESTICS WANTED.

CLEAN, smart Woman Wanted for cleaning and cooking. Apply 2 Dawson, street. 28 F

GENERAL Help (Protestant) wishes situation plain family, daily or indoor.—M 393, this office.

WANTED, strong young girl as Help for farm house, willing to be trained, near Newtownards, County Down; reference. Apply by letter, M., 98 Donaghadee road, Belfast.

WANTED, respectable Caretaker (L.C.) for Lough Lynn, County Leitrim; able do plain cooking, dairy, and mend linen. Send copies references to Mrs. Clements, Killadoon, Celbridge. 28 D

VACANCIES FOR SERVANTS.

There are many vacancies in the REGISTRY of the Irish Times for all classes of Trained and Untrained Servants. Good wages offered. No fees charged. MATRON can recommend comfortable Hostels where Servants can stay while waiting for situations.

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS WANTED

CAN Lady recommend good Cook General; South Dublin; family reduced; son becoming boarder; small House parlourmaid kept; good cooking essential.—M 408, this office. 27 E

GOOD Cook recommends Situation to country; family 3; servants kept; family 4; wages £50-£40; state age and send copies discharges; Mrs. B., Red Lion, Blackrock. 27 C

GOOD Cook, County Dublin; Protestant.—Y.W.C.A. Employment Agency, 64 Lower Bagot street. 28 D

PLAIN Cook Wanted for County Limerick; must be good housework; no other Servants kept; very good wages to suitable person. Address "F 3970, Cook," this office. 25 F

WANTED, Cook Housekeeper for priest's house in country town; two priests resident; must be good cook, experienced housekeeper, cleanly and punctual. Address "Z 3927, Cook General," this office. 24 C

WANTED, thoroughly experienced Cook (Protestant) for two in family; sun dept., sitting rm. kept; terms, enclose copies. "Z 3968, Cook General," this office. 25 D

WANTED, good Cook General; satisfactory papers. Apply by letter only to Mrs. Plunkett, 10 Hyde Park terrace, Esplanade, Bray. 25 D

WANTED, good Cook and an experienced House and Parlourmaid; apply Mrs. Hunt, Killara, Kilkenny. 28 F

WANTED, very good Cook General; well recommended. Call or send copies to Mrs. Tuthill, Vesey place, Kingstown. 28 D

WANTED immediately, experienced Plain Cook, young, single handed; country house; two in family; Waterford. Address "Z 4084, Cook," this office. 28 D

WANTED, for County Galway, good Cook General; family three; small washing; experienced. Address "Z 4040, Cook," this office. 28 D

WANTED, for Kingstown, early May, good Cook General; unfurnished flat; three in family. Apply M 102, this office. 25 E

WANTED, superior Cook Housekeeper, Co. Meath; small dairy; R.C.; good wages. Interview Irish Times Registry Office, Friday at one o'clock. 28 E

WANTED, young General for London.—60 Grosvenor road, Rathmines. 28 F

WANTED, experienced Cook, two in family; help given; four maids; £36 year; state reference.—Mrs. Ashford, Co. Wicklow. 28 F

DOMESTICS CONTINUED.

HOUSEKEEPER (experienced), or Housemaid, small family, excellent reference.—M 309, this office. 27 E

LADY highly recommends good Daily Worker; excellent laundress; scrubbing.—M 351, this office.

LADY, can recommend active, agreeable Girl for housework or washing.—R. O 1961, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

WOMAN seeks Daily Work or Office Cleaning.—M 313, this office.

YOUNG Girl seeks daily work in city; good references.—M 311, this office. 28 F

YOUNG Woman seeks daily work, city; good references.—M 302, this office.

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS DISENGAGED

COOK Housekeeper to old lady and gentleman; excellent references; or few gentlemen.—M 145, this office.

COOK, stay-landed; good papers; highly recommended; disengaged; temporary, permanent.—M 377, this office.

EXPERIENCED Cook or Cook General disengaged 31st May 14th.—3 Waterloo road. 26 D

GENTLEMAN highly recommends Working Housekeeper; first-rate cook, carve; also Girl, 16 years; useful help or waitress; Dublin or near.—M 194, this office. 27 E

GOOD Plain Cook; well recommended; private or business house.—M 295, this office. 28 D

GOOD Cook General, business house or private; good papers.—M 316, this office.

GOOD Cook General; country, suburbs; excellent papers; country girl.—M 317, this office.

YOUNG country Girl wishes situation, city or country or suburbs; would go Cook General; understands all housework, cooking, dairy, and housemaid's work; can be well recommended; R.C.; good experience. Address "Z 4033, Cook General," this office.

GENERALS DISENGAGED

A YOUNG General seeks place; good references.—M 289, this office.

DAILY General, disengaged; recommended for laundry, cooking, washing.—M 315, this office.

EXPERIENCED Girl wishes situation as General; well recommended.—Josey Donovan, Leixlip. 27 E

GENERAL in small family; North side preferred; good references.—M 398, this office. 28 D

GOOD General, disengaged; city preferred; highly recommended.—M 36, this office. 28 D

RESPECTABLE daily General seeks place, city; good references.—M 314, this office.

SUPERIOR General, good plain cook; best references; disengaged 4th May.—M 306, this office. 28 F

YOUNG General wants situation; small family, small washing.—M 325, this office.

YOUNG General disengaged; experienced; good papers.—M 312, this office.

YOUNG General wishes situation in small family; can be well recommended. Address "Z 4039, Girl," this office. 28 C

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS DISENGAGED

AN experienced House Parlourmaid or Housemaid.—M. Fields, Cooleck, Vi. 28

EXPERIENCED Head Housemaid, excellent needlewoman, disengaged 1st May; well recommended. Address "Z 4006, Maid," this office. 27 E

HOUSEMAID or General; small family; good references. Address "Z 4041, Maid," this office.

HOUSE Parlourmaid disengaged; highly recommended.—M 405, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot street Bridge.

HOUSEMAID, experienced, disengaged soon; R.C. Address Housemaid, Tynan Abbey, Co. Armagh. 24 C

RESPECTABLE country Girl, aged 17 years, situation House Parlourmaid, to be trained; well recommended. Address "Z 4016, Girl," this office.

RESPECTABLE young country Girl seeks situation as housemaid; good plain cook; well recommended. Address "Z 4042, Maid," this office. 28 F

NURSES DISENGAGED

A LADY anxious recommend good Nurse; good papers; go country. Seen 12 Duke street.

CHILDREN'S Maid or Nurse Parlourmaid; good references; disengaged.—Sheila Conway, 7 Lifford street, Inchicore.

LADY highly recommends thoroughly experienced Nurse, R.C.—M 387, this office.

NURSE Housemaid or Nurse; fond of children; handsome, sewing, generally useful; recommended; references; Pembroke or Rathmines.—M 300, this office.

REFINED young Lady (R.C.) would care baby; city or suburbs; well recommended.—M 337, this office.

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BETTER Results !!! Plant superior fruit and flowering trees, shrubs, roses. For sizes, try Cranfield's Nurseries, Dublin.

BIG "Waved Gigantic Sweet Pea" Plants, glorious assortment, 500 3/3, 50 doz 1/6; free.—Duggan, Mills.

BUSHY Wallflowers, showing buds, eight colours, 50 for 2/-, 100 3/6; Antirrhinum, Forget-me-Not, 25 2/-.—Mills.

BRIGHT Orange Chrysanthemum 12 1/3; Bunny Cabbage, 100 5/; 50 3/3, 12 4/-.—Mills.

BORDER Chrysanthemums, 6 different 2/6, 12 4/6, set six yellow, pure white.—Mills, Stranorlar.

BEAUTIFUL New Genus, "Lady Stonthouse," golden yellow flowers on 2' stems, splendid cut flower, 1/- each, 6/- doz; Pentstemon, giant cut, 6 for 1/6 free.—Mills, Terenure, Dublin.

B.—DOUBLE White Arabis (showing flowers), 6 1/3, 12 5/6; Fragrant Auriculas (Dusty Miller), 6 1/3, 12 5/-; free.—Mills.

B.—SELECTED Vegetables, Cabbage Plants, "Early Spring" (Sutton's), 100 1/6, 500 6/6; "Nonpareil," 100 1/9, 300 4/6, 500 7/6, free.—Mills, Terenure, Dublin.

BRUSSELS Sprouts,"—" Cabbage Lettuce, "Giant Cos," Leek Onions," "London Cauliflowers, 100 2/6, 200 4/6, 400 7/6, free.—Mills, Terenure, Dublin.

BUMPER Tomato Plants," magnificent hardy fruiting stuff, from pots 4/6 dozen; fine, open-grown plants, 2/9 dozen.—Mills, Terenure, Dublin.

BORDER Violas," exhibition shades, flower now till Christmas, 12 2/-, 50 7/6, free.—Mills.

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CHOICE Mixed Double Pinks; Bearsall, Allen Chain, Sunrise, from pots, packed in boxes, dozen 5/-; free boxes, dozen 2/6. free.—Duggan, Nurseries, Carlow.

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CHOICEST Scarlet Genus, 3 1/3, 6 2/-; Aquilegia, nature's long spurred, 12 2/-; Hollyhocks, Double or Giant Single, 6 2/-, 12 3/6.—Duggan, Carlow. 24 C

CHOICEST Sweet Williams, Double, Pink or Auricula Eye, 12 2/-, 24 3/6, free.—Duggan, Carlow. 24 C

CHOICEST Cabbage Plants, Offenham, First and Best, Flower of Spring, Enkfield, 100 1/6, 500 6/6.—Duggan, Carlow 24 C

CARRIAGE Plants, excellent, 8/- 1,000; Cauliflower 2/6 100, Parsley, 1/- dozen.—Thornton, Nurseries, Co. Wicklow. 26 D

DOUBLE Pinks, Primroses Madame Pompadour, 24 dozen, free.—Rhone Nurvis, Newtown, Trumbolds.

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LOVELY Daisy Alice, 3/- dozen; Bubble Cardinella, 3/- dozen; post 6d.—Lady Butler, Clifden. 24 C

MACKEY'S Finest Lawn Grass Seed, sow now; the best lawns are made from seed; 1lb. will sow 50 square yards; 2/6 per lb., postage 6d.; 4 secret mixture 2/-; per lb., postage 6d. 9 22

MACKEY'S Lawn Fertiliser improves surface of lawns and grass plots; use 4lb. per square yard; 7lb. bags 2/6, postage 1/-.

MACKEY'S Seeds.—Send for Cabbage, Turnip, Mangel, Kohlrabi, Parsnip, Carrot, Onion, Radish, Lettuce, Beet, Kale, Savoy, Scarlet Runner, The Star, all sizes stocked; price list (illustrated) on request.—Sir James H. Mackey, Ltd., Seedsmen, 53 Upper O'Connell street, Dublin. 9 22

MANGEL.—Exchange Yellow Globe, best in existence, 1.5 lb. 14lbs. 16.6.—Williamson, Corn Exchange, Dublin.

POWER, WATERFORD

POWER'S Cabbage Seed—Improved Nonpareil, Giant Vallo Favourite, Irish Victor, and Killam's Early 1/4 Flat; per pkt. 1/-, per oz. 3/6; Power's Prize Defiance, Mein's No. 1, and Christmas Drumhead, 1/-; Defiance Marrow, 1/-; Champion Drumhead and Flat Dutch, 9d. oz.; Drumhead Savoy, 1/6d. oz; per ounce, post free; special quotation per lb.

POWER'S Penzance Cauliflower—Winter Beauty, 1s. 3/-, packet 1/-; Early White, Mid-season, Favourite Late, Mammoth, 1/- packet; per ounce, post free; special quotation per lb.

POWER'S Dwarf French Beans, pint 1/9, 2/-, 2/3 and 2/6; Runner Beans, pint 2/- and 2/3; Giant stone Pea, pint 1/9

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PEA Stakes, trankly cut, 15/- 100 delivered 1 9/-; 1,000 £7/10/-.—Pemkin's Nurseries 24 C

PLANT now Tomato, extra strong Carter's Sunrise, Alice Ogg, Kinding Red, from pots, 100 2/9, 12 4/6; strong Tomato plants, 100 2/9; Dwarf Dwarfer Plants, 3 2/8, carriage free.—Power, Dalkey, Dublin.

PLANT now for immediate display—St. Bridget Anemones, Canterbury Bells, Poluanthus, Sweet Williams, Double White Chive Pinks, Choice Pansies, Choice Vickes, 1/6 per dozen; Giant Double White or Crimson Daisy, Dwarf Blue Scabious, Crimson or Yellow Wallflowers, Giant Violets, 1/- dozen, 100 assorted 5/6, post free.—Power, Carlow. 24 C

PRIMROSES, double mauve and white, Blue Polyanthus, 3/- dozen.—O'Grady, Kilmoe, Skibbereen. 27 E

PRIMROSES, Deep Burgundy and Red, Polyanthus and Pink Daisies, 2/6 dozen.—Mrs. Grimshaw, Wicklow.

SPLENDID Auricular 5/-, Polyantilas 4/-, Lupins 4/-, Arabis (variegated) 2/-, Violas (autumn struck) 2/-, Pinks (Mrs. Sinkins, white) 2/-, Sweet Williams (moss) Rose 2/6, Canterbury Bells 1/6, Sweet Williams (mixed) 1/6, Bleeding Heart 1/6, Hepatica (mixed) 1/6, Bleeding Heart 1/6, Hepatica (mixed) 1/6, Blanchers Hybrids 1/6, Aubrietia 1/6, Arkwoodii Pinks, newest varieties, 10/-, Hyacinthus Candicans 3/3, Forget-Me-Not (Dark Blue 1/-, full description first free; all per dozen; strong plants; part postage 6d. extra; £1 worth free.—Canon Patten, Fethard, Co. Tipperary.

SWEET Peas, grand well hardened plants, 12 mixed 1/-, 12 to colour 1/3; postage 6d.; collection 100 plants in 10 choice varieties 2/-.—Canon Patten, Fethard, Co. Tipperary. 7 C

SWEDE—Exchange Purple Top, 1/3 lb., 14lbs. 16/6; unsurpassed in any size.—Williamson, Corn Exchange, Dublin.

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TOMATO Plants, extra strong, all kinds, Sutton's seeds, 5/6 per dozen, 22/6 per 100.—Mr. Chaney, Carrigtwohill, Adamstown, R.S.O., Co. Wexford. 24 C

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A1 Ballycarron, Jenkinstown, Kilkenny—Fine Cross Leghorn and Wyandotte Eggs, 3/- dozen, free. 24 C

A SETTING of Wyandottes or Leghorns (Cushnough) for 4/-.—Mrs Gray, Lakelands, Templeogue, road, Terenure. 24 C

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BLACK Minorca Hatching Eggs (Hunter's strain), 5/6 dozen; rail free.—Pattigo, Ballybrophy. 25 D

BROADCASTING to Farmers—Khaki Campbell Duck Eggs, Silver-Grey and Cuckoo Orpington, every day layers, 5/6 dozen; Barnevelder (double breast), Shimmer's strain, great winter layers, 7/6; Rhode, Ancona, W. Leghorn, Reade, 5/6; pedigree layers; thirty-third season.—Manager, Ballytrasna, Ferrycarrig. 25 D

BROODY Hens—Buttercup White Leghorn Eggs (Cushnough direct), 4/-; winter layers.—Mrs. Wallace, 1 Lakelands Park, Templeogue road, Terenure. 27 E

BROODY Rhode Island Hen for Sale. 5/-.—29 Marlborough road, Glasnevin.

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CHICKS, 50/- dozen; White Leghorns, Colour, two weeks old.—Mrs. Quaid, Kinsaley, Co. Dublin, near G.S.R. station; if required.—At Manor House Cross Stores, Swords. 24 C

CHICKS—11 White Leghorns, 2 weeks, 18/-; with Hen, 24/-.—Tyrrell, Ardmore, Malahide.

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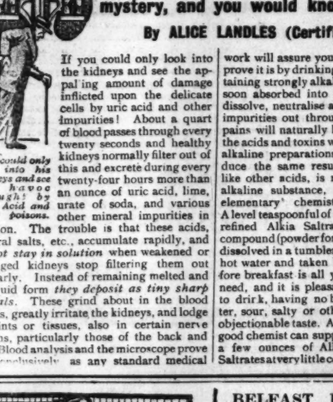

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If you could only look into the kidneys and see the appalling amount of damage inflicted upon the delicate cells by uric acid and other impurities! About a quart of blood passes through every twenty seconds and healthy kidneys normally filter out of this and excrete during the hours more than an ounce of uric acid, lime, urate of soda, and various other mineral impurities in solution. The trouble is that these acids, mineral salts, etc., accumulate rapidly, and *do not stay in solution* when weakened or deranged kidneys are allowing them to ooze out instead of remaining melted and in liquid form *they deposit as tiny sharp crystals*. These grind about in the blood vessels, greatly irritate the kidneys, and lodge in joints or tissues, also in certain nerve sheaths, particularly those of the back and legs. Blood analysis and the microscope prove conclusively as any standard medical work will assure you. A still better way to prove it is by drinking a medicinal water containing strongly alkaline elements which are soon absorbed into the blood and quickly dissolve, neutralise and wash the acids and impurities out through the kidneys. The pains will naturally have to disappear with the acids and toxins which cause them. Non-alkaline preparations cannot possibly produce the same results, because uric acid, like other acids, is neutralised only by an alkaline substance, this of course being elementary chemistry.

If we could only look into his kidneys and see the havoc wrought by Uric Acid and other poisons.

A level teaspoonful of the refined Alkia Saltrates compound (powder form) dissolved in a tumbler of hot water and taken before breakfast is all you need, and it is pleasant to drink, having no bitter, sour, salty or other objectionable taste. Any good chemist can supply a few ounces of Alkia Saltrates at very little cost

Mackintosh's Toffee de Luxe

You can get the "Smiles" Chocolate-coated too! Ask for Mackintosh's CHOCOLATE Toffee de Luxe

"ROK" ROOFING

A superior self-finished Roofing for permanent buildings. Rok" is cheaper than slates or tiles. Withstands conditions which cannot be withstood by ordinary Roofings. Economical in first cost and maintenance. Specified by all leading *Shipbuilders, Railways, and Ironworks.*

Made in 4 weights, in rolls 72 yds. by 1 yd.

Write for FREE SAMPLES.

R. ANDERSON & SON, Ltd., Lagan Felt Works, Belfast; Park Felt Works, Shettleston, Glasgow; Rosslyn Rd. Works Old Ford, London, E.3.

DUBLIN AND THE PROVINCES.

DUBLIN:

Band in Phœnix Park.—Next Sunday the No. 1 Army Band, conducted by Colonel Fritz Brase, will give a public performance in the Phœnix Park, Dublin. The programme will be as follows:—Preludes and Chorus and Fugue in G minor (Bach); Overture to "The Flying Dutchman" (Wagner); Salome's Dance (Strauss); Irish Fantasia, No. 3 (Fritz Brase); Jupiter, from "The Planets." (Gustav Holst); Grand Fantasia, from "Siegfried" (Wagner); Festival at Bagdad, from "Scharasade Suite" (N. Rimsky-Korsakov); Songs of the Gael (Walton O'Donnell); and the 1812 Overture (Tschaikowsky).

Tortoises for the Children.—Live tortoises were offered for sale from a stall in Dublin yesterday. The vendor's business announcement stated that the tortoises were tame, would clear gardens of pests, and were useful as playthings for the children.

PASSENGERS BY B. AND I. LINE, VIA LIVERPOOL.

ARRIVALS—Vice-Admiral E. F. Bruen, J. Jackson, T. Richards, S. Davy, Miss Jackson, T. Wilson, Mrs. Marriott, T. Collinson, A. H. Cox, R. Johnston, R. Whittaker, S. Street, R. Chisholm, R. Dickinson, B. Corbally, G. Burns, Dr. H. Birney, Miss Brownhill, T. Briggs, Dr. Black, Dr. Dickson, Miss H. Fraser, Dr. Rankin, Mr. and Mrs. James Watson, Mrs. Tattersall, Mrs. Sheridan, A. Miller, T. Maloney, W. Douglas, Mrs. Hemsworth, T. Williams, R. Jacobson, J. Allen, G. McEvoy, Mrs. Dodds, T. Glassman, M. Milroy, J. Cowley.

DEPARTURES—Vice-Admiral Bruen, G. O. Parker, T. O'Regan, Miss Cairnes, W. Cairnes, Miss Garrick, Miss O'Connor, Dr. Rutherford, Miss Warren, Miss Allen, Mrs. Woods, Mrs. Pepper, R. N. Eaton, G. P. Horne, J. C. Webb, R. Deighan, W. Hartley, W. H. Brown, Dr. Duffy, T. Street, Dr. Wade, R. N. Guinness, Mr. and Mrs. Smith, Miss Henderson, Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Shore, Mrs. Woods, Miss Garrett, the Misses Griffin, Miss Gilligan, Mrs. Levinge, Miss Levinge.

CONNAUGHT.

Boyle Court House.—Judge Wakely, at Boyle Circuit Court, on Monday, described as "absolutely disgraceful" the lack of accommodation for jurors, counsel and solicitors in Boyle Courthouse. There were no sanitary arrangements whatsoever, and on the first day of the sittings he found seven or eight jurors crowded into his room. The jury-room, in the upper storey of the building had been taken over, without a word of notice to him, by the Minister of Industry and Commerce. If proper accommodation was not provided before the autumn sittings he would ask the Minister for Justice to have the cases heard in Roscommon.

No Lunch for the Jury.—When the jury were retiring to consider a verdict at lunch-time at Boyle, on Saturday, Judge Wakely said lunch would be provided for them. Subsequently a juryman said they did not get any lunch. "Well, I ordered it for you," said the Clerk of the Peace, "but it seems that the people of Boyle have too much money and don't want to earn any more."

LEINSTER.

Nap a Joy of Life.—"There is no doubt that an offence has been committed, but we must not curtail the joys of life altogether," said the magistrate at Ballymahon, Co. Longford, when dismissing a charge against Simon Greenan publican, Maymoore, with permitting card-playing in his publichouse. The offence occurred at four o'clock in the morning when a number of people, who had been invited to a dance by the defendant, began a game of nap while waiting to be served with tea. There was £1 in the pool when the Guards interrupted the game.

Skerries Improvements.—It was reported to a meeting of the Skerries Improvements Committee, on Monday, that the post is now delivered in the town an hour earlier. The committee is pressing for a second delivery and improved telephone facilities. The Great Northern Railway has made concessions to visitors for the coming holiday season. Balrothery District Council has appointed an engineer to deal with the water supply scheme.

Athlone Betting Raids.—Following a raid by Civic Guards on four Athlone houses alleged to have been used for the purpose of betting, William Tormey, Patrick Farrell and Richard Gardiner were fined 40s. each and Charles Gordon £5 in Athlone yesterday for occupying the premises for betting purposes. Eight men found on the premises were fined from 2s to 15s.

After-Hours Drinking.—Thomas Elliott, publican, Fry place, Athlone, was fined £7 yesterday for a breach of the licensing laws. Two men were found on the premises, which are situated ten yards from the Civic Guards barracks, half an hour after closing time.

Error in Birth Certificate.—Owen Malone, Registrar of Births, was fined £3, at Philpstown, King's County, for issuing a birth certificate, in which the age of John Shaughnessy, who was going to America, was incorrectly stated. For the defence, it was pleaded that the defendant had been guilty merely of negligence, and had derived no pecuniary benefit from the transaction. He had accepted Shaughnessy's word regarding the date of his birth.

No Relation in Land Affairs.—Co. Wicklow Farmers' Association on Monday decided to contest every available seat in the county at the forthcoming Local Government elections; but deprecated association with any political body, or the introduction of politics into local government. During the week-end handbills circulated would give a pledge to abstain from politics in the proceedings of public boards, and strive only for economy and efficiency.

Surveyors' Travelling Expenses.—Wexford Council decided to take no action on an application for travelling expenses, made by the County Surveyor, who stated that the majority of County Surveyors received expenses at the rate allowed by the Department. In the majority of the counties, he said, the surveyors were in receipt of higher salaries than himself.

Weekend Sewing Rats.—Wexford County Council has decided to strike a rate of a half-penny in the £ for financing the County Library Scheme, which was handed over by the Carnegie Trust.

MUNSTER.

£40 to £80 for Midwives.—The Commissioner for the Clonakilty, Co. Cork, County Home has adopted a salary scale of £40, rising by £2 a year, to £60 for midwives in the West Cork area. The scale will be applied as from April 1 last, on which date payment of bonuses ceased.

ULSTER.

Attempted Suicide Case.—Philip Martin, cycle mechanic, Clones, ex-captain in the Free State Army, was bound over, at Monaghan yesterday, for twelve months, and ordered to come up for judgment if required, on a charge of attempted suicide. The defendant, it was stated, had been disappointed in a love affair.

The directors of the Irish Kinematograph Co., Ltd., yesterday passed resolutions, expressing regret at the death of Alderman J. J. Corrigan and sympathy with the relatives.

An occasional licence was granted yesterday to Mr. Joseph Nugent, Dolphin Hotel, Dublin, for a dance, in aid of the Merrion Bazaar, to be held in the Mansion House during Horse Show Week.

Among the solo dancers at the Nine Arts Ball next Friday will be one well known in continental ballrooms, and another who recently won first prize in Birmingham for a competition open to all England for classical dancing.

A vocal and instrumental programme has been arranged for the prize-winners' concert to be held in the Metropolitan Hall, Lower Abbey street, this evening, when medals awarded by the Royal Irish Academy of Music will be presented.

NORTHERN IRELAND.

Betting with the Dole.—William Jackson was fined £10 at Portadown Sessions yesterday for carrying on the business of a bookmaker at 72 Woodhouse street. It was stated that defendant was local manager for Messrs. T. Dawson, Ltd., bookmakers, London and Belfast, and it was urged that the business was perfectly legitimate. For the prosecution it was stated that the police found 37 people in the room, including a 13-year-old boy with a betting slip. The majority of the men found on the premises were drawing the dole. The police regarded it as a serious offence for a man to open an establishment of this kind in a main street, and carry on betting as openly as a grocer conducts his business. The defence said that the only thing illegal about betting was to take cash. Betting was perfectly legal if people paid accounts weekly or monthly, but to bet for cash was illegal, because the Royal Commission could not devise a means of collecting the tax. The defendant had committed a technical offence, and it was suggested that the magistrates should show their disapproval of the law as it stands by imposing only a nominal penalty.

Belfast Shipbuilding.—The clearing of two more building berths by launches last week has further reduced the number of ships on the stocks at Belfast, which has now fallen to eight, while there are twenty-seven slips at the port. Preparations are, however, going on at Messrs. Workman, Clark and Co.'s North Yard for laying down two motor vessels recently ordered by the Holt Line, while the keel has been laid in the South Yard of a fruit carrier recently ordered for New Orleans. Messrs. Harland and Wolff's South Yard is now reduced to the tanker, Inverciare, which will be launched next month, while the North Yard is idle. In the East Yard five out of the six berths are occupied by motor ships of a total tonnage of 56,000. The departure of the Bardic last Saturday leaves another blank, but the Vedic is giving good employment to joiners, and it is expected that the work of alteration will be completed by September.

Relief Preferred to Work.—It was stated at a meeting of the Belfast Guardians yesterday that an application for outdoor relief had been refused, as the man had given up his work at 30s. a week, and his wife, who earned 20s. a week, had also retired. A member said that the man was quite right to leave work at 30s. a week. He wondered if the Guardians would encourage "sweated labour" by expecting him to continue in such employment. It was pointed out that surface men in County Antrim were working for 30s. a week and living very comfortably, too.

Labourer's Savings in Gold.—James Faloon was sentenced to a month's imprisonment, at William McCann to two months, at Portadown yesterday, for stealing £82 in gold, the savings of John Ward, a labourer, who lodged in McCann's house. An offer was made to repay the money, but Ward said that he preferred that the defendant should be punished, as money had been taken from his box on previous occasions.

Bangor War Memorial.—Bangor War Memorial Committee has decided to erect the town War Memorial on an elevated site in Ward Park, and not at Wilson's Point, as originally intended. The memorial will cost £2,500, exclusive of the foundations, and will be made of Portland stone or Newry granite if the latter costs no more. It is hoped that it will be possible to unveil the memorial on November 11th next.

£3 Fine for Reckless Driving.—Robert James Matthews, a Larne motorist, was yesterday fined £3 and £1 costs for recklessly driving a motor car on October 14th last, on which occasion an accident occurred on the Larne-Glynn road, and James Curdy, a youth, sustained a fractured thigh. It was stated that the defendant was driving at a fast pace on the wrong side of the road, but this was denied by the defence.

Sheheen for a Dance.—Peter Mullan, Arvalee, was fined 40s. and costs in Omagh yesterday, for sheheening, on April 15th. A policeman found 73 stout bottles, some of which were empty, on the defendant's premises. The defence was that there was a dance in the district and that the defendant had invited some friends, and obtained the drink for the purpose of "treating" them. It was denied that there was any sale or attempt to sell.

Railway Station Loitering.—Thomas Doherty, Saunders street, Belfast, was fined £5, yesterday, for trespassing on the County Down Railway Station, and refusing to leave when requested. It was stated that the defendant loitered about the station trying to obtain passengers' luggage and selling newspapers.

Strabane Inmates of Derry Union.—At a meeting of the Strabane Board of Guardians yesterday, it was reported that the cost of maintaining Strabane Union inmates in Londonderry Workhouse for the six months ended March 31st last was £158 2s. 4d. With reference to a dispute which has arisen between Strabane and Derry Boards regarding the treatment of these patients, the Board decided to appoint a committee to confer with the Londonderry Board.

Defective Crane.—At an inquest in Londonderry yesterday into the death of James Ramsey, Long Tower street, a dock worker, who was killed by a coal hutch which fell from the hold, the jury expressed the opinion that the crane, the property of the Harbour Commissioners, was defective.

Presentation to Railway Clerk.—Mr. Richard Copeland, who has been chief clerk in Armagh goods department of the Great Northern Railway for the last four years, was presented with a gold watch and chain by the station staff on the occasion of his appointment as audit inspector.

Death of Derry Councillor.—The death took place suddenly on Monday night of Mr. Arthur Deane, jeweller, Londonderry, a magistrate, member of the Corporation, Prince Sea (A. Glasgow), Wild Land (P. Tennant), Miss Albus (J. Swan), Sylvan Rose (McGuigan), Hapsford (Whiteside), Irish Whiskey (W. Christie). Off 2.2. (Winner trained by R. Armstrong).

Betting:—Sporting Life "—2 to 1 agst. APPARENT, 9 to 2 Retina, 8 to 1 Lord Penzance, 10 to 1 each Sheffield Lane and Under the Rose, 100 to 8 any other.

"Sporting Chronicle "—Same.

Won by two lengths; same.

2.30—CARRICK HILL PLATE of 200 sovs. 1 m. 3 f.

Mr. E. Clark's ch. g. FIDDLEBACK, by Oliver Goldsmith—Miss Blackwing. 6. 9-2 T. Burns 1

Mr. H. Mollekin's BAALBEK, a. 9-2 A. Taylor 2

Mr. H. Morris's CHAPELTOWN, 4. 8-13 Thwaites 3

Also ran:—Crail (A. Balding), Decoration (T. Tannock), El Morro (Lindborg), David White (J. Dearie). Off 2.32. (Winner trained by Burns).

Betting—"Sporting Life "2-5 to 4 agst. Chapeltown, 7 to 2 Baalbek, 4 to 1 Chopstick, 5 to 1 FIDDLEBACK, 10 to 1 any other.

"Sporting Chronicle "—Same.

Won by three lengths; five lengths.

3.0—CARRICKMINES PLATE of 200 sovs. sweepstakes of 2 sovs. each, and 3 sovs. extra if not struck out, with 300 sovs. added. Second 30 sovs. and third 20 sovs. 6 f.

Mr. L. A. Oppenheim's ch. f. CROSS APPEAL, by Decision—Gem of Bermuda, 3. 6-11 A. Lynch 1

Mr. J. Lawion's LADY ROCKVILLE, 4. 8-12 A. Balding 2

Mr. T. Davidson's THE PRESIDENT, 5. 8-1 Gilchrist 3

Also ran:—Mount Florida (McGuigan), Great Care (Lindborg). Off 3.3. (Winner trained by J. Burns.)

Betting—"Sporting Life "—5 to 2 agst. Lady Rockville, 3 to 1 CROSS APPEAL, 4 to 1 Mount Florida, 6 to 1 each Great Care and The President.

"Sporting Chronicle "—Same.

Won by three lengths; two lengths.

An objection to the winner by reason of crossing and boring was over-ruled.

3.30—KYLE TWO YEARS OLD PLATE of 200 sovs. Second 30 sovs. and third 10 sovs. 5 f.

Sir R. Jardine's TERCEIRA C., by Somme Kiss. 8-5 T. Burns 1

Mr. H. Mollekin's BACHELOR'S RUBY, 8-2 J. Taylor 2

Mr. R. V. Hartley's BAGLESHOLT, 8-3 Thwaites 3

Also ran—Louvello (C. Parker), Nil Simile (A. Balding)

Off 3.35. (Winner trained by R. W. Colling.)

Betting—"Sporting Life "—11 to 10 on TERCEIRA colt, 2 to 1 agst. Bachelor's Ruby, 10 to 1 each "Sporting Chronicle "—Same.

Won by a neck; three lengths.

4.0—CRAIGIE THREE YEARS OLD STAKES of 1 sov. each and 2 sovs. extra for starters, with 200 sovs. added for the winner, 30 sovs. for the second, and 20 sovs. for the third. 1 m.

Capt. C. P. Elsey's ch. c. BIRCHBROOM, by Sunningdale, dam by Frontino—Birch Sprig. 9-5 A. Balding 1

Major D. Dixon's DORAN'S ROCKS, 8-12 G. Hulme 2

Capt. A. S. Wilson's IFWEDO, 8-7 ...Thwaites 3

Also ran—Bebonette (Crisp), Sahoplus (J. Taylor). Off 4.3. (Winner trained by Elsey.)

Betting—"Sporting Life "2 to 1 agst. Sahoplus, 5 to 2 Doran's Rocks, 4 to 1 each BIRCHBROOM and Bebonette, 10 to 1 Ifwedo. "Sporting Chronicle "—Same.

Won by two lengths; three-parts of a length.

4.30—AUCHINGRUVIE STAKES of 2 sovs. each, with 200 sovs. added. Second 30 sovs. and third 20 sovs. 1 m. 5 f.

Sir R. Liddell's h. g. PHANTOM BOLD, by Theo Bold—Phantom Lily. a. 11-11 Mr. Benton 1

Mr. W. Sulre's TIVOLI GIRL, 3. 10-0 Mr. Armstrong 2

Mr. J. A. Cairns's GILCRUX, 6. 10-10 Mr. Rasterbes 3

Also ran—Winterton (Owner), Sewing Machine (Mr. Kirk).

Off 4.34. (Winner trained by Peacock.)

Betting—"Sporting Life "—5 to 4 agst. PHANTOM BOLD, 3 to 1 Tivoli Girl, 5 to 1 Sewing Machine, 6 to 1 any other. "Sporting Chronicle "—Same.

Won by a neck; ten lengths.

AN INDIAN FAMILY FEUD.

THE CUSTODY OF IDOLS.

Lord Shaw, on behalf of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, yesterday gave judgment in a case on which the eyes of the Hindu population of the world have been focussed for years. It concerns the descendants of Mutty Lall Mullick, a wealthy Calcutta merchant, who seventy-nine years ago created three family "Thakurs," or deities. His son, in turn, built a garden shrine for the images, and ordained that they should not be moved until a new shrine had been built.

Later the three grandsons of the man who had created the idols were appointed trustees and custodians of the deities in turn for a year each, and one of them, Pramatha Nath Mullick, in 1917, removed the idols from their shrine to his own house. Since that act a bitter family feud has been waged, involving costly legislation in the Indian and, finally, in the appeal to the Privy Council. A lower Court in India found that the removal of the gods was legal and proper, but the High Court reversed this decision.

Lord Shaw yesterday said that the Council thought it better, in the interests of everybody concerned, that a disinterested friend should be appointed by the Court, that the members of the family should be joined, and that a scheme should be formulated for the regulation of the worship of the idols. Accordingly, the case would be remitted to the High Court in India to be so dealt with.

The decision rendered it necessary for the decisions of the Courts through which the case had passed to be set aside. The parties must bear their own costs in the Courts below, and also those incurred before the Privy Council.

AYR.

CROSS APPEAL'S EASY WIN.

BIRCHBROOM CONFIRMS EDINBURGH RUNNING.

Bright, pleasant weather was the portion of visitors to Ayr for the concluding stage of the spring meeting, and there was a good attendance in spite of the fact that many favourites during the afternoon, backers did reasonably well, although several strongly fancied animals failed to run up to expectations. The feature of the meeting was the double scored by the local trainer, J. Burns, with Fiddleback in the Carrick Selling and Cross Appeal in the big event of the afternoon, the Eglinton Handicap, in which the winner beat a sound favourite in Lady Rockville. The latter's rider lodged an objection to the winner on the grounds of crossing and bumping, but the Stewards overruled it.

Another double scored during the afternoon was that by T. Burns, the jockey, and son of the local trainer, who, in addition to steering Fiddleback to victory, succeeded in landing the Kyle Plate with Terceira colt, who beat another very useful youngster in Bachelor's Ruby.

The opening event took sixteen to the post, half of these hailing from local stables, but none of them flattered. The issue was always in the safe keeping of Apparent, who was favourite, although she has not troubled a judge for two years.

Birchbroom did Captain Elsey a nice turn in the Cragie Stakes when confirming the Edinburgh running with Sahoplus, although the latter had a big pull in the weights; while Phantom Bold in landing the Auchincrivve Stakes continued Peacock's winning sequence.

2.0—STEWARDS' SELLING HANDICAP PLATE of 200 sovs. 5 f.

Mr. W. Alderson's b. m. APPARENT, by Rock Flint—Prayer. 5. 9-0 Lindberg 1

Mr. James Bell's RETINA, 4, 9-0 ...A. Balding 2

Mr. A. H. O. Riddell's HEAD FIRST, 4, 9-0 C. Parker 3

Also ran:—Little Snooks (J. Dearie), Lord Penzance (J. Taylor), Jouafax (F. Hodges), Negress (W. Gilchrist), Solvox (J. Field), Sheffield Lane (Thwaites), Stage Favourite (B. Lynch), Southern Sea (A. Glasgow), Wild Land (P. Tennant), Miss Albus (J. Swan), John Shaughnessy (T. Rose), Hapsford (Whiteside), Irish Whiskey (W. Christie). Off 2.2. (Winner trained by R. Armstrong).

Betting:—Sporting Life "—4 to 1 agst. APPARENT, 9 to 2 Retina, 8 to 1 Lord Penzance, 10 to 1 each Sheffield Lane and Under the Rose, 100 to 8 any other.

"Sporting Chronicle "—Same.

Won by two lengths; same.

2.30—CARRICK SELLING PLATE of 200 sovs. 1 m. 3 f.

Mr. E. Clark's ch. g. FIDDLEBACK, by Oliver Goldsmith—Miss Blackwing. 6. 9-2 T. Burns 1

Mr. H. Mollekin's BAALBEK, a. 9-2 A. Taylor 2

Mr. H. Morris's CHAPELTOWN, 4. 8-13 Thwaites 3

Also ran:—Crail (A. Balding), Decoration (T. Tannock), El Morro (Lindborg), David White (J. Dearie). Off 2.32. (Winner trained by Burns).

Betting—"Sporting Life "2-5 to 4 agst. Chapeltown, 7 to 2 Baalbek, 4 to 1 Chopstick, 5 to 1 FIDDLEBACK, 10 to 1 any other.

"Sporting Chronicle "—Same.

Won by three lengths; five lengths.

3.0—CARRICKMINES PLATE of 200 sovs. sweepstakes of 2 sovs. each, and 3 sovs. extra if not struck out, with 300 sovs. added. Second 30 sovs. and third 20 sovs. 6 f.

Mr. L. A. Oppenheim's ch. f. CROSS APPEAL, by Decision—Gem of Bermuda, 3. 6-11 A. Lynch 1

Mr. J. Lawion's LADY ROCKVILLE, 4. 8-12 A. Balding 2

Mr. T. Davidson's THE PRESIDENT, 5. 8-1 Gilchrist 3

Also ran:—Mount Florida (McGuigan), Great Care (Lindborg). Off 3.3. (Winner trained by J. Burns.)

Betting—"Sporting Life "—5 to 2 agst. Lady Rockville, 3 to 1 CROSS APPEAL, 4 to 1 Mount Florida, 6 to 1 each Great Care and The President.

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Won by three lengths; two lengths.

An objection to the winner by reason of crossing and boring was over-ruled.

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Mr. R. V. Hartley's BAGLESHOLT, 8-3 Thwaites 3

Also ran—Louvello (C. Parker), Nil Simile (A. Balding)

Off 3.35. (Winner trained by R. W. Colling.)

Betting—"Sporting Life "—11 to 10 on TERCEIRA colt, 2 to 1 agst. Bachelor's Ruby, 10 to 1 each "Sporting Chronicle "—Same.

Won by a neck; three lengths.

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Major D. Dixon's DORAN'S ROCKS, 8-12 G. Hulme 2

Capt. A. S. Wilson's IFWEDO, 8-7 ...Thwaites 3

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Also ran—Winterton (Owner), Sewing Machine (Mr. Kirk).

Off 4.34. (Winner trained by Peacock.)

Betting—"Sporting Life "—5 to 4 agst. PHANTOM BOLD, 3 to 1 Tivoli Girl, 5 to 1 Sewing Machine, 6 to 1 any other. "Sporting Chronicle "—Same.

Won by a neck; ten lengths.

GOLF.

IRISH PROFESSIONALS AND OPEN CHAMPIONSHIPS.

As the result of an effort that is being made by the Hermitage Club, it is probable that this year half a dozen professionals attached to the Leinster clubs will be able to compete in the Open Championship.

In order to raise the funds to defray the expenses of the players, who will be selected by a Committee of the Southern Section of the club, the club will hold open competitions on May 9, including mixed foursomes and fourballs, the value prizes for which will be a full set of clubs made by professionals, and presented by them to the promoters.

MIDLAND COUNTIES' TROPHY.

BALLINASLOE.		BIRR.	
Cogavin & Flanagan	1	Waller & Lyne	0
Conroy & Thompson	0	Doolin & Wight	1
FitzPatrick & Hall	1	Davis & Kennedy	0
Cogavin	½	Waller	½
Conroy	0	Davis	1
Flanagan	1	Lyne	0
FitzPatrick	1	Kennedy	0
Thompson	1	Doolin	0
Hall	½	Wight	1
	5½		3½

ROSCREA.		CO. WESTMEATH.	
Vernon	1	Robinson	0
M'Cormack	0	Delamer	1
Weekes	0	Ross	0
O'Connell	0	Hannon	1
Brennin	0	Gilbert	0
Madden	1	Boyd	0
Vernon & M'Cormack	0	Robinson & Boyd	1
Weekes & O'Connell	1	Hannon & Ross	0
Madden & Ifreenan	½	Delamer & Gilbert	½
	5½		3½

I.L.G.U. SENIOR CUP.

The challenge issued by Hermitage to The Island, the holders of the Cup, resulted in a decisive victory for The Island.

HERMITAGE.		ISLAND.	
Mrs. Mudlin	0	Miss Jackson (4 & 2)	1
Mrs. Barr	0	Mrs. J. F. Jameson (5 & 4)	1
Mrs. M'Intyre	0	Miss Thornhill (5 & 4)	1
Mrs. Williams	0	Miss Wardell (2 up)	1
Mrs. M'Entagart (2 up)	1		
Miss Mitchell	0		
Miss Murphy	0	Miss P. Jameson (1st)	1
Mrs. Hickey	0	Mrs. H. Hall (5 & 3)	1
	1		6

CARRICKMINES.—Saturday, 2nd May—Open mixed foursomes (bogey) for prize presented by Sir Conway Dwyer and Mr. Charles Chaytor (Vice-Presidents). Competitors, on payment of entrance fee, may play over the links on Thursday and Friday.

SUTTON.—Foursomes—M. Crowley and E. J. Doran, 66, 1st; W. Chapman (junior) and P. W. Maguire, 74, 2nd. Saturday next, monthly cup, bogey. May 9th, captain's prize, 36 holes, strokes. First eight to qualify for match play.

KILLINEY (Ladies' Branch).—The prize presented by Miss Riddick was won by Miss M. Kavanagh; Miss Conway was second. Mrs. Riddick and Miss Conway tied for 1st in April aggregate score, with 83 nett. Friday, 1st May, Miss Stein's prize. Draws at 11 a.m. and 2.30 p.m.

WATERFORD.—Inter-Club competition — Waterford v. Dagnalstown. Waterford won by 28 points to 12.

BATHFARNHAM. — Saturday, Scratch Cup-match play by heats and holes. Entries close at 6 p.m. 29th April.

MILLTOWN (Ladies' Branch).—Result of semi-open foursomes—Mrs. Colgan and Mrs. Cocke, 72½; Mrs. D. Carroll and Mrs. Delaney, 75.

PORTMARNOCK.—St. George's Cup. First Round. A record entry of 80 was received, and many low returns were made. The second round will be played on Saturday next. Scores:—D. Coyle (9), 72; J. E. A. Pike (10), 73; F. W. Sharpe (8), P. J. Gillespie (5), P. W. Maguire (10), W. Fitzsimmons 14), 77 each; E. Kilduff (1), G. Beattie (2), P. Hughes (6), H. Hughes (8), J. W. Carley (11), R. F. Browne (17), 78 each; R. Grove White (7), J. G. Aston (7), T. Mahon (11), 79 each; R. Donnelly (9), A. J. Smyth (10), A. Blayney (11), S. H. Dunseith (12) 80 each.

ATHLETICS.

DUBLIN UNIVERSITY H. AND A.C.

The Dublin University Harriers and Athletic Club opened their season yesterday with the first three events of their weekly handicaps.

The High Jump was won by J. C. Cherry (4 feet 6 inches) from M. Grogan (scr.) (4 feet 5 inches); R. Paul (5 inches), third, and W. F. Kwart (5 inches), fourth.

Putting the Shot was won by R. Paul (6 feet), with 30 feet 5 inches; D. Cussen (scr.) was second, with 33 feet 9 inches, and H. E. Kuott (3 feet) third, with 29 feet.

The Two Miles provided a surprise result, M. Grenan, starting off the 300 yards mark, winning easily, with H. E. Knott (300) second, and W. C. Steele (scr.) third.

The club should have an excellent season, as most of last year's team are still available, and there seems to be no lack of promising recruits. An early start has purposely been made this year in order that members can get fit for the earlier of the big athletic events.

Training is in progress every afternoon in the College Park, and intending members should communicate with the Hon. Secretary, F. J. O. Budd, 19 Trinity College.

RUGBY.

NORTHERN BRANCH I.R.F.U.

At a meeting of the Northern Branch, Irish Rugby Football Union, held in Belfast yesterday, a resolution was passed requesting the Senior Committee to consider the advisability of adopting the Scottish unofficial system instead of the present League system.

Dissatisfaction was expressed at the system of allocating tickets to Ulster clubs at International matches in Dublin and across the Channel.

MALAHIDE R.F.C.—The general meeting will be held in the Library, Malahide, this evening at 7.30 p.m. All members and intending members are requested to attend.

STAMPS ON RECEIPTS.

REVENUE COMMISSIONERS' WARNING.

A matter of much importance to the business community, as well as to private individuals, is the subject of a notice by the Revenue Commissioners which appears in our advertisement columns to-day, directing attention to the provisions of the law in relation to stamp duty on receipts.

Most people are aware that receipts for sums amounting to two pounds or upwards require a 2d. stamp to be affixed to them, in order that a valid receipt or legal acknowledgment which could be produced in court in the event of it being necessary to prove the payment of the amount, but they may not be aware that the definition of the expression "receipt" for the purposes of the Act covers not merely the formal signed receipts with which we are all familiar, but also any note, memorandum or writing, whether signed or not, which acknowledges that any debt has been settled or paid, or which imports such acknowledgment.

Liability to duty is, therefore, attracted by such acknowledgments as the entries by a trader on the credit side of a customer's pass book of any sums amounting to £2 or upwards, whether paid in full satisfaction of a debt or merely on account, and in this connection it may be remarked that there is no foundation in law for the belief entertained by some people that receipts for payments on account do not require to be stamped, or that the even more prevalent belief that if a debt is paid, by cheque the receipt given therefor does not require a stamp where the amount involved is £2 or upwards.

A serious aspect of the case appears from a study of the provisions relating to the power to stamp a receipt after the event in first instance, been given unstamped. This power can be exercised on payment of a penalty for any period up to a month after the date on which the receipt was given; but, after the month has elapsed, there is no possibility of having the receipt stamped in any circumstances. A person who had discharged a debt amounting to £2 or upwards, and had accepted an unstamped receipt, would then find himself in the position that, if a second demand for payment was made on him, he would have no means of protecting himself from having to pay again.

AGRICULTURAL GRANT IN DONEGAL.

THE FISHERIES ACT AMENDMENT.

At the meeting of the

MR. CHURCHILL'S BUDGET IN FULL: INCOME TAX AND SUPER TAX REDUCED.

Mr. Churchill made the following speech in the House of Commons yesterday afternoon in introducing his Budget proposals:—

Those prophets who incautiously declared that the late Chancellor of the Exchequer had made an unwarrantable Budget, and who predicted a heavy deficit for the end of the financial year, have been rebuked by the events. The realised surplus of £3,569,000 corresponds with remarkable accuracy to the Budget forecast of £4,024,000, and, although within its scope, there are considerable variations which show that the right hon. gentleman has been fortunate, as well as foresighted.

Nevertheless, the final general result may be justly laid to the credit of the careful and scrupulous finance by which his administration of the Treasury was distinguished. (Labour cheers.)

The paper which members have in their hands gives the details of last year's finance, and I cannot afford the time to dwell on them.

THE TAX YIELDS.

Spirits and tobacco have each fallen two millions below the Budget estimate, but, on the other hand, beer has advanced a million. The great remissions on the sugar duty, which the right hon. gentleman made last year, have fully reached the consumer.

The remission which he made on tea has been almost entirely extinguished by large price movements in the world markets. On the whole, especially when cosumption is stated quantitatively, it is just and right to say that the consuming power of the people is maintained.

The yield of the Inland Revenue duties is also satisfactory. The excess profits duty and corporation profits tax showed a deficit of over nine millions. These are moribund taxes, and their failure was far more than counteracted by the exertions of those stalwart and lively agents of taxation—income tax, super tax, and death duties, and in a lesser degree stamp duties.

These duties between them yielded sixteen millions more than the Budget estimate. The net result on Inland Revenue duties is a surplus of £6,816,000.

EXPENDITURE.

Expenditure was five and three-quarter million above the Budget estimate. But here again there were variations. The service of the debt for several reasons, chiefly the increased cost of the floating debt, cost seven millions more than was expected, but, on the other hand, the supply services, in spite of the unexpected Sutton judgment, cost three millions less than was expected, and in the end there emerged a surplus of 3,569,000, which has already been devoted to the redemption of debt. The result of last year's operations was to show a substantial diminution of the nominal dead-weight charge.

On 31st March, 1924, the debt stood at 7,680,000,000, and on 31st March last it had been reduced to £7,646,000,000.

The funding debt had been reduced by £32,500,000, and the external debt by £4,000,000.

The successful work of the thrift organisations, particularly the National Savings Certificates Association, had continued in spite of severe unemployment, and obstinate trade depression. Savings certificates produced 32 millions gross in the year, and showed a nett increase of just under three millions.

DEBT REDEMPTION SAVINGS.

Savings banks deposits showed an increase of eleven millions. Taking a wider view no country had ever made the exertions this country had made since the war to pay its debts and meet all its obligations with strictness and punctuality (hear, hear), and few countries had reaped a more tangible reward.

Making allowance for the fact that the American debt instalment was not paid for the first few years after the war, and comparing like with like, the interest on the National Debt has been reduced in the five years since 1920 by upwards of seventy millions a year, and the rate of Government borrowing had fallen from six and a-half per cent. to four and a-half per cent.

This great fall enabled a whole series of conversion operations of a highly profitable character to be undertaken and envisaged. Even in the last few months the minor operations, for which I have been responsible, have resulted in a permanent annual diminution of the charge of the debt by over two and a-half millions.

WAR PENSIONS NOT TO BE FUNDED.

These important savings may be realised by the taxpayer, but they will only be realised by a strict adherence to the principle of sound finance and policy, to the maintenance of which, I freely admit, the party opposite contributed during their period of power. If those principles are maintained, and if this process of debt reduction continues, a substantial annual relief will be reaped by the taxpayers—a portion of which will come to hand even before the present Parliament has separated. It is most necessary that this polic of debt reduction should continue. (Hear, hear.)

The Chancellor of the Exchequer of two years ago prescribed a figure of fifty millions towards the sinking fund. It falls to me to provide the final five millions this year to raise the sinking fund to that Statutory limit of fifty millions. But this is not all we have done in the direction of discharging our liabilities. We have been paying off our war pensions liability on a gigantic scale. When the war stopped the capital value of the war pensions liability was estimated to have been over one thousand millions sterling, and the maximum payments have been over £110,000,000 a year. We have now reduced that by the fact that we have met every obligation as it arose from revenue, and we have reduced that charge to the present capital value of £760,000,000, and the annual charge has fallen to £67,000,000.

GOLD STANDARD.

ACT TO LAPSE: EXPORTS UNDER LICENCE.

The strict perseverance in this policy of paying off the war pensions every year will result in a relief to the taxpayer of two or three or more millions, until finally the whole liability is extinguished altogether, or sinks to appreciable proportion through the deaths of the pensioners. That is an important fact.

That is the tale of the year that is over. Before we go to the finance of 1925 I have an important announcement to make to the Committee. It is something in the nature of a digression, and yet it is part of our financial policy. Ever since the spring of 1919 all gold exports from this country had been prohibited. By the express decisions of the Parliament of 1920 the Act which prohibited the export was of a temporary character. That Act expires on the 31st December of the present year, and Great Britain automatically reverts to the pre-war free market for gold.

His Majesty's Government have been obliged to decide whether to renew or prolong the Act, on the one hand, or whether to allow it to lapse, on the other. We have decided to allow it to lapse. (Hear, hear.)

I am quite ready to argue the important currency controversies which are naturally associated with a decision of that kind, but not to-day. (Laughter.) To-day I can only announce and explain to the Committee what it is the Government has decided to do.

A DECLARED POLICY.

To return to an effective gold standard has long been the settled and declared policy of the country. Every expert Conference since the war—Brussels and Genoa—and every expert Committee in this country—has urged the principle of a return to the gold standard. No responsible authority has advocated any other policy.

No British Government of any party which has held office, no political party, no previous holder of the office of Chancellor of the Exchequer, has challenged, so far as I am aware, the principle of reversion to the gold standard in international matters at the earliest possible moment. It has always been taken as a matter of course that we should return to it, and the only questions open have been the very difficult, and very delicate questions of how and when.

During the late administration, the late Chancellor of the Exchequer appointed a committee of experts and high authorities to examine questions of the amalgamation of the Treasury and Bank of England note issues and other matters.

This inquiry resolved itself mainly into an examination of whether and in what manner we should return to the gold standard.

COMMITTEE'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

That committee was presided over by my right hon. friend, now Secretary for Foreign Affairs, then a private member. This committee heard evidence from a great number of witnesses representing every interest—the financial, trading and manufacturing interests; the Federation of British Industries, and others. All were heard. It has presented a unanimous report, in which it has expressed the decided opinion upon the question of the gold standard.

Further, it sets forth its recommendations as to the manner in which the return to the standard should be effected.

I have had the report of the Committee printed, and it will be available in the Vote Office as I finish my remarks this afternoon. It contains a reasoned marshalling of the arguments which have convinced His Majesty's Government, and sets forth a series of recommendations which His Majesty's Government intend to follow in every respect.

Mr. Jack Jones—"Prisoners in chains." (Laughter and cries of "Order.")

A FAVOURABLE MOMENT.

Mr Churchill—So much for the principle. There remains the question of time and of method. There is general agreement even among those who take what I think I am entitled to call the heterodox view. At any rate it is a view which we do not, on this bench, accept in this matter—(laughter)—that we ought not to prolong the uncertainty that whatever the policy of the Government is should be declared. (Cheers.) If we are not going to renew the Act which prohibits the export of coin and bullion, now is the moment when we ought to say so. This is the moment when we ought to say so. This is the moment most favourable for action.

Our exchange with the United States has for some time been stable.

GOLD RESERVE OF £150,000,000.

The further steps which are recommended by the Currency Committee, such as the amalgamation of Bank of England and Treasury note issues, will be deferred, as the Committee recommend, until we have sufficient experience of working the free international gold market on available gold reserve of approximately £150,000,000. It is only in the light of that experience that we shall be able to fix by permanent statute an ultimate limit of the fiduciary issue.

We have no immediate heavy commitments across the Atlantic. We have entered a period on both sides of the Atlantic when political and economic stability seems to be more assured than it has been for some years. (Cheers.) If this opportunity were missed it might not recur soon, and the whole finance of the country would be overclouded for an indefinite period by the factor of uncertainty. Now is the appointed time." (Laughter and cheers.)

EXPORT UNDER LICENSE.

We have, therefore, decided that, although the prohibition on the export of gold will continue in form on the Statute Book until December 31, a general licence will be given to the Bank of England for the export of gold and bullion from to-day. (Ministerial cheers.) We thus resume our international position as a gold standard country from the moment at the declaration I have made to the Committee. (Cheers.)

That is an important thing. But I hasten to add a qualification. Returning to the international gold standard does not mean that we are going to adopt gold coinage. That is unnecessary for the purpose of an international gold standard, and it is out of the question in present circumstances. It would be an unwarrantable extravagance—(Ministerial cheers)—which our present financial stringency by no means allows us to indulge in.

Indeed, I must appeal to all classes in the public interest to continue to use notes, and to make no change in the habits and practices they have used for the last ten years. (Cheers, and a Labour interruption.) The practice of the last ten years has protected the Bank of England and other banks against any appreciable demand for sovereigns or half-sovereigns; but, now that we are returning to the gold standard in international matters, and with a full export of gold, I feel it would be better for us to regularise what has been our practice by legislation..

NO GOLD COINAGE.

I shall, therefore, propose to introduce a bill which, among other things, will provide the following:—

First, that, until otherwise provided by proclamation, the Bank of England and Treasury notes will be convertible into gold coin only at the option of the Bank of England.

Secondly, that the right to tender bullion to the Mint to be coined shall be confined in future, by law, as it has been confined in practice, to the Bank of England.

Simultaneously with these two provisions, the Bank of England will be put under obligation to sell gold bullion in amounts not less than four hundred fine ounces in exchange for legal tender at a fixed price of £3 17s. 10½d. per standard ounce.

We are convinced that our financial position warrants a return to the gold standard under the conditions I have described. We have accumulated a gold reserve of £153,000,000, which is the amount considered necessary by the Committee. This gold reserve we shall use without hesitation—(hear, hear)—if necessary, with the bank rate, in order to defend and sustain our new position.

In order to concentrate our reserves of gold in the most mobile forms, I arranged to transfer £27,000,000 of gold which the Treasury hold against the Treasury Note, and issue to the Bank of England in exchange for bank notes.

BIG RESERVE OF DOLLARS.

When we made up our minds to take this course—now many months ago—the Treasury discreetly began to accumulate dollars, and we have already accumulated the whole of the 166 million dollars—(hear, hear)—which are required not only for June but for December payments of our American debt, and for all our other American debt obligations this year, and therefore—and it is important—the Treasury will not have any need to go on the market in the autumn.

Finally, although we believe we are strong enough to achieve this important change from our resources, and, as a further precaution, to make assurance doubly sure,

I have made arrangements to obtain, if required, credits in the United States of not less than 300 million dollars, with the possibility of expansion. Those credits will only be used if, as, and when, they are required. We do not expect to have to use them. We shall really use other credits in priority.

WARNING TO SPECULATORS.

Those great credits across the ocean have been obtained and built up as a solemn warning to speculators of every kind, every hue, and of every country, of the resistance they will encounter if they attempt to disturb the gold parity which Great Britain has now established. (Cheers.)

To convert and regularise this credit arrangement, which I have had to make provisionally in the public interest, a short Bill will be required, the text of which will be issued to-morrow, and which we shall ask the House to dispose of as a matter of urgency.

I have only one observation to make on the merits in our policy of returning to the gold standard, and we do not move alone. I think we could not have afforded to remain stationary while so many others were acting. The two great manufacturing countries in the world, the United States and Germany, were, in different ways, either on or related to, an international gold exchange. Sweden is on a gold exchange, Austria and Hungary are already based on gold, or else on sterling, which is the equivalent of gold.

EMPIRE ACTION.

I have reason to know that Holland and the Dutch East Indies will act simultaneously with us to-day. So far as the British Empire is concerned—the self-governing Dominions—there will be complete unity of action. The Dominion of Canada is already on the gold standard, the Dominion of South Africa has given notice of her intention to revert to the gold standard as from the 1st of July. I am authorised to inform the Committee that the Commonwealth of Australia proposes from to-day to abolish the restriction of the free export of gold, and that New Zealand will from to-day adopt, with ourselves, the free licensing of the exporting of gold.

Thus, over the whole area of the British Empire, and over a very wide and important area of the world, there has been established at once one uniform standard of value, to which all international transactions are related and can be referred.

That standard may, of course, vary in itself from time to time. But the position is that all countries relating to it will vary together. I believe that the establishment of this great area of common arrangement would facilitate the revival of international trade and of inter-Imperial trade.

Such revivals, and such a foundation is important to all of us.

£9,400,000 INCREASE.

EXPENDITURE TO BE OVERHAULED.

To no country is it more important than to this island. The population is larger than its agriculture, or its industry can sustain. It is the centre of a wide Empire, and, in spite of all its burdens, has still retained, if not the primary, at any rate the central, position in the financial system of the world. (Hear, hear.) Having dealt with—I will no venture to say disposed of—(laughter)—those larger and important preliminaries—the finance of 1924, the position of our debt, and the return to the gold standard—I come directly to the estimates for the current year.

The Committee has already before them the estimates of the supply services amounting to £407,471,000. I put the consolidated fund charges at £391,969,000. Of the consolidated fund charges, the debt interest, bearing in mind the savings on the reduction of debt and on the conversion which have been made, is put at £305,000,000, and the increased sinking fund at £50,000,000.

The total expenditure for 1925 thus becomes £799,440,000. That is, £9,400,000 more than last year's budget estimates, and £3,700,000 more than the actual expenditure of last year.

SETTLED POLICY WANTED.

I think this is a disappointing result, and it requires a word of explanation. The rapid changes of Government, which have disturbed our affairs in the course of the last two or three years, have not been conducive to public economy. Not only has each set of new Ministers naturally wished to distinguish itself by making departmental improvements at the public expense—(laughter)—but hres autumn general elections have robbed the Treasury and the Cabinet of an opportunity of making that very comprehensive scrutiny of expenditure which is required every year, and under settled conditions normally takes place in November and December.

Since the receipt of the estimates by the Exchequer in January I have not been able to do more than keep more than fairly level by rowing against the stream, and have been unable to effect any net economy such as I should have liked to present to the House. If we may now look for a period of settled government and continuity of policy—(Mr. Jack Jones—"Don't be too sure about it. Nothing's settled while you're in it," and cries of "Order.")—a strict and prompt revision of departmental expenditure is indispensable.

KEEPING DOWN EXPENDITURE.

The estimates of the spending departments ought to be in the hands of the Treasury at the beginning of November. Further, I have obtained the assent of the Prime Minister and my colleagues in the Cabinet to the setting up of a Standing Committee of the Cabinet for the purpose of overhauling blocks of current expenditure, in addition to the annual scrutiny made by the Treasury. (Cheers.)

I believe we ought to aim at a net reduction of not less than ten million pounds a year, and this, with a saving each year of £5,000,000 on debt, £6,000,000 on debt charges, and, I trust, a certain steady expansion of the revenue, should provide means each year for a certain mitigation of the heavy burden of all classes of taxpayers. (Cheers.)

In regard to revenue, I have to set against the expenditure a progressive fall of upwards of £14,000,000 on account of the remissions of taxation, on which my predecessor was so much complimented last year. (Laughter.)

CANNOT BUDGET ON HOPE.

But that is not all. I do not feel justified in budgeting for any substantial expansion of trade. We can all hope, but the Treasury cannot build its Budget upon hope. (Laughter.) If there should be a marked improvement of business there would be a windfall for the Treasury. But I am not counting on that. Neither am I making provision for any serious disaster such as might overwhelm our country if peace were broken by war abroad, or by industrial convulsions at home.

Taking the middle way, I estimate the receipts from Customs and Excise at £295,000,000, against actual receipts of £234,500,000 last year. The figure for last year, however, must be reduced by about £2,500,000, to put it on a comparable basis, £2,000,000 of this representing revenue from rates of duty on tea, sugar, entertainments, etc., in force before last year's Budget.

INCREASED INCOME TAX RETURNS.

After making this adjustment, the estimate shows an expansion on last year of about 1 per cent. An increase of about £1,250,000 would carry the motor vehicle duty to about £17,500,000, while income tax would benefit under the three years' average by the deplorable trading results of 1921 passing out of account.

The income tax already exceeded, with the super tax, the late Chancellor of the Exchequer's estimate by £15,000,000 last year.

I do not feel there is any need to think there will be a diminution in the productivity of the death duty. (Laughter.) It is very difficult to make anything but speculative estimates of the Excess Profits Duty or the Corporation Tax.

At the present rate of estimate, the total Inland Revenue will be £459,000,000, compared with last year's estimate of £432,000,000, but the actual realised receipt will be £439,000,000.

REVENUE.

The total taxed revenue, therefore, was £711,500,000, made up as follows:—

Death Duties	£92,000,000
Stamps	£24,000,000
Land Tax, Mineral Rights, etc.	£1,000,000
Income Tax	£320,000,000
Super Tax	£70,000,000
Excess Profits Duty	£4,000,000
Corporation Profits Tax	£6,000,000

It is estimated that the non-tax revenue will be:

Post Office	£57,000,000
Crown Lands	£500,000
Interest on Sundry Loans	£12,000,000
Miscellaneous Ordinary Revenue	£14,000,000
Special Receipts	£30,000,000

The estimated non-tax revenue is £114,500,000, and the estimated tax revenue £711,500,000.

The total estimated revenue on existing basis is £826,000,000, and the total estimated expenditure £799,400,000.

The surplus is, therefore, £26,500,000.

ARTICLE V.

NO PAYMENT EXPECTED FROM FREE STATE.

Taking everything into consideration, I think, on the whole, we are justified in considering the result as satisfactory. I am not budgeting for any increase in the amount received from German reparations—we got twelve millions last year from that source, including arrears—nor am I counting on payments by our European Allies of debts which they owe us. (Labour laughter.) Negotiations with France are still proceeding, and negotiations with Italy have been begun. We shall in no way relax our efforts for repayment of what is due to us in accordance with principles which have been universally recognised as fair and generous. Neither am I counting on expansion of trade.

Neither am I counting on any payments this year by the Irish Free State under Article V. of the Treaty. Ireland is entitled to assume that the Government of the Irish Free State has no intention to take up with us at the proper time discussions connected with it.

A "SATISFACTORY" SURPLUS.

Neither am I counting in the least upon any diminution of expenditure, such as I hope may be achieved by the exertions of the Cabinet and the Public Accounts Committee, aided by the House of Commons.

Having regard to all these very considerable items, I think I am justified in saying that the surplus of £2,500,000 in 1925 may, without exaggeration, merit the epithet, satisfactory.

Although this £26,500,000 may be satisfactory, in itself, it is not adequate for the needs of public policy. What are the main objectives of public policy at the present time? They are—security to the home of the wage-earner against exceptional misfortune, and the encouragement of enterprise through the relief of the burdens resting on industry. Action, if it is to be taken, must be in its character and scale be such as to make an appreciable effect upon the lives of all classes of the community. If, therefore, we are to be equipped with these formidable problems, I must fortify the revenue, and this I will, with the permission of the Committee, proceed to do. (Loud laughter.)

In the new taxation proposals I am going to make I trust the Committee will remember that the scheme must be judged as a whole. If this be done, the scheme will be found to be a help in the present general situation. Proceeding on the well-known maximum of beginning at the most unpleasant part, I come immediately to death duties. The increasing yield of the death duties is a truer measure of the wealth of the country—(labour cheers)—even than the growing yield of income tax and super tax, which arise from the far-famed honesty of the British taxpayer, stimulated by the well-known efficiency of the Inland Revenue. (Laughter.)

DEATH DUTIES.

NO INCREASES ON ESTATES OVER A MILLION.

I propose certain additions to the rates of estate duty, the increases only beginning after £12,500, nor will they affect the estates of the greatest magnitude. It is in the range of the medium estates that I propose the chief increases:

On estates between £12,500 and £18,000, where now the duty is from 5 to 6 per cent., the addition will be 1 per cent.

On estates of £80,000, where now it is 9 per cent., an addition of 3 per cent., making it 12 per cent.

On estates of £175,000, where now it is 17 per cent, an addition of 6 per cent., making it 23 per cent.

On £40,000, where now it is 23 per cent., an addition of 3 per cent., making it 26 per cent.

On £500,000, where now it is 27 per cent., an addition of 2 per cent., making it 29 per cent.

On one million or over, the rates remain, as now, without increase.

£4,500,000 THIS YEAR.

The yield on these, which have not been fixed arbitrarily, will be ten millions in a full year and 4½ millions in the year of its initiation. That is my proposal.

LUXURY TAX.

NATURAL AND ARTIFICIAL SILK.

In the second place is a series of duties which have one feature in common. They relate to subjects of luxury, and they are certainly optional duties. The taxes no man or woman—for women are going to play their part—(laughter)—need pay unless they choose. They fall on classes of expenditure which everyone can easily refrain from without detrimental effect to health or morals. (Laughter.)

In the foremost of these I place the new revenue duty upon silk—natural, artificial, semi-manufactured, manufactured or made-up silk will be the subject of new revenue duties. For nearly a generation Chancellors of the Exchequer have probed the complexities of the silk tax, and all have retired baffled. With ingenuity and increasing experience, the Board of Customs has at last arrived at what I hope will be a satisfactory and permanent solution of this problem.

Natural silk enters this country at various stages—raw silk, silk waste, thread and tissue. I propose a carefully-graded scale of duties on all these imports—a specific duty, not *ad valorem* duty. No natural silk is produced in Great Britain, and, therefore, all the yield on the natural silk comes to the Exchequer. I propose that similar specific duties related to the duties on natural silk should be levied on all corresponding imports of artificial silks at different stages. (Cheers.)

4s. PER LB. ON RAW SILK.

There remains only silk which is imported in the form of made-up goods. Here, again, a proportionate duty would be levied on all imports, wholly or partially made of silk, but in this case a duty will have to be levied on value, as it would be impossible to deal with them on a specific basis.

The basic rate of the duty is 4s. a pound on raw silk. That is between a fifth or sixth of the total cost of the article.

In calculating terms as between the foreign exporter and the home producer, I have given a certain advantage to the home producer. (Ministerial cheers.) I have done this for this reason—because I am using this particular trade for the first time in its existence as a fiscal instrument for the purpose of extracting from the consumer, and I propose to levy the duty on the consumer, and I am not counting on the imposition of this duty will lead to a certain decline in consumption. (Ironical Liberal cheers.) You cannot get any result without some disadvantages, whatever you take, and I wish to make up to the trade by a certain advantage over the foreign exporter for the disadvantage they will suffer in the general volume of their trade. (Ministerial cheers.)

£7,000,000 NEXT YEAR.

On this basis I estimate the revenue from silk at four millions for the year 1925 and as seven millions for the year 1926. That is a substantial addition to our revenue. (Ministerial cheers.)

If the scheme which we have proposed should ultimately commend itself to the Committee, and to the House of Commons, no doubt it will be a permanent duty.

£4 A CWT. ON HOPS.

MR. CHURCHILL IN LIGHTER VEIN.

An appeal has reached me from the Board of Agriculture in the shape of a duty on hops. (Laughter.) It is a very small one, but it is, nakedly, protection. The object of the duty is to protect the cultivation of hops. There is a special element of depravity attaching to this duty—(laughter)—a certain school of thinkers contend that beer is food, and, if so, hops are undeniably, I am advised, an ingredient of beer. (Laughter.) But I am encouraged in the matter by the fact that those who hold that beer is a food, are also, on the whole, very favourable to the prospective duty on hops—(laughter)—and, on the other hand, those who dislike the duty on hops still more dislike the suggestion that beer is a food. (Renewed laughter.) So, I think, my right hon. friend's little monster may manage to make his way through the general network of the electoral pledge, and subsequently the main policy in fiscal matters, as far as this Parliament is concerned.

DOUBLE DOSE OF SYMPATHY.

After all, hops have always been in a special position. (Laughter.) I remember 16 years ago my right hon. friend the member for Carnarvon sent for me to receive, with him, a deputation of hop growers in a Committee room upstairs, and they could give them nothing but sympathy—and we gave them a double dose of that. (Laughter.)

But in the last five years hops have been rigorously controlled under an Act passed in the time of the late Coalition of blessed memory. (Laughter.) That Act expires in August of the present year, so that I have been confronted with the alternative, either of renewing the control, or agreeing to a protective duty.

I have chosen the latter, and I do not mind confessing to the Committee the reason why. The duty will produce £130,000 in the first year, and £250,000 in the subsequent year. That is almost as much as I am able to give to the universities of this country for their higher education. (Laughter.)

BEER TAX ADJUSTED.

I cannot afford to disdain any revenue. Even the most modest contributions are thankfully received. We have entered a period when any contribution, however small, and any diminution of expenditure, however petty, must be welcomed and eagerly grasped and sought for by the Chancellor of the Exchequer. The duty will be 9s per cwt. and limited to four years. We do not want to encourage over-production in hops. (Laughter.)

It will carry with it a small additional duty on imported beer to countervail the tax on the home brewer. But after consultations in various quarters, I do not expect any alleviation in that important area of beer duty. The duty does not affect in any appreciable degree my estimates of the revenue from the duty on beer.

McKENNA DUTIES. RE-IMPOSED ON JULY 1ST.

Finally, I come to the celebrated group of duties for ever associated with the name of the eminent Free Trade financier and Liberal Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. MacKenna.

When the right hon. gentleman proposed these duties he used the following words:—

"The particular articles we have chosen have been chosen primarily on the grounds that their consumption is not required in this country; secondly, upon the ground of improving our fallen exchanges; and thirdly, upon the ground that in satisfying these two objects we shall still obtain a certain degree of revenue."

Those were his reasons in 1916, and every one of those reasons exist to-day. (Ministerial cheers.) If these things were luxuries then, they are luxuries now. These duties we give pleasure in almost every quarter of the House for various reasons. (Laughter.)

The hon. members below the gangway on this side will be able to use all these arguments about stimulating British trade in particular industries, with which we are all very familiar. (Laughter.) To some the imposition of these duties is a relish, to others a target, and to me they are revenue. (Laughter.) They will represent £1,500,000 in the first year, and nearly £3,000,000 in a full year, last year Mr. Snowden decided to single out these duties, which did not interfere with anyone, and brought them into the forefront of affairs, being actuated less by considerations of honest finance, than by considerations of high political strategy. His action was not endorsed by the electorate.

£10,000,000 ON A FULL YEAR.

I believe that the majority of members in this House won their seats on the clear view that these duties ought not to have been taken off. (Ministerial cheers.) We cannot afford this loss of revenue, and the duties must be restored. (Renewed Ministerial cheers.) They are only annual duties after all, and a day may come when another Chancellor of the Exchequer, in times when revenue is more abundant and expenditure less exacting, may be able once again to roll away this hideous oppression. (Cheers and laughter.) The total of this taxation in 1923 will be £5,730,000 in the first year, and £10,000,000 in a full year.

In order to obtain the maximum yield from the silk and McKenna duties, we shall endeavour to bring them into force on the 1st July, and for that purpose we shall ask the House to press steadily on with the Budget in the intervening period.

These duties do not fall on the masses of the people. They do not touch the necessaries, or interfere with the modest comforts of daily life. Together, they yield £10,230,000 in 1925, and what is far more important to me, the policy which I propose will give more than £20,000,000 a year in permanent revenue in 1926, and in future years, and therefore the surplus of £26,600,000 will be raised by the addition of this sum to £36,850,000, and there is also the permanent addition of ten millions to the revenue which will accrue in the following year.

RELIEF FOR IRISH CHARITIES.

The announcement of the prospective use of the surplus is always a mile-stone in the Budget, but before we settle what we are to do with it, I would mention some minor legislative matters.

I propose legislation following the resolutions of the Imperial Economic Conference of 1923, concerning the liability of Empire Governments trading or owning property in Great Britain; I shall propose legislation for income tax relief in favour of High Commissioners residing in this country. No provision will be included for the continuance of the temporary exemption of Irish Free State charities from British income tax.

I would suggest also certain improvements in the machinery of income tax appeals, with reference to charities in Great Britain. A recent decision of the House of Lords has revealed defects in the law as to succession duties which necessitate taking remedial proposals. All these will be represented by clauses in the Finance Bill.

PENSION PROPOSALS.

70 P.C. OF THE POPULATION AFFECTED.

The two main objectives I mentioned a short time ago will be the security of the home of the wage-earner, and the encouragement of enterprise by the relief of taxation on income. Security for the home of the wage-earner against exceptional misfortune. That is the first thing.

I do not blame Mr. Snowden for the remissions on tea and sugar, but I differ from him in thinking that this was the best use that could have been made of the enormous power represented by thirty millions of revenue in the hands of the State. The average British workman in good health, full employment at standard wages, does not regard himself and his family as an object of compassion. But when exceptional misfortune descends upon the cottage home, with its slender margin upon which it is floated, or there is a year of misfortune, distress, or unemployment, or, above all, the loss of the breadwinner, it leaves this once happy family in the grip of the greatest calamity.

STATE AMBULANCES.

Although the threat of adversity has been active all these years, no effective provision has been made by the great mass of the labouring classes for their widows and families in the event of death. I am not reproaching them, but it is the greatest need at the present time. If I may change to a military metaphor, it is not the sturdy marching troops that need extra reward and indulgence. It is the stragglers, the exhausted, the weak, the wounded, veterans, the widows and orphans, to whom the ambulances of State aid should be directed. (Cheers.)

The old *laissez faire*, the *laissez aller* of mid-Victorian Radicalism—(loud laughter)—have been superseded, and no one has done more to supersede them than Mr. Lloyd George, and I am proud to have been associated with him at the beginning of these large insurance schemes. These modern conceptions are held not less earnestly and more practically on this side of the House.

OLD AGE PENSIONS.

The Prime Minister, when he was Chancellor, appointed a committee of experts to examine into the possibility of extending pensions at an earlier age than seventy and of widows' pensions. Governments came and went, but the committee continued to labour in the deep-set recesses of Whitehall and accumulate mass of information. The scheme of insurance we had decided to inaugurate has been erected on that basis.

Without the preliminary work done by this committee it would not have been practicable to deal with the matter this year. The forethought of the Prime Minister has enabled me to make the announcement to-day. The conclusions of the committee were presented to the late Chancellor last summer. I do not know what course he and his friends would have adopted in regard to them, but this mass of material was made available to myself and the Minister of Health, and we have done our best to frame a scheme.

Any scheme to be of use must be contributory. (Ministerial cheers and Opposition laughter.) Those who benefit must themselves commit themselves to an attitude of decision let them make quite sure what the scheme is and how great are the masses which it affects in a favourable sense. Any scheme must be contributory, must be compulsory, must be universal, that is, must cover virtually the whole area of wage-earning population, represented, broadly, by the fifteen millions of people at present insured.

ANOTHER 4d.

Those fifteen millions, with their dependents, represent thirty millions of people, or seventy per cent. of the entire population.

The question we have to ask is: What burden of additional taxation can be borne in existing circumstances by employers and employed? We believe that 4d. for men and 2d. for women can be assumed by both parties, employers and employed, in addition to what they already pay.

The workman will pay 4d., and the employer another 4d., while a workwoman will pay 2d. and the employer another 2d. We bear in mind, in the case of the workers, the very large remissions of taxation made by the late Chancellor. The relief granted by him more than provides the funds out of which these contributions from workers are to be paid. That is his share in the general architecture of the scheme if he cares to claim it, but only if he cares to claim it. (Laughter.)

A SLIDING SCALE.

The case of the employers is more difficult, because we know how heavy are the burdens on our productive industry at the present time, while unemployment is at its present height, the burden is especially heavy on those involved in the ambit of unemployment insurance. Pensions is required from the employer and 2d. from the worker. That is an enormous burden. We believe this period is temporary.

Once unemployment has fallen to the neighbourhood of 800,000, then the deficiency period is rapidly passing away, and the contributions of employers and workmen fall from 10d. to 6d. and 5d. to 4d., respectively.

I hope to provide employers with certain resources which will enable them to meet this extra burden, and which will be a proper counterpoise to direct taxation to the immense remissions of indirect taxation which Mr. Snowden made last year.

THE STATE'S PART.

If everybody in the ambit of health insurance had, from the age of sixteen onwards, contributed 4d. a week and had deposited the contributions by their employers with women of half-rates, a self-supporting scheme would now be in operation, which would afford 10s. a week to widows, with allowances to orphans and ordinary children, and, secondly, 10s. a week to all insured persons, and their wives, from sixty-five years onwards.

But such a scheme is not in existence, and the vast majority can never contribute on any scale sufficient to pay for benefits on this scale. Left to its own resources the scheme could not be brought into full operation for many years, and a whole generation of men and women might tell their tiresome story before the distribution of benefits would be large enough sensibly to raise the general level of comfort among the masses.

Here, then, is where the State, with its long and stable finance, with its carefully guarded credit, can march in to fill the immense gap. The contributions of the State will enable the whole scheme to be brought rapidly into operation, and we intend to bring it into operation in successive stages, beginning first the 4th of January, 1926. (Cheers.) The present capital value of the additional liability to be undertaken by the State under the scheme has been computed at nearly 750 million pounds. Before this Committee can be asked to bind on themselves and future Parliaments this formidable loan, we must look not only to the next few years, but allow our minds to rove forward into remote periods of the future. Here I have to make a very unexpected and disagreeable digression.

LONGER LIFE.

The new pensions cost of the new scheme is not the only great impending change we have to face. Quite apart from the new pension scheme, the actuaries who examined this matter have discovered and predict a very great growth in the existing non-contributory scheme of old age pensions. The cause of this is not improvements made by the late administration, but the fact that we are now entering on a period, seventy years away, from the great expansion of the population which took place in Victorian times.

Moreover, we are now entering and living in a period when the span of human life has been mercifully prolonged. The census shows 5,000,000 persons between the ages of forty and sixty. The survivors of those persons are the old pensioners of to-day.

The census of 1921 showed 9,700,000 between the same ages, and they and their survivors will be the old age pensioners twenty or thirty years hence.

The tendency to a larger proportion of old people is steadily increasing, and the actuaries assure me that the existing cost of old age pensions on the present basis, would, in fifty years' time, be more than double what it is at present. It is now £37,000,000. In fifty years' time it would be £36,000,000, in twenty years' £40,000,000, in thirty years £84,000,000, and in fifty years £60,000,000, without any addition of any sort or kind by any Government.

INCREASES.

This island in thirty years' time will have more than double its present number of old and feeble people, and it will have to support them with no active population little larger than that of to-day.

I think the facts and figures I have brought before the Committee, are such as to raise disturbing and anxious reflections in the mind of every serious person. I am bound to secure for the Parliaments of the future the opportunity of controlling the growing burdens of the State. It is provided in our scheme that the contributions both of employers and employed shall be raised by one penny each for men and a halfpenny each for women, after the 20th year and 30th year of the scheme—(cheers)—up to a maximum in 1956, of 7d. for men and 3½d. for women.

I am not seeking to fetter the Parliaments of the future. I am only seeking to make sure that they shall be free to keep the finances of this country sound. By the tenth year the cost to the State will be £15,000,000, by the fifteenth year £20,000,000, and by the twentieth year £24,000,000. By the thirty-fifth year the burden would have declined to £21,000,000, and thereafter passing pounds too speculative for us to follow the labours of the statistician.

£20,000,000 A YEAR.

The whole system of old age pensions—not only the new scheme but the existing non-contributory schemes—will gradually come on to a self-supporting basis, which will be reached in eighty years. The State will be called upon to pay nearly £20,000,000 a year then, and in perpetuity.

Let us now see the charges to the State for the new scheme and for the old age pensions:

	New Scheme. £	Old Age Pensions. £
At Present		37,000,000
In 10 Years	15,000,000	34,000,000
In 20 Years	20,000,000	40,000,000
In 35 Years	21,000,000	55,000,000

Are we justified in laying these burdens on posterity? Here I will remind you of the descending scale of war pensions.

DECREASING COST OF WAR PENSIONS.

The cost at the present time is £57,000,000, in ten years it will have fallen to £43,000,000 on a descending scale. In twenty years' war pensions will have fallen by £35,000,000, in thirty years £45,000,000, and will be virtually extinguished in fifty years.

So we find that the decreases every year in war pensions charges balance the increases at every stage of the new scheme and old age pensions taken together. By the time war pensions have come to an end, we shall have paid off our American debt, and another thirty-five to forty millions will inure to the relief of our successors and descendants.

Finally, it seems to me that nothing we are doing now is acting in an improper sense towards posterity.

The new pension scheme costs nothing to the Exchequer in the first year. In fact there is a profit, and a large surplus will accrue in the next two years, which will be carried to the balance of the scheme. It is only from the third full year that the change begins to operate. It begins at about four millions a year, and rises in the tenth year to fifteen millions.

MINISTER OF HEALTH'S BILL.

The payments will be by ten annual instalments, approximately equal and approximately £3,750,000 a year, beginning in 1925. The bill would be presented by the Minister of Health.

The widows of all men insured in the National Health Insurance Scheme who were insured in the new scheme, who died after January 4, 1926, will receive 10s. a week for life, and the eldest child would receive 5s., and other children 3s. until they reached the age of fourteen. (Hear, hear.)

Secondly, all existing widows of men insured under the Health Insurance had a pension for life as widows if those who were widows of men who had not contributed were only benefited while they were widowed mothers.

All existing widows of men who were insured under the National Health Insurance, and who were now mothers, would receive, as a free gift from the State, the same benefits and allowances in respect to children as the new insured would get. Those pensions would continue, not for life, but until the youngest child reached the age of fourteen and six months thereafter.

That provision affected 200,000 widowed mothers and 350,000 children. Existing and future orphan children would receive 7s. 6d. a week.

15/- A WEEK AT 65.

From January 5, 1926, all contributors, male and female, who had been contributors to Health Insurance for five years, and who would have paid under the scheme those years' contribution—that was less than £1 a year—and were over 65 years of age, would receive 10s. a week, without any test or disabling periods of any kind. (Cheers.)

The benefits as it would be given to the wives of contributors who had retired upon pension. The introduction of p

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT AT 7.45, MATINEE SATURDAY, 2.30.
ENORMOUS SUCCESS
OF THE RATHMINES AND RATHGAR MUSICAL SOCIETY,
In Edward German's Celebrated Comic Opera,
"TOM JONES"
FULL CHORUS AND AUGMENTED ORCHESTRA.
GAIETY THEATRE.
Next week, Six Nights, Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2.30,
THE GEO. EDWARDES' DALY'S THEATRE, LONDON PRODUCTION,
(UNDER THE DIRECTION OF GEORGE GRAVES)
PERSONAL APPEARANCE OF
GEORGE GRAVES
IN THE FAREWELL VISIT OF
The Most Successful of all Musical Comedies,
"THE MERRY WIDOW."
OLGA CHESTER ..... EVAN THOMAS
As "THE MERRY WIDOW." As "DANILO."
W. H. ROWLINS ..... FLORA COURTENAY
As "NISCH." As "FROU-FROU."
And
GEORGE GRAVES.
As "POPOFF" (HIS ORIGINAL PART).
USUAL PRICES. NOW BOOKING.

OLYMPIA THEATRE
(LATE EMPIRE).
TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 7 AND 9.
THE ENORMOUSLY SUCCESSFUL REVUE,
"WINNERS OF 1925."
A NOVEL ENTERTAINMENT IN 12 EVENTS.
Powerful Cast, including
HUGH OSTLEY, RUBY STEWART,
JACK HOLDEN, JOSE COLEY, ETC.
Box Office, 11 to 6. 'Phone 3208.

ABBEY THEATRE.
LAST WEEK OF SEASON.
TO-NIGHT AND FOLLOWING NIGHTS at 8.
MATINEE SATURDAY, 2.30.
"THE PROPOSAL."
A Jest, in One Act, by Anton Tchehov.
"FANNY'S FIRST PLAY."
by George Bernard Shaw.
Booking at Theatre ..... 'Phone—3268.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.
TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 6.45 and 9
CALVERT PRODUCTIONS PRESENT
SURPRISES."
Star Cast including Frank Preston and Gus Hamilton, Alf Harlan, Arthur Ronald, Full London Beauty Chorus.
Special Notice.—Reduction in Prices for Summer Season:—Dress Circle, 2/4; Parterre, 1/3 (including Tax). No Extra Charge for Booking. Upper Circle, 9d.; Gallery, 6d. (including Tax). Booking Office open from 11 a.m. 'Phone 3016.

THE CARLTON.
ELINOR GLYNN'S
"HIS HOUR."
Featuring Aileen Pringle and John Gilbert.
PRINCESS, RATHMINES.
DOUGLAS MACLEAN in
"GOING UP".
A Wonderful Aeroplane Stunting Film.
Thursday.—SPECIAL.—"TRILBY".

THE METROPOLE.
VIRGINIA VALLI and PERCY MARMONT, in
"K—THE UNKNOWN."
A Mystery Drama from the Novel "K," by MARY ROBERTS RINEHART.
FAMOUS MUSIC MASTERS SERIES.
"BEETHOVEN."
Mimes in 6, "Sonata Pathetique," "Country Dance," "Sonata in 5 Sharp Minor."
OFFICIAL PICTURES OF THE
CUP FINAL,
SHEFFIELD UNITED v. CARDIFF CITY.

PUNCHESTOWN EVENT.
VETERINARY COLLEGE
CINDERELLA DANCE
Will be held in
THE METROPOLE BALLROOM,
TO-NIGHT.
MR. W. A. MANAHAN'S BAND
(Personally Conducted).
DANCING 9-2. TICKETS, 5/-.
EVENING DRESS.
Hon. { M. A. MOLLOY,
Secs. { V. G. HINDS.

NINE ARTS BALL
(FANCY DRESS),
METROPOLE BALLROOM,
NEXT FRIDAY, 24.
BEAUTIFUL TABLEAUX.
HANDSOME PRIZES.
Tickets 25/- (including Supper), 5/- Sale at the Metropole, Figgis, Jammet's, or from the Secretary, 57 Lower Baggot street. 'Tel. 1851.
Early application, as few tables are being reserved in the Balcony, Application should be made at once to the Secretary.

GRAND CENTRAL CINEMA.
SIR RIDER HAGGARD'S STORY.
"THE MOON OF ISRAEL."
SUPERB PRODUCTION, THRILLING
HEAVEN'S MAJESTY UNITED WITH THE TENDEREST OF HUMAN FEELINGS.
WONDERFUL SPECTACLE.
Showing at 2, 4.15, 6.30, and 8.45.

ROYAL IRISH ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
ANNUAL DISTRIBUTION OF MEDALS, &c.,
AND
PRIZE-WINNERS' CONCERT,
TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY), 29th APRIL, 8 P.M.,
METROPOLITAN HALL, LOWER ABBEY STREET.

HIBERNIAN BAND OF HOPE UNION.
TWENTY-FOURTH ANNUAL
MAY MUSICAL FESTIVAL
IN THE
METROPOLITAN HALL,
LOWER ABBEY STREET, DUBLIN,
FRIDAY EVENING, 1st MAY,
1925, AT 7.30 O'CLOCK.
CHILDREN'S CHOIR OF
200 VOICES.
CONDUCTOR: MR. J. ROBERTSON COADE.
VOCAL SOLOS, RECITATIONS, ETC., BY PRIZE-WINNERS.
Tableau: "CROWNING THE MAY QUEEN," With MAYPOLE DANCE by Pupils of St. James's Girls' School.
ACTION SONGS, GYMNASTIC DISPLAY, etc., etc.
ADMISSION: Reserved Seats and Balcony ... 1/6.
Unreserved Seats ..... 1/-.
CHILDREN HALF-PRICE. Doors Open at 6.45.

GRAFTON SCHOOL OF DANCING.
Under Direction of
MISS KATHLEEN HARRIS.
AN ENTERTAINMENT
Will be held in the
TOWN HALL, RATHMINES,
WEDNESDAY, 6th MAY,
Commencing 7.45.

ATHY 75-MILE ROAD RACE
FOR THE DUNLOP CUP.
Promoted by
ATHY MOTOR CYCLE AND CAR CLUB.
For Motor Cycles only.
16th MAY, 1925.
ROADS CLOSED FROM 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
All Entries to be sent to P. A. YOUELL (Hon. Sec.) on or before 2nd MAY NEXT. Entries Close definitely MONDAY, 4th MAY, 1925.

CINDERELLA DANCE
(Evening Dress),
TO-NIGHT, 9.30 to 1 in MISS' HALL.
By Ticket, or at Door, 5/- (including Refreshments).
In aid of the
ANIMALS' WELFARE WEEK.

NOTICE TO MEMBERS OF
RAILWAY AND STEAMSHIP COMPANIES
IRISH CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATIONS,
IRISH CIVIL SERVICE GUILDS,
FARMERS' CO-OPERATIVE UNION,
IRISH LOCAL GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS' UNION,
ST. JAMES'S GATE CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY,
NURSES OF ALL HOMES AND INSTITUTIONS,
CO-OPERATIVE GUILD OF WOMEN,
AND CO.
The usual facilities for presentation of cards. The utmost service rendered to members.
SPECIAL OFFERS ALL THIS WEEK.
THE GRAFTON STORES,
GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 9.0.
SPECIAL RETURN VISIT!
DAVE DAVIS presents the famous
SWANEE MINSTRELS.
A DUBLIN LADY: The Aquatic Marvel,
NIOBE,
Talks, Sings, Eats, and performs other sensational feats under water.
SHISHTLE'S THE TERRY TWINS, ROSIE LLOYD,
FOY & FEY, FOSTER KIRKHAM,
A New Feature Act: Par Excellence,
HOUSTON SISTERS.

LA SCALA THEATRE.
SPECIAL ATTRACTION.
"DAUGHTERS OF THE DESERT,"
Featuring
MARIA JACOBINI and HARRY LIEDTKE,
A Story of a Bedouin's Love.
Full Supporting Programme.
Orchestra.

THE GRAFTON.
ALL WEEK.
"FOR SALE,"
Featuring
CLAIRE WINDSOR, ADOLPHE MENJOU,
And
MARY CARR.
SHOWING AT 2.55, 5, 7.5, 9.10.

FEIS CEOIL, 1925.
MAY 4th-9th.
COMPETITIONS IN
METROPOLITAN HALL,
ABBEY LECTURE HALL,
SCOTCH CHURCH HALL.
Admission, 2/-. Competition Season Ticket, 10/6.

DANCES THIS WEEK,
IMPERIAL BALLROOM (CLERYS).
TO-NIGHT and SATURDAY, 8.30 P.M.
TICKETS 5/- EACH. EVENING DRESS.
ADELAIDE ORPHEUS BAND.
T. LEGGETT BYRNE.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SAORSTAT EIREANN.
IN THE COURT OF THE RAILWAY TRIBUNAL.
RAILWAYS ACT, 1924.
In the Matter of
THE STANDARD TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF CARRIAGE OF THE GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAYS COMPANY.
Whereas the Great Southern Railways Company has, in pursuance of Section 40 of the Railways Act, 1924, submitted to the Railway Tribunal
PROPOSED STANDARD TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF CARRIAGE.
(1) of Merchandise at Company's Risk Rates.
(2) of Merchandise at Owner's Risk Rates and Merchandise which is accepted at Owner's Risk only.
(3) of Live Stock at Company's Risk Rates and at Owner's Risk Rates.
(4) of Damageable Goods not properly protected by packing.
And whereas the said Proposed Standard Terms and Conditions were duly published in the manner prescribed by the Railway Tribunal:
And whereas by a Public Notice of the 11th day of March, 1925, the Railway Tribunal intimated that parties desiring to be heard upon the consideration of the said proposals should lodge their objections with the Registrar on or before the 25th day of April, 1925.
And whereas objections to the said Proposed Terms and Conditions have been so lodged:
Notice is hereby given that the Court of the Railway Tribunal will sit at the Council Chamber, City Hall, Dublin, on Tuesday, the 12th day of May, 1925, at 11 a.m., for the purpose of considering the said Proposed Terms and Conditions together with the objections thereto lodged as aforesaid.
Dated this 28th day of April, 1925.
JOHN O'BRIEN,
Registrar of the Railway Tribunal.
5 Upper Castle Yard, Dublin.
31/G4465. W.H.Co.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
SARAH KELLY, late of Windmill Hill House, Rathcoole, in the County of Dublin, Widow, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statutes 22 and 23 Vic., cap. 35, that all persons claiming to be creditors of, or otherwise to have any claims or demands upon or against the estate of the said Sarah Kelly, who died on the 16th day of March, 1925, are hereby required on or before the 3rd day of June, 1925, to furnish to the undersigned solicitors for Hugh Hanlon, of Rathcoole, in the County of Dublin, Farmer, and Patrick O'Carroll, of Rathcoole, aforesaid, Shopkeeper, the Executors named in the Will of the said Deceased, and to whom Probate of the said Will was granted on the 23rd day of April, 1925.
And notice is hereby further given that after the said 3rd day of June, 1925, the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Deceased, having regard only to the claims and demands of which notice shall have been given as above required.
Dated this 24th day of April, 1925.
DOBBYN and McCOY, Solicitors, 168 Lower Gardiner street, Dublin.

Gazette Notice—Adjudication—Public Sittings—7.
SAORSTAT EIREANN.
HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE.
IN BANKRUPTCY.
PATRICK THORNTON, of Clonsilla, Marcullen, County Galway, Farmer, was, on the 20th day of April, 1925, adjudged Bankrupt.
Public Sittings will be held before the Court, at the Law Courts, The Castle, Dublin, on Friday, the 22nd day of May, 1925, and on Friday, the 5th day of June, 1925, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, when the Bankrupt is required to attend, and to make a full disclosure and discovery of his estate and effects. Creditors may prove their debts, and at the First Sitting choose a Trustee or Assignee. At the Last Sitting the Bankrupt is required to finish his examination.
All persons who have in their possession any property of the Bankrupt should deliver it, and all debts due to the Bankrupt should be paid to A. C. Hollinshead, Official Assignee, Land Commission, The Castle, Dublin, to whom creditors may forward their affidavits of debt.
W. A. COBBE, Acting Deputy Registrar.
BENNETT THOMPSON and EDWARDS, Solicitors, 12 Molesworth street, Dublin.

IN THE GOODS OF
JOHN BOLTON, late of "Glenavagee," Stillorgan, Blackrock, Co. Dublin, and formerly of "Grenagh," Avoca avenue, Blackrock, aforesaid, Merchant, Deceased.
Take notice that on the expiration of sixty days from the date hereof an application will be lodged for Letters of Administration with the Will annexed, dated the 24th day of November, 1879, of the above named Deceased, who died on or about the 13th day of December, 1883, and under a Caveat has been entered thereto in the Principal Probate Registry, Dublin, a grant may be issued to William Henry Bolton, of Lord Romney's Seat, Maidstone, Kent, England, gentleman, the lawful son and surviving residuary legatee and devisee.
Dated this 28th day of April, 1925.
COLLIS and WARD, Solicitors, 13 Clare street, Dublin.

IN THE GOODS OF
MRS. ROSANNA BUTTERFIELD, late of 17 Upper Grand Canal street, Dublin, Widow, Deceased.
Take Notice that, pursuant to the 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35, all persons claiming to be creditors, or otherwise to have any claim or demand against the assets of the above-named Deceased Butterfield, Deceased, who died on the 17th January, 1925, are hereby required, on or before the 10th day of May, 1925, to furnish to the undersigned particulars of such claims or demands to the undermentioned Solicitors for the Administrator, and in default the Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Deceased, having regard only to the claims, notice and and particulars of which shall have been given, as above required.
Dated, 20th day of April, 1925.
FRANKS and GUILTON, Solicitors for said Administrator, 21 Lower Fitzwilliam street, Dublin.

RAILWAYS.

GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAYS.
PUNCHESTOWN RACES,
SPECIAL EXPRESS TRAINS.
ON TO-DAY.
Special Express Trains will leave Kingsbridge at 11.15 a.m. and 11.45 a.m. for Naas, returning at 5.50 p.m. and 6.0 p.m.

	FIRST CLASS.	THIRD CLASS.
Return fares	6/-	4/-

available for day of issue only.
Tickets as above fare will also be issued to Naas by 10.0 a.m. from Kingsbridge.
On each day return tickets at similar fares available for return on either date, will be issued to Sallins (or Naas from Cork, Limerick, Clonmel, Cashel, Nenagh, Birr, Monasterboice, Waterford, Kilkenny, Athlone, Banagher, Galway, and intermediate stations. Passengers from Tralee and intermediate stations can also obtain the cheap tickets to Harristown (Athy).
On each day the 11.40 a.m. ordinary train from Tullow will be altered to leave at 11.0 a.m. and run correspondingly earlier to Sallins.
The 8.0 a.m. ordinary train from Cork and the 9.0 p.m. from Kingsbridge will call at Sallins each day of the races.
M. F. KEOGH, General Manager.
Kingsbridge Station, Dublin.
April, 1925.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

The following is the order of Advertisements to-day in Irish Times:—
Front Page.
Births, Marriages and Deaths.
Education.
Horses.
Secure Rate.
Cycles and Motor Cars.
Lost and Found.
Situations Vacant and Wanted.
Medical.
Political.
Forthcoming Events.
Public Notices.
Specific Article for Sale or Wanted.
Sale by Auction.
Sporting Fixtures.
Miscellaneous.
Entertainments.
Dogs, Poultry, &c.
Wines, Spirits, &c.
Boots for Sale or Wanted.
Second Page.
Miscellaneous.
Railways.
Local Notices.
Tenders.
Auctioneers' Notices.
Land and Property to be Sold.
Shooting, &c.
Land to be Let.
Apartments, &c., to Let and Wanted.
Miscellaneous.
Third Page.
Miscellaneous.
Building and Contracting Notices.
Auctioneers' Notices.
Miscellaneous.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GIFT DAY AND SALE,
AT MISSION BUILDINGS, TOWNSEND STREET,
ON BEHALF OF THE HUNDREDS OF POOR CHILDREN WHO ATTEND OUR OUT-DOOR SCHOOLS
TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW,
APRIL 29th AND 30th.
HOURS—2.30 to 9 p.m.
COME AND HELP.

THE
SURVEYORS' INSTITUTION
(IRISH BRANCH).
ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING,
TO-MORROW (THURSDAY),
30th APRIL,
At 3.30 o'clock,
210 GRAFTON STREET.

A LECTURE ON
CHRISTIAN SCIENCE
WILL BE GIVEN AT
35 MOLESWORTH STREET,
Under the auspices of First Church of Christ, Scientist, Dublin,
On TO-MORROW (THURSDAY) EVENING,
30th APRIL, 1925, at 8 o'clock,
By DR. JOHN M. TUTT, C.S.B.,
OF KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI,
Member of the Board of Lectureship of The Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, Boston, Mass.
DOORS OPEN AT 7.30 P.M.
ALL CORDIALLY INVITED.
ADMISSION FREE.

THE
ADELAIDE HOSPITAL
(INCORPORATED),
DUBLIN.
THE 67th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING
Will be held in the BOARD ROOM of the Hospital On WEDNESDAY NEXT, 6th MAY, at 4 p.m.
Subscribers are asked to note that special Invitations for this Meeting will not be issued this year, but all friends of the Hospital are invited to attend.
The Meeting will be Open to the Public.
Tea at the conclusion of the Meeting.

NOTICE BY THE REVENUE COMMISSIONERS.
STAMP DUTY ON RECEIPTS.
It has come to the knowledge of the Revenue Commissioners that there is widespread evasion of the law relating to the stamping of receipts for the purpose of giving effect to the enactments, both on the part of receiving firms and of individuals. The attention of the public is, therefore, directed to the following provisions of the Stamp Act, 1891:—
Section 103.
"If any person—
(1) Gives a receipt liable to duty and not duly stamped; or
(2) In any case where a receipt would be liable to duty refuses to give a receipt duly stamped; or
(3) Upon a payment to the amount of Two Pounds or upwards gives a receipt for a sum not amounting to Two Pounds, or separates or divides the amount paid, or any part thereof, with that view,
he shall incur a fine of Ten Pounds."
Section 103:
"Any receipt given without being stamped may be stamped with an impressed stamp upon the terms following, that is to say—
(1) Within fourteen days after it has been given, on payment of the duty and a penalty of Five Pounds; or
(2) After fourteen days, but within one month, after it has been given, on payment of the duty and a penalty of Ten Pounds,
AND SHALL BE DEEMED TO HAVE BEEN STAMPED WITH AN IMPRESSED STAMP."
Section 101:
"(1) For the purposes of this Act the expression 'receipt' includes any note, memorandum or writing, whereby any money amounting to Two Pounds or upwards is acknowledged to have been received or paid, or whereby any debt or demand, or any part of a debt or demand, of the amount of Two Pounds or upwards is acknowledged to have been settled, satisfied, or discharged, or which entitles or imports any such acknowledgment, or whereby any chattel or stock is transferred or delivered, or agreed with the intent that a receipt may be obtained therefor, or whereby any valuable thing WHICH IS TO BE DELIVERED OR GIVE FOR THE PURPOSE OF BEING TRANSFERRED TO ANY PERSON IS GIVEN, DELIVERED OR DELIVERED IT OUT OF THE POSSESSION OF ANY PERSON."
In the cases which have come to the notice of the Commissioners up to the present they have not included the offence of failing to stamp a receipt, but they feel bound to believe that evasion of the law is widespread, and they hereby give notice that in future such offences will be prosecuted.
31/G.4464. W.H.Co.

SAORSTAT EIREANN.
APPRENTICESHIP OF INDUSTRIAL TRADES.
(Factory and Workshop Acts) and Trade Boards Acts).
The Department of Industry and Commerce invites applications for at least four vacancies for Apprenticeships, namely (one vacancy for each of the following trades):—Fitting, Turning, Pattern Making, £1 0s. to £2 0s. per week; Moulding, Brass Finishing, £1 0s. to £2 0s. per week; Sheet Metal Working, £1 0s. to £2 0s. per week. Applications for selection from boys set up by the Civil Service Commissioners after Competitive Examination. Preference will be given to ex-Army candidates.
Further particulars and forms of application can be obtained from the Secretary, Department of Industry and Commerce, Lord Edward street, Dublin.
Latest date for receiving completed forms of application, 15th May, 1925.
31/G.4462. W.H.Co.

COUNTY DUBLIN COUNTY COUNCIL.
UNIVERSITY SCHOLARSHIPS, 1925.
LEAVING CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION.
TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
Students desirous of competing for University Scholarships PROVIDED BY THE COUNTY DUBLIN COUNTY COUNCIL AND WHO DO NOT ATTEND THE CONTINUATION OR PROGRAMME AS TO PURSUING AN APPROVED COURSE OF STUDY AS PUPILS OF SECONDARY SCHOOLS, may be required to the Intermediate Commissioners' Leaving Certificate Examination at the request of the Council for the Scholarships for those Scholarships. Those students will not be eligible for the award of the Leaving Certificate.
Applications for admission to the Examination should be made on the prescribed form, copies of which may be had on application, and should reach the undersigned not later than 3 p.m. on the 12th day of May, 1925.
By Order,
SEUMUS UA LAOIDHEIN,
An Runaidhe.
County Council Offices,
Secretary's Department,
11 Parnell square, Dublin.

ROYAL HOSPITAL FOR INCURABLES.
ELECTION FOR MALE PATIENTS.
There will be an Election at this Hospital on TUESDAY, 19th MAY, 1925, at 9.30 a.m., for MALE PATIENTS.
Notice of Application for Admission may be had at the Hospital.
N.B.—The forms must be sent to the Hospital properly authenticated by the Applicant on or before 10th May, 1925, which will be the day for the Medical Examination of Applicants at the Office.
WALTER V. JONES, Registrar.

CONTRACTS.
THE DUBLIN BOROUGH COMMISSIONERS are prepared to receive Tenders for Painting the north-east angle Slate Roofs, Parsonstown Bridge, Dublin, Pembroke Department. Last Tender to be left at Pembroke Department not later than 12 noon on Friday, 8th instant.
By Order,
ARTHUR BURFIELD, Town Clerk.

WEATHER FORECAST.
(General Inference.—Pressure is high to the south and west of the British Isles and low to the east and east. Winds are moderate to fresh south-east and north, with cold, unsettled weather.
N.W. Ireland.—Wind north-east to north, moderate or fresh locally; variable; dry; cold showers; visibility good.
S.W. Ireland.—Wind north-east to north, moderate or fresh locally; mainly fair, apart from local showers; visibility good or rather cold.
All Irish Seaboards.—Wind north to north-east, moderate to fresh locally; variable; dry; cold showers; visibility good; sea moderate.

Dixon and Hemphill, Barometer and Thermometer Makers, 12 Suffolk street, Dublin.—(Advt.)

Readings.
Dublin—Tuesday (6 p.m.) 29.90
Do. (Next Day) 29.90
Today—Rise 0.24
Yesterday—Rise 0.30
Highest Temp. 54
Lowest Temp. 36
HIGH WATER.
Dublin.
Today—A.M. 4.25
P.M. 5.17

The Irish Times

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 29, 1925.

NEWS SUMMARY.

IRELAND.

Mr. Joseph Devlin and Mr. Thomas McAllister, two Nationalist members, took their seats in the House of Commons of Northern Ireland yesterday, and participated in the debate on the Land Bill.—(Page 7.)

GREAT BRITAIN.

Mr. Churchill introduced his Budget in the House of Commons yesterday.—(Pages 5 and 7.)

A report of the Comptroller and Auditor-General issued in London last night states that there was a loss of £3,395 on the year's working of the National Stud Farm at Tully, County Kildare.—(Page 8.)

ABROAD.

In the course of the Malabar Hill murder trial yesterday Mumtaz Begum said that she was a prisoner at the Court of Indore for ten years.—(Page 8.)

Speaking in the House of Assembly, Capetown, yesterday, General Hertzog, the Nationalist Prime Minister, expressed the view that the secession of the Union of South Africa from the British Commonwealth would be a flagrant mistake and a national disaster.—(Page 8.)

Field-Marshal von Hindenburg will be inaugurated as President of Germany on May 9th. Party opinions of the likely trend of events are in direct conflict.—(Page 8.)

SPORTING.

At Punchestown yesterday Ingomar won the Prince of Wales' Plate, Amberwave the Maiden Plate, School Girl the Tickell Cup, Alice Whitethorn the Kildare Hunt Cup, Brown Ivy the Governor-General's Cup and Shingled Shorter the Drogheda Plate.—(Page 10.)

At Newmarket Phanarite won the First Spring Two-Year-Old Stakes.—(Page 10.)

At Ayr Cross Appeal won the Eglinton Handicap.—(Page 10.)

FINANCIAL.

London Stock Markets were quiet, pending Budget changes. British Rails improved.—(Page 11.)

Money was in active demand, and loans commanded from 4 to 5 per cent. Discounts were firm. Gold recovered slightly in price on the set-back in sterling.—(Page 11.)

Dublin Market was steady. National Loan recovered portion of the deducted dividend at 94, and Bank Stock was unchanged. Guinness rose 5-16 to 64.—(Page 11.)

Mr. Churchill's Budget.

Mr. Winston Churchill's first Budget was awaited with keen interest by the whole British people, and those who expected big things from the new Chancellor have not been disappointed. It is, in many respects, a simple Budget, but it contains features which must appeal at once to the imagination of the people. It is calculated not only to foster the trade of the country, but also to inaugurate a new era of social reform. In the short time at his disposal Mr. Churchill has done remarkably well, and when he sat down yesterday after a two hours' speech even the saints of Socialism could scarce forbear to cheer. On the year's working the Chancellor found himself with a realised surplus of some three and a half million pounds. He estimated for an expenditure during the current year of £790,400,000, or nearly ten million pounds in excess of last year's figure, and for a revenue, on the existing basis of taxation, of £826,000,000, consisting of £711,500,000 tax and £114,500,000 non-tax revenue. The estimated surplus, therefore, is £26,600,000. In order to increase this sum by, roughly, ten million pounds, Mr. Churchill has decided to impose import duties on silks of all kinds, artificial as well as natural, and to restore the famous McKenna duties on imported motor cars and musical instruments. He has placed a purely protective tariff of £4 per hundredweight on hops for a period of four years. The "implementing" of the resolutions which were passed at the Imperial Conference in the autumn of 1923 completes his programme so far as import duties are concerned. The duty on dried fruits will be abolished, preferential rates on tobacco and wines will be increased, and sugar will be replaced on the preference list for a period of ten years.

These new duties bring Mr. Churchill's surplus to about £36,830,000. He proposes to use this sum, in the first place, to reduce the income tax, which hitherto has stood at four shillings and sixpence in the pound. He has achieved this object in a very ingenious way. The standard rate of income tax is reduced by sixpence—that is to say, to the same level as that of the Free State; but Mr. Churchill has gone further. Realising the obvious fact that the man with the small income suffers heavily under the present system, he has increased the "earned" allowance from one-tenth to one-sixth, and the maximum amount of that allowance from £200 to £250, with the result that those who are in receipt of incomes below £1,000 per annum will secure relief which will be equivalent on the average to an additional sum of sixpence in the pound. Furthermore, Mr. Churchill has reduced the super-tax. This reduction is made part passu with an increase, of varying amounts, in death duties on all estates between £12,500 and £800,000, and the net result to the nation is the transfer of an annual burden of about £10,000,000 from income to capital. It may be a mournful consolation to citizens of the Free State to discover that they can die more cheaply in this country than in England; but the new income tax regulations leave them still at a disadvantage so far as living is concerned. The reduction in income tax and super-tax will be of enormous benefit to British trade. It will release large sums of money for use in private enterprise, and, with the restoration of the gold standard which Mr. Churchill announced at the beginning of his speech—the way ought now to be clear for a real revival of industry.

The most novel feature of Mr. Churchill's Budget, however, deals with insurance. Henceforward old age pensions will be granted at the age of sixty-five, without any inquiry in regard to means. All existing restrictions will be swept away, and not only will insured persons be given a ten shillings pension, but widows of those who have contributed for five years will receive a weekly allowance of ten shillings for life, with additional benefits of five shillings for the first, and three shillings for every additional child. The scheme will be contributory. Men will pay fourpence and women twopence a week; employers will pay like amounts, and the balance will be paid by the State at an estimated capital cost of £750,000,000. In eighty years, according to Mr. Churchill, the scheme will be self-supporting, but in the meanwhile contributions will be raised every ten years until they reach a *maximum* of sevenpence per week. This is, probably, the most ambitious scheme of State insurance in the history of the world, and Mr. Churchill has done a great service to Conservatism by his courage in putting it into operation. Northern Ireland, of course, will reap the fullest advantage from this new scheme; and for that reason we in the Free State have more than an academic interest in it. We may hope that next year Mr. Blythe will see his way not only to reduce our income tax to the British standard, but also to relieve our old age pensioners of their present disadvantages. A competition in economy and tax reduction between the Free State and Great Britain will be of great benefit to both countries. Mr. Churchill, in aiming at a progressive saving of £10,000,000 a year, with corresponding relief for the taxpayers, offers an excellent lead to Mr. Blythe.

The Northern Parliament.

The opening division in the Northern House of Commons yesterday was taken on a clause of the Civil Pensions Bill. Twenty-seven members supported the Government, and nine voted in the minority—three Labour members, three Independent Unionists, two Nationalists and one representative of the "unpurchased tenants." This division made parliamentary history in Northern Ireland; for it was the first in which all the elements of the new Opposition were represented. The two Nationalists were Mr. Joseph Devlin and Mr. Thomas McAllister, who, by taking their seats yesterday, broke the boycott that had persisted since the foundation of the Northern Parliament. It was a foolish and barren boycott, as Mr. Devlin admitted, last Saturday, to a Nationalist deputation in Belfast. He said then that no good purpose could be served by a further disfranchisement of his constituents, and he made an admirable statement of the motives which had impelled him to take his seat. He believes that his presence in Parliament will promote a "beneficial *rapprochement*" between the Protestants and Roman Catholics of the North, which will tend ultimately to "a fraternity of friendship" between North and South. Mr. Devlin mentioned half-a-dozen of the social and economic policies which he hoped to be able to forward in the interests of Northern progress and of national good-will. The reception of his statement by Belfast Unionism is a most encouraging proof of the swift growth of a new spirit in Ulster. If he spoke like Diomedes, the Unionist newspapers replied like Glaucus. They praised his political gifts in the highest terms, sympathised with his aspirations and gave him a hearty welcome to the Northern House of Commons. How much that assembly will gain in liveliness and interest from the presence of an active Opposition was proved within a couple of hours after Mr. Devlin had taken his seat. He is a shrewd fighter, and he made his *début* with an effective attack on the Government's Land Purchase Bill, arguing that it put the Northern tenants in a position greatly inferior to that of tenants in the Free State, and that the Government ought to have got, and could have got, better terms from the Imperial Parliament. Sir James Craig and his colleagues cannot ignore the force of Mr. Devlin's criticism. They may have a sound defence, but now they must take pains to justify their policy in detail, whereas, in the late Parliament, their unchallenged supremacy made them a law unto themselves. The free play of thought in the new Parliament will be an excellent thing for the Government and for the people of Northern Ireland. It will sharpen the Government's wits, will make it more sensitive to popular opinion, will reveal the community of interests among all classes and creeds, and—not last or least—will generate feelings of mutual sympathy and respect that must react happily upon all the relations between North and South. We are confident that the eight other Nationalists who have been elected to Northern seats will not delay to follow the example of Messrs. Devlin and McAllister. An Opposition of seventeen in a House of fifty-two members cannot fail to oxygenate the atmosphere, and to broaden the outlook of Northern politics.

Small Pox.

In the Midlands of England smallpox has become virtually endemic. The rapid spread of the disease since 1922 has caused grave alarm. Three years ago there was a slight increase in the number of weekly notifications, but in the early months of 1923 there were four cases for one in 1922. During the summer of 1923 an epidemic raged in Gloucestershire, recalling the ravages of the disease in old days before modern sanitation and vaccination attacked the evil. In the first three months of this year the weekly figure has been fifteen times higher than in the corresponding period in 1922, and, while the disease spreads, so, too, it grows in virulence. The Medical Correspondent of *The Times* declares that the neglect of vaccination in many cases is responsible for this menace to the nation's health. "We are rapidly approaching the circumstances," he writes, "in which a really serious and deadly outbreak of smallpox may be expected." Neglect of vaccination is probably more rife in Ireland than in any part of Britain; for, although the law which granted exemption to conscientious objectors to the practice never was extended to Ireland, the law of compulsion was allowed to remain a dead letter. Opponents of vaccination may point to our country's comparative freedom from the scourge, and may declare that the absence of infection from areas like County Wexford, in which vaccination is so largely neglected, proves that modern science can be disregarded. They should remember, however, by what means our country was rid of the plague, and should consider whether an unvaccinated population can hope to escape a mortal toll if infection once should gain a footing.

A West African King.

Most of the chocolate consumed among us is a product of the Gold Coast. There, during the visit paid by the Prince of Wales to Ashanti, a situation occurred which justifies description by the over-used epithet of dramatic. A palaver of native chiefs was held at Kumasi as a welcome for the heir to the Imperial Throne. Under the blinding African sun, and to the wild native music, the barbaric chieftains paid their homage to the white prince. From a point of vantage there gazed down upon this brilliant scene a dusky middle-aged gentleman attired in European dress. He took no part in the ceremony, this mild spectator; but there was a time when he stood in the Prince's place and received bloody tributes from still savage subjects. Once he was King Prempeh, who twice made war upon the British Empire, and sacrificed his captives before the fetish tree. Old Kumasi was burned—to-day a new and prosperous city has arisen—and the Golden Stool of Ashanti sovereignty was carried to Britain, while Prempeh was deposed and carried into captivity. He spent twenty-seven years in exile, and was allowed recently to return to his native country, a humbled man, to receive a house and small farm on which to spend his declining years. In exile Prempeh came to accept the Christian faith, and he is said to have no ambition save to spread among his wildom subjects the ideals to which barbarism slowly surrenders throughout the world. What were the thoughts of the deposed monarch as he watched his people's demonstration of loyalty to the new order?

AN ENJOYABLE DAY.

FASHIONABLE THRONG IN THE STANDS.

(From Our Lady Correspondent.)

"Well, we've all enjoyed the day." That was the universal refrain of the crowds on their homeward way from Punchestown yesterday. Despite gloomy prophecies about the day, the weather proved much better than was anticipated, and, with the shower of rain fell at an unwelcome moment, there was really no cause for grumbling. Although many changes have taken place in recent years, and numerous old familiar faces are missed from the gathering, particularly in the Hunt Stand enclosure, Punchestown possesses a vitality that makes good under all conditions.

There was a large gathering in the Hunt Stand and Grand Stand enclosures long before the time for the first race, and the crowds that made the journey to the course by motor must have constituted a record. The lateness of the spring was probably responsible for the sombre colours prevailing in the enclosures. Winter costumes and even fur coats were extensively patronised by the majority of the ladies present, while those who favoured more spring-like attire must have found the keen wind somewhat trying. Many attractive examples of the new millinery were seen and admired, especially the bright red and the jade green *cloches* worn with black or dark costumes.

The portion of the Hunt Stand formerly allocated to the Vicregal party, but now renamed "The Stewards' Stand," was well filled during the day, the Governor-General and a party from the Vicregal Lodge and several members of the Government being amongst the occupants.

THE ATTENDANCE.

Amongst those present were:—The Marquis and Marchioness of Headfort, Lady Millicent Taylour, the Earl and Countess of Mayo, Viscount and Viscountess Powerscourt, the Hon. Doreen Wingfield, Lady Eva Forbes, Lord Southampton, Lord Bellew, Lord and Lady Digby, Lord Holmpatrick, the Hon. Sybil Hamilton, Lady Hemphill, Sir Thomas and Lady Edina Ainsworth, Major Dermot McCalmont and Lady Helen McCalmont and party, General Sir Bryan and Lady Mahon, Sir Walter and Lady Nugent, Lady Weldon, Sir Anthony and Mr. T. Weldon, the Hon. Mrs. Digby, Lord Holmpatrick, the Hon. Sybil Hamilton, Lady Hemphill, Sir Thomas and Lady Edina Ainsworth, Major Dermot McCalmont and Lady Helen McCalmont and party, General Sir Bryan and Lady Mahon, Sir Walter and Lady Nugent, Lady Weldon, Sir Anthony and Mr. T. Weldon, the Hon. Mrs. Digby, Lord Holmpatrick, the Hon. Sybil Hamilton, Lady Hemphill, Sir Thomas and Lady Edina Ainsworth, Major Dermot McCalmont and party, General Sir Bryan and Lady Mahon, Sir Walter and Lady Nugent, Lady Weldon, Sir Anthony and Mr. T. Weldon, the Hon. Mrs. Stern, Mr. and Mrs. Mrs. Baring, Sir John Arnotts, Captain and Mr. Arnotts, Mr. Van Cutsem, the Hon. Mrs. Dewhurst, Sir R. and Lady Coote, Sir Christopher and Lady Nixon, the Misses Nixon, General and

SOCIAL REFORM BUDGET.

MR. CHURCHILL'S PROPOSALS.

6D. OFF INCOME TAX: EXTRA RELIEF FOR EARNED INCOMES.

SUPER-TAX REDUCED: DEATH DUTIES INCREASED.

PENSIONS FOR WIDOWS.

10/- OLD AGE PENSIONS AT 65 FOR ALL INSURED PERSONS.

	This Year. £	Full Year. £
Income Tax reduced by 6d. to 4/- in the £	24,000,000	32,000,000
Extra relief to incomes under £1,500	3,000,000	7,500,000
Super Tax decrease to correspond with increased Death Duties	6,700,000	10,000,000
Imperial Preference on Dried Fruits, Tobacco, Wines, and Sugar	1,470,000	1,720,000
	Revenue This Year £	Revenue Next Year £
Increase in Death Duties	4,500,000	10,000,000
New Tax on Silks—National and Artificial	4,000,000	7,000,000
£4 a cwt. on Hops	130,000	250,000
McKenna Duties Re-Imposed	1,500,000	3,000,000

THE above are the main provisions in Mr. Churchill's Budget, which was introduced in the House of Commons yesterday.

It was not a brilliant Budget speech, but opinion is unanimous that it is a clever and, perhaps, brilliant Budget. Mr. Churchill was very much at his ease in the speech. He delighted in throwing out hints as to what he was going to do, and then leaving a long interval before announcing it.

Although Mr. Churchill, moreover, was supremely master of the occasion, he did not quite succeed inmaking his meaning clear as he went along. The result, however, was an ingenious creation, which will cause as much discussion from many points of view as the scheme of National Health Insurance when it was put forward by M.. Lloyd George some fourteen years ago.

A SOCIAL REFORM BUDGET.

Lobby comments made on first impressions to-night indicate that it is mainly as a social reform Budget that it will take rank. Labour is patently depressed by the bold achievement of the Conservatives in giving effect to old age pensions at 65 and to widows' pensions.

Independent observers suggest that by this stroke the Conservatives have made certain of office for ten years to come, and that is hardly pleasing for the Opposition parties.

SUPER-TAX REDUCTION.

Reductions range from 9d. in the £ on incomes of £2,000 to £2,500 to 6d. on incomes of £10,000 to £15,000. No change above that total. Details of the present proposed scales are shown in a table published elsewhere.

The outstanding features of the Budget, beyond the alterations in taxation, were Mr. Churchill's proposals for pensions for widows and orphans and for 10/- a week to all insured persons reaching the age of 65, regardless of their wage-earning capacity or their savings.

Persons over 65 with incomes from investments not exceeding £500 are to be taxed on the earned income scale.

POINTS FROM MR. CHURCHILL'S SPEECH.

Estimated surplus, £4,024,000. Realised surplus, £3,569,000.

War pensions not to be funded.

Great Britain would revert to free market for gold on December 31st.

General licence given to Bank of England for export of gold from to-day.

This did not mean the adaptation of gold coinage. That was quite unnecessary.

Britain had a gold reserve of £153,000,000, and the Treasury had accumulated the whole of the 166,000,000 dollars required for American debt obligations this year.

Cabinet Committee would overhaul blocks of recurring expenditure, in addition to annual scrutiny.

A total progressive reduction of supply expenditure of not less than 10 millions a year should be aimed at.

They had to face loss of revenue of £14,000,000 on account of remission of taxation granted by Mr. Snowden.

I am not counting on German repayments, or payments by our European Allies, or any payment by the Irish Free State under Article V. of the Treaty.

All parts of the British Empire, as well as other parts of the world, were reverting to a gold standard. This will facilitate a revival of trade.

Estimated receipts from Customs and Excise at £235,000,000, as against £234,500,000 in the year just closed.

The receipts from income tax and from super tax and death duties exceeded his predecessor's estimate by sixteen millions for last year.

The total yield of the Inland Revenue at 499 millions. The total tax revenue, 711¼ millions.

An estimated surplus on the existing basis of taxation in 1925, £26,600,000. Taking everything into consideration, we are justified in considering that satisfactory.

The needs of public policy could be summarised in a sentence: Security to the home of the wage-earner, against exceptional misfortunes, and encouragement of enterprise by the relief of burdens resting on industry.

Death duties increased by additions, which did not affect the estates of moderate men, as increases only began at £12,500, and did not affect estates of small magnitudes, who were already very highly taxed. Estimated yield £10,000,000 in full year, and £4,500,000 this year.

Series of duties on luxuries. One was new revenue duty upon silk—natural, artificial, partly manufactured or manufactured—by means of a carefully tabulated scale of duties. Estimated revenue £4,000,000 in 1925, and £7,000,000 next year.

Protective duty on hops of £4 a cwt., and would be limited to four years. To produce £130,000 in the first year, and £250,000 in each subsequent years.

The McKenna duties must be restored on July 1st.

The estimated surplus raised by additions from duties, none of which fell on the mass of the people, to £36,830,000.

New pension scheme to cover the whole area of the wage-earning population, largely represented by 15 million people, already insured under Health Insurance Scheme. They represented, with the dependents, thirty millions of people, or about 70 per cent. of the entire population. Contribution fourpence for men and twopence for women.

Contribution of State would enable the whole scheme to be brought into operation in successive stages, beginning on January 4th next.

The present capital value of the additional liability to be undertaken by the State under the scheme had been computed at nearly 750 millions.

Contributions of employers and employed will be raised by one penny each man and a halfpenny per woman in the tenth, twentieth, and thirtieth year of the scheme to a maximum in 1936 of sevenpence.

By the tenth year on this basis the cost to the State of the new scheme would be 15 millions, the fifteenth year 20 millions, the twentieth year 24 millions; but by the thirtieth year it would decline to 21 millions. In eighty years the new pension scheme and the existing old age pension scheme would be on a wholly self-supporting basis.

The fall in cost of war pensions in every stage would largely exceed the new pensions scheme.

The charges on the new scheme would be defrayed by ten annual instalments of five and three-quarter millions from 1926.

Widows would have 10s. a week for life and 2s. and 3s. for children until 14 years old.

Present impositions, restrictions, and means tests for old age pensions abolished. This would affect about one hundred thousand persons. There were 75,000 men over 70 now earning some wages who were debarred from pensions.

Recommendations and proposals of the British Government at the Imperial Conference of 1923, in so far as those recommendations did not involve duties upon food of any kind, would be adopted. Duties on dried fruits of all kinds removed; increase of preference on Empire wines and tobaccos; preference on Empire sugar restored. These preferences to remain for ten years.

The super-tax at its present rate constituted an excessive burden both upon enterprise and the saving power of the nation, and is an impediment to the creation of that new wealth, without which our present load of expenditure and debt could not be borne. Super-tax to be reduced to approximately the same extent as the proposed increase in death duties. The new relief and the new burden would meet one another.

The cost of the reduction of the super-tax would amount to £6,700,000 this year and £10,000,000 in a full year. The new scale of death duties would yield £6,500,000 in the first year and £10,000,000 in a full year.

For smaller income tax payers the same principle of relief would be applied, and an advantage given to earned income as against investment income. At present the relief afforded to earned income as against investment income was one-tenth, with a maximum relief of £300. Proposed to increase that relief to one-sixth, with a maximum allowance of £360. Broadly speaking, over the whole mass of income tax payers with under £1,000 a year, this favourable relief to earned incomes would give a benefit on the average equal to 6d. in the standard rate, and, of course, much higher on the smaller classes of income.

The cost of this income tax relief would be three millions in 1925 and 7½ millions in a full year.

The standard rate of income tax is reduced by sixpence. That would cost twenty-four millions in the first year and thirty-two millions in a full year.

THE PROVOST OF TRINITY COLLEGE.

VISIT TO CANADA AND U.S.A.

The Provost of Trinity College, Dublin, has left Dublin for Canada, where he is to fulfil a large number of preaching engagements in Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto, and in the Diocese of Niagara. He was to have represented the home Church (on the nomination of the Archbishop of Canterbury) at the jubilee of the latter diocese; but the jubilee celebrations have been postponed in consequence of the lamented death of Bishop Clark. The Provost also will visit Harvard, Columbia University and other educational institutions in the United States before he returns to Ireland at the end of June.

THE BALANCE SHEET

INCOME.

Customs	£162,000,000
Excise	127,250,000
Motor Duties	17,000,000
Death Duties	60,000,000
Stamps	24,000,000
Land Tax, etc.	1,000,000
Income Tax	282,000,000
Super Tax	63,500,000
Excess Profits Duty	4,000,000
Corporation Profits Tax	9,000,000
Postal, Telegraph and Telephones	57,000,000
Crown Lands	600,000
Interest on Loans	12,650,000
Miscellaneous Receipts	14,000,000
Special Receipts	30,000,000
Total	£801,900,000

EXPENDITURE.

Debt Services	£325,000,000
Road Fund	15,000,000
To Local Taxation [Northern Ireland Subsidiary Share, £4,000,000]	15,250,000
Other Services	2,000,000
Land Settlement	700,000
Army	44,500,000
Navy	60,000,000
Air Force	15,515,000
Civil Services	223,000,000
Customs, Excise and Inland Revenue	11,201,000
Post Office	52,958,000
Total	£799,000,000
Surplus	£1,900,000

RELIEF FOR SMALLER INCOMES.

Increase of relief for earned incomes from 15 per cent (maximum £3,000) to 16⅔—one sixth—(maximum £360).

The tax of a married man, with an earned income of £300, reduced by 4½ per cent., an equivalent of 2s. on the standard rate.

The tax of a married man with three children and an earned income of £500 will be reduced by one-quarter—that is, 1s. 1½d. on the standard rate.

In the case of an earned income of £750, the tax will be reduced to £661 2s. 6d.—that is, 1-12th, or 10½d. on the standard rate.

Income tax payers, with income under 1,000 a year—60 per cent of the total number—will receive relief of an average of 6d. in the £ on the standard rate of earned income. Above £3,000, the only relief will be on the £50.

IMPERIAL PREFERENCE.

The removal of the duties on Empire dried fruits.

An increase in the preference on Imperial grown tobacco from 1-6th to 1-4th of the full rate of duty.

An increase in the preference on heavy wines from 1-3rd to 2-5ths.

An increase of preference on the surtax on sparkling wines from 30 per cent. to 50 per cent.

Sugar preference restored to 4s. 3½d. per cwt. for ten years.

OLD-AGE PENSIONERS.

All contributors to health insurance for 5 years, and to new scheme for 2 years, to receive 10s. a week at age of 65, irrespective of earning capacity.

PENSIONS FOR WIDOWS.

10s. per week for widows of men insured under new scheme, who die after January 4th, 1926.

5s. per week for eldest child until age of 14.

3s. per week for other child until age of 14.

All widows of insured men, who die before that date, will receive benefits and allowances in respect to children until youngest child reaches the age of 14. Orphan children to be granted 7s. 6d. a week.

ZINOVIEFF AND COMMUNISM.

THE WORLD REVOLUTION.

RIGA, Tuesday.

At the All-Russian Communist Party Conference, Zinovieff, reporting the activities of the Communist International, urged that the revolutionary movement in Europe was only apparently weakening, and declared that the Russian Communist Party must overcome difficulties by employing more energetic methods. Eight years of expedience had not only shown that the moment for world revolution had become more remote, but owing to the altered political grouping, the route of the revolutionary movement in the near future would be through England, the Far East, the Balkans, and South-Eastern Europe, but especially England, where growing revolutionary tendencies were assuming the form of a national liberating movement.

It was a clever move on the part of the Russian trade delegates to yield liberally on many points to the British trade unionists at the London Conference, but he declared that only pressure on the part of the masses could give duration to an agreement with elements belonging to the Amsterdam Internationale.

Zinovieff protested against the depression within the party, and criticised the party's apathy towards the world revolution, interest in which, he said, must not be replaced by questions of a purely national character.—(Reuter.)

THE PRINCE AND SOUTH AFRICA.

REPLY TO MESSAGE OF WELCOME.

CAPE TOWN, Tuesday.

Replying to a message of welcome from the South African Government, the Prince of Wales says:—"I heartily reciprocate the feelings of the people of the Union, and know that my tour will be full of interest, and that I shall carry with me the happiest recollections of my stay in their country."

The administrators of the Cape and the Transvaal have received similar replies, reciprocating their messages conveying good wishes.—(Reuter.)

AN ABSENT BRIDEGROOM.

WEDDING POSTPONED.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

CLONES, Tuesday.

At the village of Newbliss, Co. Monaghan, this morning a bridegroom disappointed a large wedding party by not attending the Church or sending an explanation, and the wedding had to be postponed.

All arrangements had been made for the wedding. The bridegroom had been staying for some days at his mother's home near the town, and as late as 11 p.m. last night had been to the bride's house, when everything was arranged for the wedding.

Shortly before 9 a.m. this morning five motor cars turned up for the wedding. The bride, two bridesmaids, and the "best man" were in readiness awaiting the bridegroom. After some hours' waiting the uncle of the bride, accompanied by two members of the Civic Guard, went to where the bridegroom had been staying, but found the doors locked and left again.

At the Church another party of friends were waiting, as well as the officiating clergyman, but in the absence of the contracting parties all of them left after a time.

OPINIONS ON THE BUDGET.

GOLD STANDARD WILL HELP TRADE.

INCOME-TAX RELIEF

PERSONAL TRIUMPH FOR MR. CHURCHILL

LORD DECIES (Income-Tax Payers' Society):

Of course, we are disappointed that it is not a shilling, but the main thing is there is sixpence off income tax. It is clear that Mr. Churchill has gone out to help the smaller man, and the concession to super-taxpayers is in the interest of trade.

SIR HARRY BRITTAIN, M.P.:

One of the most brilliant Budgets in my experience. It gives help all round, and does not forget the black-coated workers, so hard hit of late years.

LADY ASTOR:

The widows' pension scheme will help widows to live, but will not keep them.

MISS WILKINSON (only Woman Labour M.P.):

I am disappointed that the widows' pension scheme is to be a contributory scheme, with wages getting so low. Furthermore, the inclusion of all widows means that the woman who was in industry until she was fifty or sixty, is contributing to the payment of pensions to people who are perfectly well able to earn their own living.

MR. BALL (Secretary of the Silk Association of Great Britain and Ireland).

The proposed silk duties will speedily give employment to 40 per cent. more workers.

MR. LUCK (a Big Hop-Grower):

Control has been a failure, and the duties on hops will facilitate more employment and the re-planting of destroyed acreage.

COLONEL WILLEY (President of Federation of British Industries):

It is a great relief to have the uncertainty which had prevailed regarding the country's monetary policy, definitely settled. As the Federation had always held, a return to the gold standard should ultimately prove beneficial to British trade, not only by restoring a reasonable measure of elasticity to our currency system, but even more in bringing us a step nearer to the stability of conditions in the world trade. The immediate effect of the decision, however, might, in certain contingencies connected with the influence of price levels, here and in America, on the new standard, create difficulties involving, perhaps, a series of adjustments in wage rates. For the moment, too, the present difficulties of export trade would be increased.

MR GEORGE TERRELL (President of the National Union of Manufacturers):

It is a pity the Chancellor of the Exchequer mixed the scheme of social reform involved in his National Insurance proposals with his financial statement. Industry is to-day staggering under excessive burdens, and any proposal to add to them under any pretext is bound to meet with opposition. The proposed restoration of the McKenna duties and the duty on imported silk are excellent, and will help the industries concerned, and so tend to reduce unemployment. The reduction of sixpence off the income tax is satisfactory, as far as it goes. It is probably as much as could be expected, but it will hardly compensate for the burdens of increased National Insurance.

SIR ARTHUR SHIRLEY BENN, M.P.

An extremely good Budget, but I hope it will be shown that it will not mean the stabilising of our expenditure. Naturally, people will hope that as the years pass by more pensions will die out, but if the widows' insurance scheme is to make expenditure equally great, it will need some thinking over.

MR. GEORGE LANSBURY, M.P.

From the personal point of view, the Budget speech was one of the most brilliant I have heard. It was a great personal success to Mr. Winston Churchill. I do not think that the widows' pension scheme will be such a relief to the poor law as had been apparently anticipated. The widows' pension scheme will prove totally inadequate, if it is anything like the present unemployment benefit scheme.

CAPTURE OF HAWAII.

U.S. NAVAL AND MILITARY MANŒUVRES.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday.

The American combined Naval and Military manœuvres have ended in the Pacific with the theoretical capture of Hawaii Island by the attackers, the "Blue Fleet."

The "Blue Fleet" was aided by a large force of aerial bombers. This last decisive attack on Hawaii Island followed the capture of the islands of Molokai, Maui and Lanai by the "Blue Fleet." The land defence forces were very easily defeated. According to the experts, the manœuvres have proved that the present defences of Hawaii are not strong enough to resist an attack by a strong enemy fleet, and that in time of war the islands could be captured by an enemy with a little difficulty or loss.

THREATENED BLIND MAN.

CHARGE AT WATERFORD.

On the charge of demanding money by menaces from a blind man, John Joseph Cahan, Tramore, Waterford, and John Dunphy, Knockeen, Waterford, were remanded at Waterford yesterday. The blind man, John Hayes, Munmahorge, Tramore, was visited at his house, it was said, and called the defendants a pair of blackguards. Cahan then threatened to shoot, and Mrs. Hayes ran to the assistance of the blind man. The raiders then made off.

THE NEW SUPER-TAX RATES.

	Existing Rates in the £ s. d.	Proposed Rates in the £ s. d.	Free State Rates in the £ s. d.
On the first £2,000 of the Income			
On the next £500 (to £2,500)	1 6	0 9	1 3
,, ,, £500 (to £3,000)	2 6	1 6	2 0
,, ,, £1,000 (to £4,000)	3 6	2 3	2 9
,, ,, £1,000 (to £5,000)	4 6	3 0	3 6
,, ,, £1,000 (to £6,000)	5 6	3 9	4 3
,, ,, £1,000 (to £7,000)	6 6	4 6	5 0
,, ,, £1,000 (to £8,000)	7 6	5 3	5 9
,, ,, £2,000 (to £10,000)	8 6	6 0	6 6
,, ,, £5,000 (to £15,000)	9 6	6 9	7 3
,, ,, £5,000 (to £20,000)	10 6	7 6	8 0
,, ,, £10,000 (to £30,000)	11 6	8 3	8 9
On the remainder (above £30,000)	12 6	9 0	9 6

PERFECT DAY AT PUNCHESTOWN.

HUNTING PEOPLE IN GREAT NUMBERS.

THE PASSING OF THE TOP-HAT.

The happy experiences of visitors yesterday will give the greatest possible assistance to Punchestown's return to favour as an enjoyable social event.

However good the arrangements, bad weather could have marred everything; but yesterday the weather was ideal, and put everybody in the humour to appreciate the many provisions for their comfort and enjoyment at the pleasant Kildare venue.

THE GATHERING.

The attendance was excellent: old frequenters seemed to be in agreement that it was the best since the war. At times one might not have been impressed by the size of the crowds in the places usually most thronged. One had to take into account, however, the effect of the fine weather, which encouraged people to leave the shelters and to move freely about the paddock and the walks, while on the open side people who in bad weather would have remained near the railings were encouraged by the excellent state of the ground to walk across the fields to the various banks and fences.

The crowd, accordingly, was spread out. Still, while the races were being run, the stands were full, and before long the visitor was sure enough that the gathering was a very good Punchestown attendance and an advance on recent years.

The Kildare Hunt Stand, with its seats under shelter that would have given great advantage had the day been less fair, was well occupied, and the enclosure in front of it frequently contained the best assembly of hunting folk seen in Ireland in recent times. Some visitors were there who had not been at a Punchestown meeting for years. A number of the rooms behind the stands were open, under the auspices of the principal Dublin clubs, and Army officers had the use of the large building immediately behind the Kildare Hunt Stand entrance.

GOVERNOR-GENERAL ARRIVES.

The Governor-General arrived a little while before the first race, and was received by General Sir Bryan Mahon and other representatives of the organisers of the meeting. He was accompanied by a party which included the ladies of his family, and was attended by Commandant O'Reilly, A.D.C. President Cosgrave was also present.

National Army and Civic Guard officers in uniform were numerous among the visitors. The day of top hats and formal dress for men at Punchestown is passed, but the attire of two noted Senators recalled the strictest traditions of the meeting; and among the scarlet-coated Stewards the Earl of Mayo was seen to have retained the "topper," while his colleagues wore hunting caps.

Ladies formed at least as large a proportion of the attendance as in old days; but whether present fashions are quieter or ladies, like the men, are inclined to be "sensible" rather than formal in their attire for such an occasion, there seemed to be less obvious display of striking fashions than one recalls in former scenes of colour.

The fairness of the horse-drawn cars was more noticeable than the increase in the number of motor cars, for the reason that where the arrangements for the approach and parking of cars were so good, no confusion occurred to draw attention to the traffic. Hundreds of motor cars made their way easily to the vicinity of the stands, and were parked in excellent order without fuss. At the end of the day they got away with equal smoothness and celerity. The provision of a new motor park, served by a new road by the "Dublin Gap," and the direction of traffic at the main entrance, had to do with that result. Nothing but praise for the arrangements was to be heard; and it was all the heartier in that motorists from Dublin found the route as a whole in good condition.

WEATHER'S ONE LAPSE.

On the course itself, mounted men of the National Army did good work in clearing the "straight" of trespassers; and the Civic Guard arrangements in connection with traffic and general police work were thorough in the extreme.

As the time for the first race approached, after a fine morning and a pleasant journey, visitors were feeling secure in the prospect of an unchequered day. Suddenly the sky darkened and a sharp shower of rain came sweeping over the course. Happily, that was the only failing of the weather. In a few minutes the sun was shining again, and for the rest of the day the air was pleasant and the wind slight; and it was not until the time for home-going that even the threat of rain re-appeared. It was a perfect day for Punchestown. There was little direct sunshine, but a pleasant light played over the whole countryside and caught every touch of colour: the gorse that blossomed about the heath and the colours of the riders as the "fields" moved across country in the keenly contested races. Never has the view of the lovely Kildare countryside appeared more beautiful. The light was such as to enable the course of the racing to be followed perfectly from the stands. The eyes were all the keener for watching the races in that they rested meanwhile on the soft greens and blues of the rolling countryside and the hills beyond, which showed up clearly.

On such a day the claim made for Punchestown as the ideal site for a steeplechasing course had its strongest establishment. Because the race could be followed so well, they were more than usually interesting to watch, and they included some exciting finishes. No accident occurred in any of the events to mar the day's record of good sport and hearty enjoyment.

IRISH BOUNDARY COMMISSION.

EVIDENCE FOR COUNTY FERMANAGH.

The Irish Boundary Commission sat at Enniskillen yesterday, and continued the hearing of evidence offered by Fermanagh County Council against the inclusion of any portion of the county in the Irish Free State.

Among the witnesses examined were Sir Charles P. Falls, M.P., County Solicitor; W. H. West, J.P., County Secretary; James Cooper, M.P., Chairman of Fermanagh County Council; Colonel Barton, D.L., Vice-Chairman; Francis Clarke, J.P., Ballinamallard; Joseph Geddies, Chairman of Enniskillen Board of Guardians; and Mr. William Swann, farmer, of Dromany.

Mr. Egbert Trimble, Enniskillen, gave evidence on behalf of trade and commerce in the county.

The following official communiqué was issued at to-day's sitting of the Irish Boundary Commission:—"Further witnesses were heard on behalf of the Fermanagh County Council in opposition to claims made for the inclusion of any portion of County Fermanagh in the Irish Free State."

FLIGHT OF THE FRANC.

PARIS, Tuesday.

The nucleus of the French textile trade now centred in the Lille and Roubaix region may be moved *en masse* to the Lombardy district of Italy to escape the coming expected taxation, it is reported from Lille.

The syndicate of textile manufacturers has already inspected various properties in North Italy, after receiving assurances of hospitality from Signor Mussolini.

It is estimated that seventeen billion francs in securities and business interests have already escaped from France to Italy.

TO DIVERT THE SHANNON.

NEW BILL IN THE DAIL.

APPOINTMENT OF ADVISERS.

POST FOR GALWAY PROFESSOR.

FROM OUR POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT.

Within the next week the Dail once again will debate the Siemens-Schuckert proposals for the hydro-electric development of the Shannon. On Friday—or by the latest on Tuesday next—the Minister for Industry and Commerce will introduce the first of the bills by which the operation and administration of the scheme will be governed.

The purpose of the bill is to empower the Government to divert the course of the Shannon, and to acquire any lands necessary for the proper working of the Siemens-Schuckert proposals.

Public interest in the scheme has not abated, and the forthcoming debate is likely to draw almost as big a public "gallery" as that which listened to Mr. Blythe's Budget speech last week. That the Bill will be passed there can be no doubt, but it may be taken that on this occasion the Minister will find an opposition much more critical and determined than that which met his resolution of a few weeks ago.

APPOINTMENTS.

It is expected that under the Bill Mr. McGilligan will be able to appoint a special staff of engineers to act in an advisory capacity to the Government. For the position of engineer-in-charge the Minister, I understand, has recommended the selection of Professor F. S. Rishworth, of University College, Galway.

In the Dail to-day Mr. Patrick Baxter will move: "That the Dail is of opinion that immediate action should be taken by the Government, either by the granting of loans or otherwise to enable farmers to restock their lands in cases where the owners have lost their stock through disease."

The House will be asked to consider also votes for public services, the principal one of which seems to be the estimate for the Board of Public Works and Buildings.

With regard to the proposed reduction in the rate of "inland postcards," announced by Mr. Blythe last week, the new rate of 1d. will, I am officially informed, become operative as from the 1st May.

FREE STATE FINANCE.

INCOME TAX UP BY £65,000.

The Free State Revenue return for the period ending April 25 shows the following totals compared with the same period of 1924:—

Revenue.	£	Expenditure.	£
1925	1,222,000	1925	18,872
1924	1,065,294	1924	21,665

EXCHEQUER BALANCES.

	£
1925	5,882,190
1924	4,895,691

Already the Revenue exceeds that of the same period last year—with a day less for collection—by over £24,000, and expenditure was nil. The total Exchequer issues this year amount to £58,872, and at the same period last year the total was £729,065, when £569,000 in Free State Bills was paid off.

Last week's revenue was £176,000 better than in the corresponding week of 1924, and £113,500 less than for the week ending April 18, 1925.

The following are details of last week and the corresponding week of 1924:—

	Week ending April 25, 1925.	Week ending April 26, 1924.
Customs	103,000	89,000
Excise	89,000	84,000
Motor Tax	6,000	—
Estate Duty	12,000	6,000
Stamps	4,000	1,000
Income Tax	129,000	84,000
Corporation Tax	1,000	2,000
Excess Profits	—	—
Post Office	—	—
Land & Sundry	12,000	6,000
Other Receipts	2,000	5,000
Total	361,000	296,000

Expenditure during both weeks was nil.

EXCHEQUER BALANCE.

"Other Receipts" consisted of £9,000 from Savings Certificates (£6,000 less than the previous week), and the only "other issue" was £25,000 for Unemployment Insurance, leaving £16,000 to come out of the Revenue Receipts. There remains £366,000 to carry to the Exchequer Balance, raising the total to £3,582,160 as compared with £4,643,691 in 1924.

[The official figures will be found on another page.]

STRICT ECONOMY.

M. CAILLAUX'S WARNING.

PARIS, Tuesday.

M. Caillaux, Minister of Finance, has sent a letter to the different Ministers requesting that their estimates should be presented before May 15th, and emphasising the need for the strictest economy.

M. Caillaux adds that he cannot entertain any proposals which do not show a real desire for economy.—(Reuter.)

BULGARIAN TROUBLES.

OFFICIAL DENIAL OF RUMOURS.

SOFIA, Tuesday.

A semi-official statement, denying reports which have become current abroad, says that, far from the majority of fifteen hundred persons arrested having been killed, there have only been a few cases in which persons who offered armed resistance were shot.

The report of an alleged military conspiracy, implicating officers on the active list of the Army, a great number of whom are said to have been arrested, is a pure invention.

The alleged statement of an officer, that a great number of Communists have been sentenced and executed, is also an effort of the imagination, seeing that the accused will not make their first appearance before the Military Court until next week.

The statement describes other similar rumours which are in circulation as devoid of foundation.—(Reuter.)

The number of persons on the registers of employment exchanges in Great Britain last week was 1,302,700, a decrease of 2,070 over the previous week, but 159,134 more than a year ago.

LATE NEWS.

BRITISH BUDGET.

A BOLD EFFORT.

In a leading article *The Times* observes:—At the end of his long statement yesterday Mr. Churchill claimed that he had balanced his Budget not only in the public ledger, but in the scales of social justice between different classes of the community. It unquestionably represents a bold and earnest effort to attain this balance, but fuller examination than is possible on a first inspection of so large and complicated a scheme will be necessary before it can be said how far this object has been achieved. Mr. Churchill adheres firmly to the doctrine that the only way to obtain relief from the crushing burden which the war has left behind it is to continue the steady repayment of our debts.

"Starting from this basis he has two main objectives—the security of the wage-earner and the encouragement of enterprise by diminishing the load which weighs it down. A vast and far-reaching extension of insurance upon a contributory basis is designed to accomplish the first of these ends, while the second is to be achieved by the remission of 6d. off the income tax, and by certain other concessions. The policy of the Government on both these subjects had, of course, been anticipated in its broad features. The interesting question was, as Mr. Churchill put it, how he would propose to "fortify the revenue" in order to carry it out. Mr. Snowden, by the remissions of last year, had left the Chancellor's cupboard practically bare. Still, notwithstanding the existing depression, there are signs which, in his judgment, justify him in counting upon a surplus of £26,000,000 for the present year, even on the existing basis of taxation.

"Not only financial purists, but the great majority of common-sense men of business, will rejoice in the announcement that the gold standard is restored in international dealing. Expert opinion has always agreed that this step was indispensable to the recovery of our position in the markets of the world. All the Dominions and several European States have agreed to take the same step, and a large credit has been obtained in the United States to maintain the standard, should it need to be maintained. The change, as the Chancellor of the Exchequer was careful to explain, does not, of course, mean an immediate return to a gold currency. We must still use notes instead of sovereigns for our daily requirements. The procedure, in fact, is modelled in its main features upon that successfully adopted in 1819 and the following years.

CUT OUT ALCOHOL!

NORTHERNER'S TRIBUTE TO MR. O'HIGGINS.

A fine tribute to Mr. Kevin O'Higgins was paid by Mrs. Moffat Clow, who, at the annual meeting of the World's Women's Christian Temperance Union, held in Dublin yesterday, referred to the provisions of the last night's Licensing Act, particularly in reference to clubs and to St. Patrick's Day.

"I do admire your Minister, Mr. O'Higgins," she said, amidst applause, "and as temperance women we ought to make him feel and realise that we are with him to a man. (Laughter.) You do not know what an encouragement it is to a Minister of State that the best elements of the country are with him, and are ready to stand with him. I am just as proud of him on your account as I am of Sir James Craig, who piloted our Licensing Bill through the Northern Parliament."

Continuing, the speaker said that she wished that the working man and the trades union officials would look at this question that they talked so much about in regard to the capitalist from a logical point of view. If they did, they would not bolster up the capitalist and the rich and mighty in the drink question. Henry Ford had, unwittingly, done much for temperance, and she agreed with his remark that alcohol was "all right in the engine but all wrong in the engineer." (Laughter.)

"You have got a 'Dry' St. Patrick's Day. (Hear, hear.) That is a great thing, but I may as well tell you," she went on, "that there is a move in Northern Ireland from the Orangemen to make the 12th July a 'Dry' day." (Applause.)

In concluding, Mrs. Moffat-Clow said that the way to stimulate agriculture and make the Free State another Denmark was to cut out alcohol, which would increase the demand for milk by leaps and bounds.

INFORMATION FOR T.D.'S.

USEFULNESS OF PARTY CONFERENCES.

Speaking at a Cumann na nGaedheal conference in Boscres last Sunday, the Rev. J. H. Moloney, Administrator, said that the amount of constructive work done by the Dail during the last twelve months had hardly ever been equalled by any other Parliament.

Local Cumann clubs, embracing all classes, could be an encyclopædia of information about local affairs for the use of members of the Dail. The Government was doing its "very, very, big best," and the material assistance that the Cumann conferences could give could hardly be estimated.

It was pointed out to the meeting that clubs and conferences would do away with much letter-writing. Discussions would reflect the wishes of the people and be of inforctive value to members of the Dail.

The establishment of libraries in the rural areas was strongly advocated.

STABBED WITH A CHISEL.

£100 DAMAGES.

Before Dr. Lorcan Sherlock, Sub-Sheriff, and a jury at Dublin yesterday, Manus Coll, Innishmeane, Derrybeg, Co. Donegal, sued Thomas Coll, same townland, for damages for assault.

Mr. L. O'Doherty, who (instructed by Mr. P. J. Ward), appeared for the plaintiff, stated that on June 12, 1921, a dispute arose between the parties, and the defendant stabbed the plaintiff with a chisel over the left lung, as the result of which he was under medical treatment, and in hospital until November. He was permanently injured, as would be proved by the doctor.

The parties were small farmers, and the defendant declined to recognise the Court.

The plaintiff and Dr. Corr gave evidence, upon which the jury assessed damages at £100.

THE ABBEY THEATRE.

The Abbey Theatre gave last night for the first time "The Proposal," by Anton Tchehov. The play was described as "a jest in one act," but it was a Russian jest with a sour flavour; still it was merrier than one might expect from the author of "The Cherry Orchard." Michael Dolan was excellent as the melancholy landowner, and Ria Mooney lost her temper in splendid style over his proposal, which was really more a dissertation on land tenure, uttered in phrases reminiscent of a French grammar.

The second play was the ever popular "Fanny's First Play." Sara Allgood was, as usual, very good as Miss Dora Delany. F. J. McCormick, as Monsieur Duvallet, made a very good Frenchman, and his lengthy speech in the third act earned great applause. Sheila Richards, in the rather difficult role of Margaret Knox, did her part well.

COMMISSION AGENT CHARGED.

In the Dublin District Court yesterday, William Mervyn Hayes, commission agent, 73 Church street, was remanded till Monday on a charge of fraudulently converting to his own use a sum of £46 15s. 9d. This sum, it was alleged, was the proceeds of the sale of draper's goods entrusted to him by Mr. Harris, Wigoder, Talbot street.

Spanish sportsmen, hitherto devotees of bull fight, are to try a new thrill in the shape of a human fight. Luis Angel Firpo, the "Wild Bull of the Pampas," will be opposed to the brawny Basque Uscudun. The arrangements, which are in the hands of some prominent Bilbao sportsmen, are well under way, and it is hoped to stage the contest sometime during September. Firpo will receive a sum of £9,150 for his share of the proceedings, his opponent being allotted £625.

NORTHERN LAND BILL.

MR. DEVLIN AND THE GOVERNMENT.

THE BONUS TERMS CRITICISED.

SIR JAMES CRAIG'S REPLY.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

BELFAST, Tuesday.

The news that Mr. Joseph Devlin, Nationalist member for West Belfast, and Mr. Thomas M'Allister, Nationalist member for Antrim, were taking their seats in the House of Commons here to-day attracted a large attendance. A good many members of the Senate occupied seats in the Gallery.

The debate on the completion of land purchase in Ulster gave Mr. Devlin and his colleague an opportunity to speak, and this led to some lively interchanges of opinion between Mr. Devlin and Sir James Craig. Mr. Devlin charged the Government and the members who represent Northern Ireland in the Imperial Parliament with having failed to make adequate efforts to get better terms for the unbought tenants in the North; he voted with the minority, in two divisions, against the Government.

Sir James Craig on entering the House shook hands cordially with Mr. Devlin and with Mr. M'Allister, who was introduced to him by Mr. Devlin.

The two new members signed the roll, were welcomed by the Speaker, and took their seats on the Opposition benches, behind the Labour Party.

The first division in which Mr. Devlin voted against the Government arose during the Committee stage of the Civil Pensions Bill, which proposes to establish a Civil List in Northern Ireland.

Mr. Kyle, the Labour Party leader, moved an amendment to the effect that no person should be granted a pension except their names and the meritorious service for which the pension is being granted is submitted to the House.

Mr. J. Milne Barbour, Minister of Commerce, explained that the total amount of the Civil List was not to exceed £500, and no pension would be more than £100. He thought that there were sufficient safeguards in the bill to prevent any excessive demand upon the Civil List.

The amendment was defeated by 27 votes to 9, the minority consisting of the three Labour members, three Independent Unionists, one Unbought Tenants' representative, and two Nationalists.

THE LAND BILL.

UNBOUGHT TENANTS' ATTITUDE.

An important debate upon the new Land Bill for Northern Ireland was initiated by Mr. George Henderson (Unbought Tenants), who moved—"That in the opinion of this House, the action of the Government in agreeing to pay the bonus out of Northern Ireland funds, and in giving general approval to the scheme of land purchase embodied in the bill now before the Imperial Parliament, was contrary to the

he said that the Free State tenants not only got a reduction of 7s., compared with 3s. 7½d., but in the Free State the tenants got an immediate relief of 5s. in the £, and the Northern tenants got none until the appointed day, which might be four years hence.

MINISTER'S REPLY.

The Minister of Finance (Mr. Pollock) said that the Northern Government did not agree to pay the bonuses on future land purchases on their own volition, but only after the British Government had definitely decided that it would not accept responsibility for the bonus. The question then arose: "How are we going to place these unbought tenants in possession of their land from the point of view of the finance?" The Labour Government in Great Britain said that they could either take this Bill or go without one.

Mr. Henderson—As Secretary of the Unionist Tenants' Association, I never got such an answer from any responsible member of the Labour Government.

The Minister of Finance—I repeat my statement. We were told that we must either take the Bill or go without any. After full consideration, the Northern Government agreed to become responsible for the bonus at a cost of £45,000 per annum. They were told by the British Government we have transferred to you the land purchase annuities amounting to £600,000 per year, but this, unfortunately, was ear-marked for many purposes, and the finances of the Northern area would not permit of larger reductions being made to the tenants than those contained in the Bill which was founded upon the report of the Percy Committee.

Mr. McAllister described the acceptance of the liability of £45,000 per annum by the Northern Government as a dereliction of duty to the people of the Six Counties. The present Bill was unjust, unfair and inequitable, and did not meet the wishes of those for whom it was being passed. There had not been a dissenting voice in the Free State against the terms of their Purchase Bill, and the tenants had accepted it as an equitable answer to their claims. The tenant farmers in Antrim received this Bill with absolute disgust, almost amounting to contempt. It was in the best interest of the Northern Government to secure amendment of the terms, which could be done if the Government made the necessary representations. The terms would not be accepted, and the fight would continue for many years.

MR. DEVLIN'S CASE.

Mr. Devlin said that he hesitated to rise in that debate, for he had hoped that the appeal of Mr. McAllister would have been met by a generous Prime Minister. The Minister of Finance had not gone to the heart on any part of the subject. He simply told them that they could do nothing. It seemed to him an extraordinary thing, that when the claims of 28,000 tenant farmers were put forward with almost irresistible power, the Government of Northern Ireland could do nothing, could secure no redress for them; but they could go over and spend weeks in London making representations to the financial advisers of the Imperial Government to secure large sums of money to maintain an extravagant system of administration and a large and unnecessary police force for the six counties.

"This is a loyal province," he declared, "and yet these loyal tenant farmers, who have been the mainstay and inspiring force behind your party, are to be placed in a position inferior to the disloyal farmers. For their disloyalty in the South the farmers get 7s. in the £ reduction, and for loyalty in the North 3s. 7d. reduction." He could imagine, from a purely selfish point of view, the Northern Government's going to London and making representations to the Imperial authorities, and saying to them—Here are the men who have stood behind us for thirty years, through all the vicissitudes in Ulster, and they are being treated in a far worse way than Southern tenants, and you ought to come and pay in order to have these tenants placed on an equitable basis with the Southern farmers. Did the Minister of Finance do that?

The Minister of Finance—That is not a question which can be answered by "yes" or "no." We impressed upon the Imperial Government all the facts to get the best terms that could be obtained.

Mr. Devlin—Did the thirteen members from Ulster in the Imperial Parliament go across and make representations? Some of them are members of this Government. Has there been a single protest to indicate to the world the will of this Government on the unbought tenants? Has a single representative of agricultural Ulster gone to the Imperial Parliament and pressed upon the Imperial authorities the vital need of making this concession?

Why should they accept a burden of £45,000 per annum on the Northern Exchequer when under the Wyndham Act it was admitted to be an Imperial liability?

The Minister of Finance—It was a single Exchequer then.

Mr. Devlin—It is a reserved service and an Imperial obligation. Proceeding, Mr. Devlin said that the bill had not yet passed the House of Lords, where the Northern Government had much influence, and there was a sympathetic Conservative Government in England, upon whom the Northern Government could make a strong claim. If they succeeded in getting better terms they would be doing as much for the Unionist Party in Ulster as they would be doing for the tenants. It was important as the Boundary question. In conclusion, Mr. Devlin appealed to the Government to endeavour to get better terms, and asked if they desired an agrarian agitation in Ulster, when such agitations had been settled in every other part of Ireland.

THE PRIME MINISTER.

Sir James Craig said that he wished to refute the suggestion that the members of the Government, or the representatives of Ulster in the Imperial Parliament, stood idly by while a wrong was being done to Ulster. They did their best to get better terms from the British Government embodied in the bill. Mr. Devlin was present now, after four years, apparently re-invigorated after his long rest.

Mr. Devlin—Magnificent. (Laughter.)

Sir James Craig, proceeding, said that Mr. Devlin wished them to go to the British Government to reverse its policy and amend a bill which had passed all its stages and in a few days would pass the House of Lords.

Mr. Devlin—That is the place for you to get a reform.

Continuing, Sir James Craig repeated the argument of Mr. Pollock—that if they did not take the bill and shoulder the £45,000 a year there would be no bill.

Mr. Devlin—We say that you are not entitled to pay a single farthing from the Exchequer of Northern Ireland.

Replying to a question by Sir James Craig as to what Mr. Devlin would do under the circumstances, Mr. Devlin said—You ought to get the thirteen members from Ulster to go into the House of Commons and kick up a row.

Sir James Craig said that he deprecated suggesting to Ulster members what they should do in the Imperial Parliament. Continuing, Sir James said that he could point out very serious disadvantages in the Free State Bill. No Northern farmer had offered to transfer into the Free State and secure the benefits it was supposed to confer. The majority of the unbought tenants of Ulster were most anxious not to lose this bill.

Mr. Thomas Henderson (Independent Unionist) said that the Minister of Finance was one of the cleverest contortionists of modern times. If the Government would reduce some of the large salaries paid to Ministers and officials, money would be made available for this and other purposes.

Mr. J. W. Gyle supported the motion, but on a division it was defeated by 27 votes to nine.

RECHABITE GYMNASTIC CLASSES.

TWELFTH ANNUAL DISPLAY.

The gymnastic classes for boys and girls, which are attached to the Emerald Rechabite Hall, 2 Great Strand street, Dublin, gave their twelfth annual display last night at the Mansion House, in the presence of a very large gathering.

The girls were very graceful in symbolical dancing and marching exercises, and the boys did good work on the bars. The programme also included a crinoline dance (very prettily executed by the junior girls), wand drill, rhythmic exercises, barbell and dumbbell exercises, and free exercises.

The Lord Mayor was present and congratulated the boys and girls and their teachers.

NATIONAL BANK CLERKSHIPS.

Exam. announced for 3rd June.

Last Exam., January, 1925. Successful from SKERRY'S COLLEGE, 76 & 78 Stephen's Green, Dublin:—Messrs. Connolly, Heany, Murphy, O'Connell, O'Sullivan and Sampson. BEST RESULT. At the 3 previous exams. 42 Students were successful. BEST RESULT. Special Oral and Correspondence Classes working.—(Advt.)

THE FISHERIES BILL.

MINISTER'S PROPOSALS FOR DEALING WITH POACHERS.

THE DUTY ON DRIFT NETS.

In Dail Eireann yesterday the Fisheries Bill received a second reading.

Mr. F. Lynch, the Minister in charge of the bill, mentioned that it would be impossible at present to codify all the legislation dealing with fisheries. The present bill would enable steps to be taken for the protection of the inland fisheries, which ought to be worth £5,000,000 or £6,000,000 a year, instead of £2,000,000.

Several members took exception to the revised duty on drift nets. Mr. Lynch thought, however, that the revision was over-due, and that it was unfair to charge a man who used a net 1,500 yards long the same duty as the man who used one of only 130 yards.

Major Bryan Cooper suggested that anglers should require a licence for brown trout fishing.

CIVIC GUARDS' BARRACKS.

Moving the second reading of the Civic Guard (Acquisition of Premises) (Amendment) Bill the Minister for Justice said that it proposed to extend for a year the powers granted to the Commissioners of Public Works under the Act of 1923. Out of a proposed establishment of 850 stations 822 had actually been occupied. In about 300 cases the buildings now occupied were unsuitable as permanent barracks.

The Commissioners had exercised their compulsory powers only in 71 cases, and their policy was to exhaust the possibilities of agreement before resorting to those powers.

The bill was read a second time.

THE FISHERIES BILL.

Mr. Finian Lynch, Minister for Fisheries, moved the second reading of the Fisheries Bill, 1925. He said that one of the matters to which his attention was drawn on his appointment as Minister for Fisheries was the possibility of extending their river fisheries. Owing to the position of the Saorstat on the Atlantic border the freedom of their rivers from pollution, and the suitability of their lakes and rivers, the fisheries ought to be of a great deal more value to the people than they were at present allowed to be.

Some years ago an attempt was made to estimate the value of their inland fisheries, and a sum of £2,000,000 a year was agreed upon as a fair estimate. In that account was taken of what was earned by the hotels and railways from the persons who came to the country for fishing. It was the aim of his department to increase that amount, and to make the inland fisheries worth, if possible, £4,000,000 or £5,000,000 a year.

PRESERVATION OF FISH.

He considered that the preservation of their inland river stock was a matter of supreme importance. That preservation was effected in all civilised countries by the net, and in the Saorstat there were about 24 Acts of Parliament directed towards its Fishery Preservations. The country was divided into 21 districts, in everyone of which there was a Board of Conservators. It was necessary to meet certain contingencies, which could not be foreseen when the Board of Conservators was established 77 years ago. The aim of the bill was to meet those defects, and to facilitate the work of preserving and developing their river fisheries.

In his department he was constantly receiving reports about illegalities that were going on, such as fixed nets, fishing without licences, and at prohibited times. The reason for that was that the rivers were not fully patrolled. The Civic Guard had given great assistance to the Conservators, and he was constantly receiving voluntary tributes from different Boards to the very excellent work the Guards were doing. In the Lee Estuary, in Cork, 130 nets were seized during the year for illegal fishing. The majority of those were captured by one sergeant of the Guards, outside his ordinary duty.

THE BAILIFFS.

In spite of the efforts of the Guards, illegalities continued, and something must be done to meet them. He said that a better type of bailiff was needed. The type at present employed was not the most suitable, but the men were the best the Conservators could get with the funds at their disposal. The bill proposed to place more funds at the disposal of the Conservators.

The financial provisions fell into two parts: (1) Increasing the licence duty on boats, nets, etc.; and (2) diverting the rate at present payable by private fisheries from the local authorities to the Conservators.

The maximum licence duties created by the Act of 1848 had remained the same for over fifty years, and the new purchasing power of money justified an increase in those duties. The increased duty on drift nets would be in proportion to their catching area. In some districts the salmon drift net extended 1,500 yards, and on it there was paid the same duty as on the net of 130 or 150 yards. Under the bill the licence for drift nets 400 yards will be £4, with 5s. added for every 200 yards after that. The duty on draft nets was increased from £3 to £4, and on snap nets from £1 10s. to £2 10s. No increase was proposed on bag and stake nets, weirs and cribs, on which the duty had already been doubled.

RATES.

An important change was made in regard to the rate on privately owned fisheries. A private fishery was rated on a poor law valuation like any other property, and the rate were paid to the local authority. In addition the private fishery already paid 10 per cent. of that rate to the Board of Conservators. By a clause in the Act of 1848 an owner could deduct from the rate payable by him licence duties that he paid, with the result that the rate was to a large extent dodged.

The bill proposed to abolish for ten years the special fishery rate and to give power to the Boards of Conservators to levy every year such a rate as would produce sufficient income to enable them to carry out their duties. The private fisheries would be free from any rating by the local authorities. That would not affect the local rates to any appreciable extent, because the valuation of the fisheries in the Saorstat was only £18,884 in comparison with a valuation of over eleven millions for the other property in the State. Where, as in the case of Galway and Ballina, the fisheries were a considerable source of revenue to the local authority, the Department would make a grant to meet any increase in the local rates caused by the loss of the fishery rates. The grant would provide for any increase over one penny in the pound. In the Bill the Minister took power to see that the Boards would levy a sufficient rate and that the owners would not get off lighter than if the local rates had still to be paid by them.

Mr. Corish interrupted to ask how those owners got their rights to the fisheries.

Mr. Lynch replied that they were got in a variety of ways.

Mr. Corish—And you are going to perpetuate them no matter where they came from.

CLOSING POACHERS' MARKET.

The Minister went on to deal with the provisions to stop illegal fishing, and explained that for the first time there would be set up machinery to close the market to the poacher by licensing all dealers in salmon and trout. It was a well-known fact that, in the past, in some districts more salmon were sent to the markets by the poachers than by the owners.

In the remaining portions of the Bill powers were given to the Minister to dissolve Boards of Conservators failing in their duty, to create new fishery districts and to alter existing districts. That might be necessary because of the boundary question. Another clause gave, for the first time, power to prosecute persons giving warning to poachers, and it was made an offence to have illegal fishing implements, such as a gaff, on the banks of a river during daylight. In the past that was an offence only between sunset and sunrise. It was also made an offence to fish for eels in the close season except with rod and line.

The principle of the Bill was that the fisheries should yield the revenue for their own protection. On the whole, the Boards of Conservators had done their work well in the past, and with the increased funds they would be able to go a step forward in the development of the inland fisheries.

FREE FISHERIES.

Mr. O'Connell (Lab.) said that the Bill would meet with general approval, in so far as it purposed to provide for the conservation of the inland fisheries. It would have been met more satisfactory if the Minister had brought in a Bill consolidating and codifying the forty different fishery Acts. In the Bill there was too much legislation by reference.

He found fault with the Bill, inasmuch as it dealt almost entirely with the preservation of salmon in privately-owned fisheries. No definite provision was made for the preservation of the free fisheries, and the brown trout fishing, which made up probably the greatest source of attraction to anglers, visitors to the country. He was assured that in the past the Boards of Conservators had done practically nothing for the free fisheries of the country, and had confined their activities entirely to the preservation of their own private fishing.

Mr. O'Maille said that, on the whole, the bill was satisfactory, but there were some points which would need to be improved in Committee. He strongly opposed the property qualification for voters who elected the Board of Conservators.

VESTED INTERESTS.

Major Bryan Cooper said that while he would welcome a complete code of the fishery laws, he believed that many of the provisions in the bill were useful and valuable. Fisheries were not worked without expense, and there were certain vested interests in fisheries as a result of the expenditure in the past. If they were going to begin with rights legally held and exercised, they would create a situation which would be hostile and inimicable to industrial development of any kind. The danger of even raising these questions, and disturbing the established position, was so great that he thought they would be wise to leave them alone.

He welcomed the increased license of drift nets. With regard to the transit of poached fish to dealers outside the Free State, he was not quite sure if the section which dealt with it was strong enough. He would like to learn if it applied to railway and steamship companies. Unless the carrying companies were made liable the section would not be of much value.

To a certain extent it was true that Boards of Conservators in the main protected salmon, but it was due to the fact that they derived practically their whole revenue from salmon. In many cases the conservation and preservation of salmon also applied to trout. Local associations should be granted help, and, in general, they worked in conjunction and in harmony with the Boards of Conservators.

TROUT LICENCE.

He favoured the suggestion that small licences for trout-fishing should be issued so far as persons not residing in the district were concerned. At present it was possible for a fisherman to come from Manchester, stay a fortnight fishing in the country, and do nothing whatever for the preservation of fish. For a sum of 5s. or 2s. 6d. were charged the sum raised would be considerable, and this money could be placed at the disposal of the local association.

Mr. O'Doherty expressed the opinion that the one blot in the Bill was the proposed restriction on drift net fishermen. Their present licence cost £3, and the proposal was to double that. These men fished on the high seas ten miles from the mouth of the river, and he could not see how they injured the inland fisheries. He advocated the reduction of the Excise duty for drift nets to a flat rate of £2.

Mr. Corish said he did not think that any private person should control the rivers of the country. People had acquired alleged rights at certain periods, and in this Bill the Minister proposed to perpetuate those alleged rights. The time had come when the Government should free the waters of the country from landlordism as they had freed the land.

Mr. Sears, welcoming the bill, asked for an assurance from the Minister that Lough Mask, one of the most valuable brown trout fishing places in Ireland, would be protected.

OWNERSHIP.

Mr. Good said he was sorry that Deputy Corish had raised this question, which had been raised with such disastrous results in connection with the question of land. He had hoped they had heard the last on that question. The bill, as he read it, dealt only with Inland Fisheries. He was hopeful that they would have had from the Minister a comprehensive bill dealing with the whole question of the fisheries. Apparently the subject was going to be dealt with in sections.

While it was desirable to get a considerable revenue from the rivers, it should be borne in mind that an increase in the licence fees would increase the desire to poach. It would be better to try to get a smaller payment from a larger number.

Mr. Egan (Farmers) congratulated the Minister on the satisfactory reception accorded to his bill, which, on the whole, was a serviceable measure. While the rights of some private owners were very nebulous, it would be disastrous for fishing as a whole that rights over the rivers should cease to the detriment of owners. He hoped that the Government would more and more follow the precedent of the Land Act by reserving the fishing. As regards the want of assistance given to the trout fisheries, he was afraid that a lot of the fault lay with the trout anglers themselves.

Mr. P. Hogan (Labour) thought that there should be no increase in the licence duty for drift nets, for the reason that the cost of the nets had doubled in the last few years without a corresponding increase in the value of the salmon caught.

Mr. M'Fadden asked for the elimination of the part of the bill increasing the duties on drift nets.

Mr. Johnson said that he offered strong objection to that part of Section 23 which gave to every member of a Board of Conservators power to search persons believed to be conveying fish and to enter and examine premises, etc., where fish is kept.

MINISTER'S REPLY.

Mr. Lynch, replying, said that it was not possible for him to bring forward a bill to codify all the existing laws, because he had been informed by the Attorney-General that it would take some years to prepare such a code.

With regard to brown trout fishing, it was the duty of Conservators to protect all fisheries, but it was only natural to expect that they should concentrate on salmon fishing, from which they got the greatest part of their revenue.

When he had suggested a small fee for brown trout licences he had been met with a howl of indignation from brown trout anglers, and the voluntary associations were entirely against the proposal. The whole committee believed that it would be inadvisable, and it was, therefore, omitted from the bill. It was entirely wrong to say that the money was only devoted to privately-owned fisheries, because preservation of the stock alone would affect the whole river whether it was privately owned or free. A good deal of money would be spent on the preservation of salmon and trout—much more than heretofore—in the future.

In Donegal drift nets measuring 1,500 yards were used, and there should be some taxation on these, and it was not fair to charge the same licence to those referred to by Mr. Hogan which only measured 130 yards. Because of the laxity of supervision in the past the 1,500 yard nets had been used at the very mouths of the rivers.

Mr. Esmond asked if there was any penalty at present for exporting salmon in the close season?

The Minister—I am not quite certain. It is in the Act of last year, I think.

The second reading was then carried.

ENFORCEMENT OF LAW.

The Minister for Justice, moving the second reading of the Enforcement of Law (Occasional Powers) Bill, 1925, said that the existing Act would expire on the 24th June next, and the proposal was to continue it as a temporary measure until the 31st March next.

In the returns of the execution of court judgments a very considerable problem had to be tackled, and the arrears had not been quite satisfactorily wiped off up to date. The execution of court judgments were probably proceeding more smoothly and expeditiously at the moment than at any time during the last 15 or 20 years, and the Government's aim was to make it work more satisfactorily in the future.

He considered that a weakness of that kind was serious, and inevitably reacted on the commercial transactions in the country, and unless the execution of judgments went on smoothly and expeditiously it would be a big factor against the interests of commerce.

He was not yet in a position to put before the House proposals which he wished to make permanent. The total number of unexecuted judgments in July, 1924, was 7,043, valued at £126,538, and in March, 1925, the number was 5,772, value £107,700, showing a decrease in unexecuted judgments of 1,351, and in money value of £18,748.

CONGRATULATIONS.

Mr. W. Hewat said that undoubtedly throughout the country to-day there was a wider recognisation than for a long time of the importance of meeting commercial obligations as they arose. The whole foundation of the credit of the country really lay in the satisfactory collection of debts as they fell due. The Minister and his Department deserved to be congratulated on the stand they had taken in the past few years, and he had done so to crush that state of things.

Mr. Wilson (Farmers) said that there was a want of confidence in the country, especially on the part of banks, who, by their restriction, had put people in the position that they were unable to pay. He did not stand for non-payment of debts, but he saw the difficulties of those unfortunate debtors who were unable to pay.

Mr. O'Higgins said that his permanent proposals would be similar to the existing temporary Act. It was only because of certain minor administrative details he would like to get a week's operation of the new rules of Court that he recommended the introduction of the permanent bill.

The bill was read a second time.

FIREARMS BILL.

Moving the second reading of the Firearms Bill, the Minister for Justice said that it contained the Government's permanent proposals with regard to firearms. From the point of view of the preservation of peace and order in the country, it was necessary to have the possession of firearms restricted and controlled and he thought that it would be agreed that was of paramount importance.

The bill proceeded on the basis of enabling the Civic Guard to issue a full certificate for the possession and use of firearms. The fees had been agreed upon by his Department and the Department of Finance, and would be included in the bill. They were:—(1)—Firearms' certificate for a rifle or revolver, with or without ammunition, 5s.

(2)—Firearms' certificate for use as shot-gun, limited to use for the destruction of vermin on the lands of the person obtaining the certificate, 5s.

(3)—For any other firearms' certificate, £2 for each weapon and 5s. for every other additional weapon.

The last certificate included the use of a gun for all purposes, including the destruction of game. One of the chief causes of the abuse of what was called the "10s. licence" was to make it work more satisfactorily in the future.

He considered that a weakness of that kind was serious, and inevitably reacted on the commercial transactions in the country, and unless the execution of judgments went on smoothly and expeditiously it would be a big factor against the interests of commerce.

He was not yet in a position to put before the House proposals which he wished to make permanent. The total number of unexecuted judgments in July, 1924, was 7,043, valued at £126,538, and in March, 1925, the number was 5,772, value £107,700, showing a decrease in unexecuted judgments of 1,351, and in money value of £18,748.

CONGRATULATIONS.

Mr. W. Hewat said that undoubtedly throughout the country to-day there was a wider recognisation than for a long time of the importance of meeting commercial obligations as they arose. The whole foundation of the credit of the country really lay in the satisfactory collection of debts as they fell due. The Minister and his Department deserved to be congratulated on the stand they had taken in the past few years, and he had done so to crush that state of things.

Mr. Wilson (Farmers) said that there was a want of confidence in the country, especially on the part of banks, who, by their restriction, had put people in the position that they were unable to pay. He did not stand for non-payment of debts, but he saw the difficulties of those unfortunate debtors who were unable to pay.

Mr. O'Higgins said that his permanent proposals would be similar to the existing temporary Act. It was only because of certain minor administrative details he would like to get a week's operation of the new rules of Court that he recommended the introduction of the permanent bill.

The bill was read a second time.

FIREARMS BILL.

Moving the second reading of the Firearms Bill, the Minister for Justice said that it contained the Government's permanent proposals with regard to firearms. From the point of view of the preservation of peace and order in the country, it was necessary to have the possession of firearms restricted and controlled and he thought that it would be agreed that was of paramount importance.

The bill proceeded on the basis of enabling the Civic Guard to issue a full certificate for the possession and use of firearms. The fees had been agreed upon by his Department and the Department of Finance, and would be included in the bill. They were:—(1)—Firearms' certificate for a rifle or revolver, with or without ammunition, 5s.

(2)—Firearms' certificate for use as shot-gun, limited to use for the destruction of vermin on the lands of the person obtaining the certificate, 5s.

(3)—For any other firearms' certificate, £2 for each weapon and 5s. for every other additional weapon.

The last certificate included the use of a gun for all purposes, including the destruction of game. One of the chief causes of the destruction of game in the past was the abuse of what was called the "10s. licence." It also meant the reduction of the game licence from £3 to £2.

The Minister briefly reviewed the provisions of the bill and said that he thought that the measures of restrictions would meet with general approval.

Mr. Wilson said that the bill was acceptable in its main objective—the strict supervision of the firearms in the country. The chief difficulty he foresaw was the definition of a farmer, for the purpose of carrying a gun. Did the definition, under Clause 24, propose to give a farmer six months for neglecting to take out a 5s. licence? He had heard complaints that persons who used to sell guns were being refused a dealer's licence. Down the country it looked as if no one would get a gun dealer's licence unless he belonged to the Cumann na nGaedheal.

Mr. Hewat objected to several of the provisions of the bill as being too drastic. He thought £3 too much to have to pay for taking out a gun for a day's shooting.

Mr. M. Doyle (Farmers) also objected to the £2 duty, and said that there should be something in between that amount and the 5s. licence. In the past a farmer could use a gun on his own land without paying any duty at all.

The bill was read a second time without challenge.

MILITARY PENSIONS BILL.

The House took up the Committee stage of the Military Pensions Bill.

An amendment by Mr. Esmonde, which provided that no pension shall be revoked in consequence of any act committed prior to the passing of the Act, was accepted by the Minister.

The Committee stage was passed.

QUESTIONS.

Replying to Mr. Thomas Johnson, the Minister for Justice said that he had considered the introduction of legislation for the better protection of women, young persons and children, and had had heads of bills prepared in his department to amend the Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1885, and to make provision for affiliation orders. The bills were in process of being drafted, and in the circumstances the appointment of a Committee of Inquiry into the existing state of the law on the matter was unnecessary.

Replying to Mr. Alfred Byrne, Mr. F. Lynch, Minister for Fisheries, said that he had not received reports except that provided by the deputy, that seals had caused considerable damage to the nets of fishermen of Rincorran. To encourage the destruction of these animals the Dublin Board of Conservators paid £6 for each seal killed inside the Poolbeg and North Bull Lights.

HOPES AND FEARS IN GERMANY.

CONFLICT OF OPINIONS ON NEW REGIME

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

BERLIN, Tuesday.

Field-Marshal Paul von Hindenburg will be inaugurated as President of Germany on May 9. With this inauguration Germany enters a new period of post-war international relations. The Field-Marshal's followers describe it as a period of new dignity and national consolidation. His opponents describe it as a period of danger to existing Treaties and the reconstruction of the nation.

President Hindenburg will enter office by swearing to be true to the Republican constitution. He will swear the oath before the President of the German Reichstag, the Socialist leader, Herr Paul Loebe.

It is not Hindenburg whom Anti-Monarchist opinion in Germany fears, but the men around him who are openly favouring the restoration of the Monarchy. Nor is the Monarchy the real danger for Germany. Of much greater importance is the question, whether or not the policy of reconstruction can be carried on, whether France will accept the security pact, and whether the Nationalists will be able to attain their ends without endangering all the settlements reached since the war.

It is impossible to answer these questions until Hindenburg is firmly embarked upon his foreign policy. Herr Stresemann believes that nothing will be changed, except, possibly, that there will be more respect for Germany abroad, but he knows that he has a hard task in convincing other nations of this. The Foreign Minister argues that a security pact signed by Field Marshal Hindenburg, and supported by the Nationalists, will be stronger than one signed by Dr. Marx, with the Nationalists holding meetings of protest throughout the country.

THE CABINET.

There will be no immediate change in the Cabinet, I am assured by officials of both parties. There is a possibility that the Nationalists may try to force Herr Stresemann from the Cabinet, but the change will not come immediately. The purely formal resignation of the entire Cabinet, which Hindenburg will refuse, may be offered on the day that the President takes office.

WAR GRAVES IN FRANCE.

PARIS, Tuesday.

The Anglo-French Mixed Committee of the Imperial War Graves Commission met at the Ministry of War to-day. Those present included the Vice-Chairman of the Commission, General Macready, and representatives of the Canadian and Australian Governments. Questions of interest concerning British cemeteries in France were discussed, with a view to completing the acquisition of sites and the construction of walls and monuments.—(Reuter.)

TULLY NATIONAL STUD FARM.

LOSS OF £3,000 ON YEAR'S WORKING.

GOVERNMENT TRADING OUTLOOK.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

LONDON, Tuesday.

Although there are one or two bright spots in the history of Government trading, the general outlook is clouded with losses. The Comptroller and Auditor-General draws attention to these varying aspects in his report, which was issued to-day, for the year ending March 31st, 1924.

A loss of £3,395 is reported on the year's working of the National Stud Farm at Tully, County Kildare.

The stud was established in January, 1916, following the gift to the Government by Colonel Hall-Walker (now Lord Wavertree) of the stud of thoroughbred stallions and mares on his Tully Estate, which were taken over primarily for military purposes.

The loss was attributed partly to the lower prices realised by the bloodstock and partly to the retention of several promising yearlings which would have realised good prices if sold.

The Ministry's share of winnings (£1,306), was considerably less than in 1922, when £5,843 was received. When horses are leased for racing purposes the lessee is responsible for all expenses, and the Ministry receive one-third of the winnings.

OUTLAY ON BREAD SUBSIDY.

The long-deferred final account of the Wheat Commission, which is included, shows a net loss of £138,011,673 6s. 3d. for the seven years and seven months ended March 31st, 1924. This represents approximately the outlay on the bread subsidy, less certain profits.

Cumulative losses of £234,824 are shown in the Ministry of Agriculture's farm settlements, and of £179,000 on the Scottish Board of Agriculture's farm accounts, the latter an increase of £20,000 on the previous report.

On the Mussel Cleansing Station at Conway there was a small profit (£41), but it was not sufficient to wipe out previous losses. Fewer bags of mussels passed through the tanks owing, first, to "a fall in the price of mussels, and, secondly, dissensions among the members of the Conway Fishermen's Society, which resulted in a number of fishermen refraining from using the tanks."

An item in the accounts of the Methwold Norfolk Estate shows the State in the guise of a dealer in rabbits. The sales amounted to £266 4s. 9d.

OTHER ACCOUNTS.

Outbreaks of foot-and-mouth disease and loss on pigs through swine fever affected the year's return. Here and there is a loss of £5,542.

On the Home-grown Timber Supplies Account a loss of £6,535,615 is shown. Of this £1,428,476 is attributed to damage to roads.

The Board of Trade Food Department, however, shows assets exceeding liabilities by £7,211,145 after providing for outstanding claims.

CO-OPERATIVE TRADING.

SOME BRIGHT SPOTS.

Although the picture of co-operation which is given in this report is rather gloomy there are some bright spots. The report is made in a survey of the co-operative marketing of agricultural produce in England and Wales, issued yesterday by the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries.

"It is essential to bear in mind," the report continues, "that the lack of success in the past has been due to the fact that co-operation, in the true sense of the word, has never been properly applied on any scale to the sale of agricultural produce in this country. The way is therefore open for the future.

"The feature of recent co-operation in the Dominions, in America and in Denmark has," the report adds, "been the movement to deal with commodities on a large and national scale.

"Conditions in England and Wales present possibly different problems, but it is well worth the consideration of farmers' organisations, whether co-operation on a large scale under the direction of the best minds in the industry does not provide a means of securing better returns for producers than the present system of individual sale."

TORY CARS CROSSING THE BORDER.

PACT WITH NORTHERN GOVERNMENT.

At the quarterly meeting of the Antrim County Council yesterday a letter was received from the Northern Ministry of Home Affairs, stating that the Irish Free State Government, having notified its adherence to the International Convention of 1909 as from the 1st June, 1925, bilateral inter-validity arrangements regarding motor-vehicle licences and drivers' licences, under which motors and motor vehicles have been allowed to move freely between Northern Ireland and the Free State, cease at the end of April. New arrangements had, however, been made by the two Governments, which would continue the free circulation of such vehicles.

After the 1st May, any motorist from the Free State visiting Northern territory, and making a temporary stay therein for any consecutive period not exceeding four months, who brought with him a mechanically propelled vehicle registered and duly licensed in the Free State, and bearing a Free State identification mark, would not be obliged to pay licence duty in Northern Ireland during the currency of the Free State licence. A like privilege would be accorded in respect of vehicles registered and licensed in Northern Ireland, and brought, for a similar temporary period, into the Free State.

OBITUARY.

SIR EYRE CROWE.

The Times records this morning, with much regret, the death of Sir Eyre Crowe, Permanent Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, which took place peacefully at 10 o'clock last night, after a short illness. Sir Eyre was born in 1864 at Leipsig, where his father, Sir Joseph Archer Crowe, K.C.M.G., C.B., was then Consul-General. In 1885 Sir Eyre entered the Foreign Office, soon afterwards becoming President Clerk.

LOUIS BOUWMEESTER.

Louis Bouwmeester, the most eminent of Dutch actors, died at Amsterdam yesterday, aged eighty-two years. Bouwmeester's great impersonation of "Shylock" made him known throughout the world. Twice he visited England and played with great success. In his native Holland the people hold him in affectionate esteem.

When Dr. R. F. W. Logan, medical practitioner, Ashby-de-la-Zouch, Leicestershire, left his home yesterday afternoon, a "toy gun," in the possession of Peter, his twelve-year-old son, went off, and his daughter Honor aged nine, received the charge, and was killed almost instantly.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

THE FREE STATE'S FUTURE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

Sir,—The Budget all round is a sound piece of work, and it is up to the Irish Government to see that it goes ahead. Invite first-class cutters, fitters and tailors, with up-to-date methods and machinery, with no trade union restrictions, and let all young tailors attend evening classes. Let girls be taught in the last year of school to machine-press, fold and button-hole. In five years' time the work turned out will be the finest in the world and will need no tariff to protect it. Irishmen are clever; give them a chance to learn at their own country what they go to London, Paris, Vienna and New York to learn. To put on a tariff and not decent, State-aided teachers is for a doctor to order a poor man champagne and leave it at that.

America invited the most highly-skilled tailors all over the world and, when they got over there, put on a 25% tariff. England will put a tariff on all Irish goods in the end—butter, cheese, bacon, salmon, etc.—which she can now get in countries that use her products in return. Take the shoe trade. Children's shoes cannot be made yet here. Rubbers never can be made, but one has to pay the tariff as for adult shoes. The result is that children's feet are being deformed by boots too small, because the parents cannot afford new shoes. It is the poor that are hurt. Shops charge extra on Irish-made shoes because of the tariff. Shoes should have the retail price stamped on the inside by the manufacturer before they leave the factory.

The cheap ready-mades are not purchased by the rich. They are obtained by the poor to save the time and labour in making. Turn out the best; use machinery and skilled hands. The increased output will more than balance the seeming need for fewer workers. More workers will be needed and there will be an increase in all departments. Let every workgirl, as she goes up in the factory, have the option of buying shares. In the United States of America this has done wonders. Boys and girls should be helped at school to specialise and to take up the work for which they are most inclined. Every girl should be obliged to go to evening technical schools till they are seventeen, to work at their chosen trade.

If this were done, an intelligent young population would soon grew up. Little children of 1914 are to-day rebuilding the British Empire. The children, with two years more at school, will be the backbone of the new Free State, given any kind of a chance; but they need every kind of help to waken their intelligence. A boy went out nine months ago to the United States; he was hardly able to read and write. He went to night school and to-day is in a big motoring firm, rising rapidly. He took his chance. A boy went from here fifteen years ago, a garden boy, hardly able to read and write. He is to-day head gardener to a millionaire in England. Wembley will see him desperately busy in high silk hat, etc. Every waiter will settle him. He worked out his chance and took it. The boys and girls could do it. Just look at their hands and faces—all intelligent brows. Begin at the bottom, not at the top. Irish boys and girls are the Free State's real, lasting foundation, and the return to her of money spent on them will be sure and swift. Break away from traditions and stand on your own feet. Be practical, sure of your feet, well taught and carefully placed.—Yours, etc.,

"IRISH-CANADIAN."

Co. Waterford, April 27th, 1925.

THE SHANNON SCHEME.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

Sir,—Several of your correspondents in dealing with this subject have referred to the embanking of the Shannon and its lakes as if the embankments were to be continuous and all the tributaries were to be dumped over them. I think it is only fair to point out that Mr. McGilligan indicated in his speech of April 2nd that these embankments will be run up both sides of the tributaries as far as they are "affected by the regulation" of the rivers and lakes. He says this in the case of the Brosna, and adds: "That principle holds throughout." It is not, therefore, necessary to contemplate the pumping of the full flood volume of these tributaries over the embankments into the embanked river and lakes. Only the rain which falls on the embanked area, the water that escapes from the side drains, the water that percolates through the embankments, and the water that finds its way under them will have to be dealt with.

The Experts state that there will be no direct observations to establish the volume of water to be pumped, but they use "formulæ derived from experience," and add ten *per cent.* "for water trickling through." It is to be hoped that this ten *per cent.* will not mean ten *per cent.* of Lough Derg. It is not very reassuring to find that both Mr. McGilligan and the Experts contemplate percolation through these embankments; for, as was pointed out by Mr. Ginnell in a recent letter, "if an embankment leaks, it does not stop at leaking; destruction rapidly follows."

Percolation under these embankments has not apparently been taken into consideration, and the Experts apparently concur in the magnificent assumptions of Messrs. Siemens that "the embankment sites are not of a boggy nature," and "that the sub-soil of the lakes is so constituted that the material removed will be suitable for the production of faultless embankments." These assumptions would appear to be rather on the optimistic side, especially as on them depends not only the soundness of the embankments, of which there are to be seventy miles on Lough Derg alone, but the adequacy of the pumping arrangements, which, of course, depends on the water-tightness of the sub-soil. There have, I think, as yet been no borings on the banks of Lough Derg, but when these are made they may very possibly show conditions which will make the proposed stupendous embankments a very serious and costly matter. Messrs. Siemens may have given firm prices for the work, but they are schedule prices—i.e., so much per cubic yard or cubic metre. Any possible change in the quantities falls, not on Siemens, but on the Free State, and must increase the ultimate cost of the electricity to be produced.

Is there not a case for further and open inquiry before we buy a "pig in a poke?" Even though its quality may be certified by all the experts in Europe, it is just possible that it may not be the sort of pig we want.—Yours, etc.,

LAURENCE D. DELAP.

115 Grafton street, Dublin.

April 28th, 1925.

BROADCASTING IN THE FREE STATE.

TO THE ED

BROADCASTING.

TO-DAY.

The letters "S.B." signify a simultaneous broadcast from the station mentioned.

LONDON (2LO)—365 Metres.

2.15-3.45—Schools. 4.0-5.0—Time (Greenwich). "2LO" Trio. Frederick W. Taylor (baritone). 5.0-6.30—Children. 6.40—Music. 7.0—Big Ben. Weather and News. 7.25—Music. 7.40—Mr. Francis Gribble, "Anticipators of the League of Nations" (S.B. to other Stations). 8.0—Rose Myrtil (mezzo-soprano), L. Stanton Jefferies (piano), David Wise (violin), Astrid Yden (harp), Amy Buxton Nowell (recital), Wireless Orchestra. 10.0—Time (Greenwich), Weather and News. The Rt. Hon. Arthur Henderson, M.P., under the auspices of the League of Nations Union, "The Present International Situation" (S.B. to all Stations). The Week's Work in the Garden, by the Royal Horticultural Society (S.B. to other Stations). 10.40—John Goss, Hubert J. Foss, The Cathedral Male Voice Quartet. 11.10—Close.

CHELMSFORD (5XX) — 1,600 Metres (High-Power Station).

6.0-11.0—From London.

BIRMINGHAM (5IT)—475 Metres.

3.30-4.30—Pianoforte Quintet. 5.0-6.30—Women. Isabel Tebbs (soprano). 6.30-6.30—Children. 7.0—Weather and News. 7.25-8.0—From London. 8.0—The City of Birmingham Police Band, Joan Maxwell (soprano), Beatrice Dickson (contralto), Nigel Dallaway (piano). 10.0—Weather and News. The Rt. Hon. Arthur Henderson, M.P. (from London). Royal Horticultural Society Talk (from London). 10.35—Alice Couchman (piano). 11.0—Close.

BOURNEMOUTH (6BM)—385 Metres.

3.45—Orchestra. 5.5-6.0—Children. 6.30—Music. 7.0—Weather and News. 7.25—Music. 7.40—Station Director's Talk. 8.0-8.15—The Municipal Orchestra, Lettice Newman, Eric Richmond (entertainers). 10.0—Weather and News. The Rt. Hon. Arthur Henderson, M.P. (from London). Royal Horticultural Society Talk (from London). 10.40-11.10—From London.

CARDIFF (5WA)—351 Metres.

3.0-3.30—Organ. 3.30-4.30—Orchestra. 5.0-5.30—"5WA" "Five O'Clocks." 5.30-6.30—Children. 7.0—Weather and News. 7.25-8.0—From London. 8.0—Lena Mason (solo violin), Hector Gordon, Betty Gooden (piano). 9.0—The Bernardo Musical Boys. 10.0—Weather and News. The Rt. Hon. Arthur Henderson, M.P. (from London). Royal Horticultural Society Talk (from London). 10.40—From London. 11.10—Close.

MANCHESTER (2ZY)—375 Metres.

3.30-4.0—Schools. 4.0-5.15—"2ZY" Quartet. W. A. Banks (bass-baritone), Fanny Newman (entertainer). 5.30-6.30—Children. 7.0—Weather and News. 7.25—Music. 7.0—Hebden Bridge Band, Carl Fuchs (solo cello), Foden Williams (entertainer). 10.0—Weather and News. The Rt. Hon. Arthur Henderson, M.P. (from London). Royal Horticultural Society Talk (from London). 10.35—Dance Band. 11.0—Close.

NEWCASTLE (5NO)—400 Metres.

3.45-4.45—Orchestra. 4.45-5.15 — Winifred Gribbon (mezzo-soprano). 5.15-6.30—Children. 6.35—Farmers. 7.0—Weather and News. 7.25—Music. 7.40—Robert Radford, Alfred M. Wolf (violin), Station Symphony Orchestra. 9.30—"5NO" Repertory Company. 10.0—Weather and News. The Rt. Hon. Arthur Henderson, M.P. (from London). Royal Horticultural Society Talk (from London). 10.35—Wallace Cunningham (entertainer). 11.0—Close.

GLASGOW (5SC)—420 Metres.

11.30-12.30—Concert. 3.30-4.0—Schools. 4.0-4.40—Wireless Quartet. Dorothy Crawford (piano). 4.45-5.15—Women. 5.15-6.0—Children. 6.0-6.5—Weather for Farmers. 7.0—Weather and News. 7.25—Music. 8.0—Station Symphony Orchestra, Horace Stevens (baritone). 10.0—Weather and News. The Rt. Hon. Arthur Henderson, M.P. (from London). 10.35—Orchestra. 11.0—Close.

LIVERPOOL (6LV)—315 Metres.

11.0-12.0—Concert. 3.30-4.0—String Quartet. 5.30-6.30—Children. 6.40-11.10—From London.

BELFAST (2BE)—435 Metres.

4.0-5.0—"2BE" Quartet. 5.30-6.0—Children. 6.40—Farmers. 7.0—Weather and News. 7.25—Herbert Heyner (baritone), Ernest A. A. Stevely (violin), Mina Harpur (violin), Station Orchestra. Rhapsodic Dance, "The Bamboula" (Coleridge-Taylor); Overture, "The Merry Wives of Windsor" (Nicolai); Hungarian Rhapsody, No 2 in D Minor and G (Liszt) Entr'actes, Minuet in G, Op. 14 (Paderewski), and Humoreske in G (Dvorak); Welsh Rhapsody" (German); Ernest A. A. Stevely and Mina Harpur: Concerto in D Minor for Two Violins and Strings (Bach); Prelude and Love Death ("Tristan and Isolde") (Wagner); Entr'acte and Valse ("Coppelia") (Delibes); "Danse Cosaque" ("Mazeppa") (Tchaikovsky). 10.0—Weather and News (from London). The Rt. Hon. Arthur Henderson, M.P. (from London). 10.30—Suite, "Rustic Revels" (Fletcher). 10.40-11.10—From London.

UNIVERSITY OF DUBLIN.

CONFERRING OF DEGREES.

The Senate of Dublin University met in the Theatre of Trinity College yesterday, for the purpose of conferring degrees. The Caput consisted of the Vice-Chancellor (Lord Glenavy), the Provost, and the Senior Master Non-Regent (Professor W. E. Thrift). The attendance included the Rev. W. R. Westropp Roberts, S.F.,T.C.D. (Senior Lecturer); Professor M. W. J. Fry, S.F.,T.C.D. (Registrar); Mr. E. J. Gwynn, F.,T.C.D. (Senior Proctor); Mr. G. R. Webb, F.,T.C.D. (Junior Proctor); Mr. W. Kennedy, F.,T.C.D.; Sir Robert Tate, F.,T.C.D. (Junior Dean); Professor A. F. Dixon, Dean of the Faculty of Medicine; Dr. John Purser, Mr. J. M. Henry, F.,T.C.D.; Dr. Walter Starkie, F.,T.C.D.; the Rev. Canon N. J. D. White, D.D.; the Rev. Canon Forrester, M.A.; Professor Clark, M.A.; Professor Baxter, LL.D.

The following degrees were conferred:—

BACCALAUREI IN ARTIBUS.

Moderator Senior Supplementarius—Fredericus Carolus Hill. Respondens—Fredericus Stephanus Popham. Pensionarii—Douglas Smythe Alison, Ransome Macnamara Allardyce, Guilelmus Norman Craig-M'Feely, Henricus Dinsmore, Johannes Alexander Dowde, Fredericus Guilelmus Johnston, Johannes Arthurus Coates Kempston, Herbertus Jacobus Langtry, Menzies, Llewelyn M'Causley, Muriel Frances Meade Manning, Florence Nightingale, Leonellus Alexander Guilelmus Orr, Marion Edgar Savage, Alexander Walker Graham Seyrille (discip. Schol.), Hugo Carolus Wilson.

Magister in Arte Ingeniarii—Giraldus Arturus Adair.

Magistri in Artibus—Giraldus Arturus Adair, Douglas Smythe Alison, Ethel Margaret Balfour, Guilelmus Norman Craig-M'Feely, Rev. Cyrillus de Cve. Martinus Helmer Eliasson, Rev. Carolus Gardner, Robertus Edmundus Gardner, Thomas Wolseley Haig, Imperii Indici Eques Commendator (jure officii); Eric Hutton, Ernestus Aubrey Lofting, Jacobus Howard Pim, Helen Mayhurst Roe, Albertus Walker, Joseph Alfredus Warner.

Baccalaurei in Sacra Theologia—Rev. Alexander Bannerman Lavelle.

Doctor in Philosophia—Jacobus Brontë Gatenby (ad eund Oxon.), stip. cond.

Doctor in Scientia—Joseph Warwick Bigger, stip. cond.

Doctores in Medicina—Johannes Carolus Joseph Callanan, Ricardus Alexander Dennisson Pope.

IN ABSENTIA.

Baccalaureus in Utroque Jure—Johannes Bartley. Magister in Artibus—Rev. Haroldus Clear Butler.

TRINITY COLLEGE, DUBLIN.

TRINITY TERM, 1925.

SUPPLEMENTAL B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

The following candidates have passed:—Scholar—Alexander W. Smyllie. Pensioners—Douglas S. Alison, Douglas H. Cassidy, Walter L. Connell, Brendan Joseph Daly, Henry Dinsmore, Basil Eric Gardiner, Christine Johnston, Frederick W. Johnston, John Arthur Kennerton, Frederick W. McCall, Emily A. McCartan, Muriel Frances Manning, Florence Nightingale, Lionel Alexander Orr, Frederick R. Popham, Marion E. Savage, Hugh Charles Wilson. Sizar—Home Frederick Rainsford.

Medical Students—Ransome M. Allardyce, Carol Richard Boland, Robert J. Franklin, William R. G. Gallagher, Menzies McCauley, LL.; David Norman Power, Ralph William Stewart.

SENIOR SOPHISTER TERM EXAMINATION.

The following candidates have passed:—Ernest Dyer Hammett, William F. James, James Kennedy, George Shallow, Nora Patricia Stokes, Andrew Watt, Frank Edward Girling (Sizar).

"TIZ" FOR TENDER, SORE, TIRED FEET

Just put those weary shoe-crinkled, aching, burning feet into a "TIZ" bath. When your feet ache and burn, "TIZ" and only "TIZ" will bring relief.

A "TIZ" bath is grand, glorious for tortured feet. It draws the poisons and acids right out. Stops the pain of corns. Puts your feet into perfect condition.

Get a large 1/6 box of "TIZ," sufficient for many treatments, from any chemists or stores. Refuse all substitutes. Look for the signature of W. L. DODGE & CO. on the yellow box.

FIRST DAY OF PUNCHESTOWN RACES: DEGREE DAY AT TRINITY COLLEGE.

A General View of the Members' Enclosure at Punchestown yesterday.

The Earl of Mayo receiving President Cosgrave.

Lord Bellew watching the Racing at Punchestown.

Brown Ivy (Capt. J. F. O'Grady up), after winning the Governor-General's Cup.

Mr. L. F. Ball's br. g. Ingomar, winner of the Prince of Wales's Plate at Punchestown yesterday.

Senator W. B. Yeats and Senator Dr. Oliver St. John Gogarty.

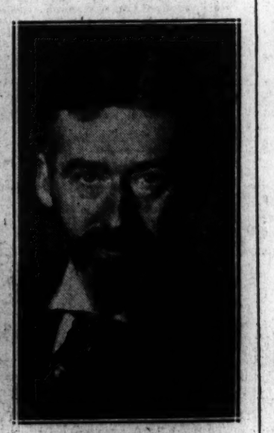
Clearing the First Bank in the Race for the Governor-General's Cup.

The Earl and Countess of Mayo (seventh and eighth from the right) and other Members watching the Racing.

The Governor-General, President Cosgrave, and Mrs. Sullivan.

Walter Hagen, who announces that he will not defend his Title as British Open Golf Champion.

DEGREE DAY AT TRINITY COLLEGE, DUBLIN.—Some of the Students who received their Degrees yesterday.



Mr. Thomas Bodki., who Lectured in Dublin yesterday.

"NOT A KILL-JOY."

BOOKMAKER'S RETORT TO JUSTICE.

On summonses for carrying on illegal ready-money betting businesses, a fine of £20, with the alternative of three months' imprisonment, was imposed in Drogheda District Court yesterday on each of the following:—James Murphy and Gerald Moore, West street; John O'Brien, Stockwell lane; Bernard Lynch and William Campbell, St. James' street, and James Megan, William street.

William Strong, West street, was fined £5, and Richard Murray, James' street, and Louise Waters, William street, were each fined £1 for allowing the illegal business to be carried on in their premises. In addition, some twenty persons were summoned for visiting the premises for the purpose of betting, but the Justice dismissed the summonses against them, remarking that they were the "gulls."

William Strong, when questioned by the Justice, said that when a man had a shilling he liked to see him spend it as he liked. He did not think that the man's wife might need the shilling.

The Justice—I am sorry about your views of morality; they are not very strong.

The Defendant—I am not a kill-joy.

Australia's capacity to absorb new settlers is in direct proportion to her ability to find stabilised markets for the resultant increased output of produce.—Sir Joseph Cook.

I cannot see how an increase in internal purchasing power would even temporarily help us to sell our goods abroad against Germans, Belgians and others.—The Hon. R. H. Brand.

CLERK WITH £6 10/- A WEEK

DRAWING £400 PENSION.

Mr. J. J. Grennan, the late Secretary of Meath County Council, has been drawing a pension of £400 a year from the County Council while earning £6 10s. a week as a clerk to the Navan Urban Council.

The matter was brought up at a meeting of the County Council on Monday, when the Chairman (Mr. M. O'Dwyer), remarking that the Council's solicitor ought to be informed at once, said that it was for them to insist that, as Mr. Grennan had got another position, he would get no pension from them. If needs be, he (the Chairman) would take the case to the superior courts. He would fight the Local Government Board and the Government on it, as a principle was at stake.

The meeting decided to instruct the solicitor to "take all necessary steps to safeguard our interest."

CHURCH SERVICES.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Dublin (a Branch of The Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Mass.), 58 Molesworth street.—Services—Sunday 11.30 a.m., 7 p.m.; Sunday School, 11.30 a.m. Wednesday (Testimony Meeting), 8 p.m. Christian Science Reading Room, same address, is open to the public daily from 11 a.m.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Rathmines (a Branch Church of The Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Mass.). Services, at which all are welcome—Sunday, 11.30 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday School, 11.30 a.m. Wednesday (Testimony Meeting), 8 p.m. Christian Science Reading Room, Church Building, Rathmines Park, open daily, from to the public, 11 a.m. to 9 o'clock; Wednesday, 11 o'clock to 7.30; and Saturday from 11 to 7 o'clock. Sunday, 4 to 6.30.

WEXFORD COUNTY RATES.

EFFECT OF AGRICULTURAL GRANT.

At the meeting of the Wexford County Council on Monday the following rates for the coming year were adopted:—Wexford area, land 7s. in the £, buildings 9s. 6d. in the £; Enniscorthy area, land 7s. 8d., buildings 9s. 8d.; New Ross area, land 7s. 4d., buildings 9s. 5d.; Gorey area, land 7s. 8d., buildings 9s. 5d.

In moving the adoption of the figures, the Chairman (Mr. E. P. Foley) stated that the collection of rates by distraint from people who were willing to pay, though temporarily unable to do so, was a policy that should be avoided, as its effects were not alone disastrous for the victims but reacted unfavourably on the country as a whole. In connection with the Relief of Rates Act, of which advantage was taken last year, they had to include 1s. 3d. in the £ in the coming year's rates. The district road estimates were:—New Ross 5s., increase 5½d.; Enniscorthy 4s. 7½d., increase 5½d.; Wexford 4s., increase 2½d., and Gorey 3s. 11d., decrease 7d. The cost of the roads was only exceeded by Dublin and Limerick. The proposed flat rate was 3s. 6d. in the £, which represented a total cut in the ordinary road estimate of £15,700. The demand of the Public Health Board was £61,512, which was £13,308 more than that raised last year.

It was decided to reduce this year's demand by £3,924. The Mental Hospital demand, £24,740, or £3,577 more than last year, was reduced to £21,440. As a result of the agricultural grant being doubled in the Budget the relief in rates to the county would be £24,045.

Replying to Mr. Cloney, the Secretary stated that the Council's total liabilities were: £33,000 under Relief of Rates Act, repayable within 7 years; £27,647 outstanding loans, and £8,000 overdrafts. They could borrow up to £40,000, and the £73,000 could not be put within the category of outstanding loans.

Mr. Hall—Our position is not too bad at all.

Alderman Corish—You might have been in a bit of a panic only for the increase in the agricultural grant.

A £666 PENSION.

MEATH COUNTY COUNCIL'S GENEROSITY.

At a meeting of the Meath County Council on Monday, Mr. Noonan, solicitor to the Council, reported that, acting on the Council's resolution to give Mr. James Quigley, late County Surveyor, the highest pension in its power, he had made out the maximum, which was £666 13s. 4d. The minimum was £249 4s. He had made out an intermediate scale of £405 by adding ten years' service to Mr. Quigley's sixteen years. Mr. Quigley would not get any pension until he went out of office in Dublin.

It was decided to give Mr. Quigley the highest pension—£666 13s. 4d.

Mr. Quigley, who was present, returned thanks to the Council for their "magnificent treatment."

Hillsborough Dispensary Doctor.—Lisburn Board of Guardians yesterday appointed Dr. William S. Boyd as medical officer of the Hillsborough Dispensary District, in succession to his father, the late Dr. H. J. Boyd, whose father had also held the position.

Friend of Animals.—Constable Harrington, Lurgan, has been presented with a certificate from the Ulster Humane Award Committee for his exertions in preventing cruelty to animals

A POOR RESPONSE.

SLACKENING INTEREST IN ARCHITECTURE.

It was reported at the annual general meeting of the Architectural Association of Ireland, at 8 Merrion square, North, Dublin, last night that, despite the effort of the Committee to formulate a scheme which would provide for every grade of student, the response both in attendance and results had been most unsatisfactory on the whole.

The only apparent explanation of this state of affairs, said the Chairman (Mr. L. F. Giron, M.R.I.A.I.), was that the students were blind to their own interests. These classes were a golden opportunity for young men who were anxious to succeed. The absence of competition for the various prizes and the indifferent quality of the work submitted were also sad things to contemplate.

Having thanked the officers and Committee for their help during the session, the President handed over the badge of office to his successor—Mr. W. A. Dixon, M.R.I.A.I.—and congratulated him on his election.

The following were the prize-winners during 1924-1925:—The Institute prize of 10 guineas, Mr. R. Boyd Barrett; the Downes bronze medal, Mr. J. H. Watson; two guineas prize, Mr. H. V. Millar; elementary architectural history and design, Mr. C. P. Kenna; advanced architectural history and design, Mr. E. A. Barrett.

If you talk to the Englishman about class war, revolution, or things of that kind, he will tell you in forcible language that he has no use for foreign theories or foreign crimes.—Viscount Cave.

THE THEATRE

Every woman seeks to shine in public, and the theatre is one of the happiest settings of the beautiful woman. The white-and-rose of the Olva complexion knows no rival.

Three or four hours in a heated atmosphere is a strain on the complexion, but at the end of that time Olva beauty is still radiantly fresh and fragrant.

Palm Oil and Olive Oil are widely known as beneficial and emollient beauty aids—the art of so refining and blending them to really effect the purpose is known to few.

Price's, with their three-quarters of a century experience, have achieved the superblend in Olva—the British Palm and Olive Oil Soap. This wonderful tablet has a subtle fragrance rare in soaps made from these oils, a rich lather that charms dirt out of the pores, and a tonic and refreshing action that is acceptable to the most delicate skin.

But be sure you get, amongst the multitude of Palm and Olive Oil Soaps, Olva, the triumph of British soap-making, made in England *for you*.

Olva
PALM AND OLIVE OIL
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PRICE'S SOAP CO. LTD. LONDON & GREENWICH

CENTRAL CRIMINAL COURT.

FIVE YEARS FOR MANSLAUGHTER.

SHOCKING WEXFORD CASE.

(BEFORE MR. JUSTICE MEREDITH.)

At yesterday's sitting it was announced that unless there was a fuller attendance of jurors from then until the end of the session the business of the court might have to fall through. The jurors' list would be called to-day on fines of £10 each.

James Halligan pleaded not guilty of the murder of a woman named Ellen Donoghue, of the tramp class, in County Wexford, on 13th July, 1924.

Mr. Carrigan, K.C., stating the case for the prosecution, said that the circumstances under which the unfortunate woman met her death were quite shocking. Her husband, apparently, had deserted her, for she "took up" with the accused. The two quarreled in a grove, and later the woman was found naked, covered only by old sacks and a shawl. She had been terribly maltreated.

Mrs. Kate Forrest deposed that the accused had said to her: "I hit her a lick of a stick on the lip and the blood choked her."

Guard P. Deegan said that the accused called to the barracks and reported that a dead woman was lying "down the road." When asked why he killed her, he said that he was "mad jealous of her."

Sergeant O'Doherty gave evidence of finding the body in a shed. When accused was examined at the barracks the whole of his shirt front was spattered with blood.

William Donoghue (14 years), son of the deceased woman, said that Halligan beat the witness and his mother. Halligan often beat them. This time he had beaten the deceased with a stone and stick, and had stabbed her with a knife. Halligan washed the woman's body with water.

Dr. Hugh Brady, who examined the body of the deceased woman, said that the bone of the skull was depressed into the brain and there were two deep wounds. There were some gashes on the throat that appeared to have been done by a knife. The lip was badly cut, and there was another wound under the chin. Both arms from the shoulder down were one mass of bruises, some of which had been recently inflicted. The wound on the back of the head or that on the top of the head would have caused death.

Counsel for the prisoner called no witnesses for the defence, but, in his address to the jury, said that this was a crime of passion, and pleaded that the crime was committed by the accused when he did not appreciate the nature and quality of his act.

The jury found the prisoner not guilty of murder, but guilty of manslaughter, and he was sentenced to five years' penal servitude.

MURDER CHARGE ADJOURNED.

Mr. W. J. Gleeson (instructed by Messrs. Noyk and O'Reilly) raised objection to the application of Mr. Carrigan, prosecuting, for the postponement of the trial of James Murray, who was charged with the murder of Joseph Bergin, a military policeman, in December, 1923. The objection, Mr. Gleeson said, was founded on the fact that neither the prisoner nor his counsel was present when the application was made. Murray had come to this country and surrendered himself to the police for the purpose of taking his trial and having the case disposed of, as he did not wish to have the charge hanging over his head. There was a large number of witnesses present for the defence, and as he (Mr. Gleeson) could not take the responsibility of keeping them in Court indefinitely, he would like to know the reason for the postponement of the trial.

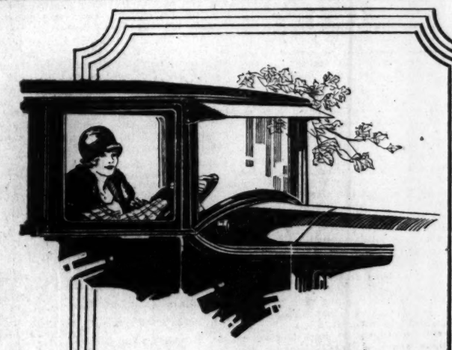
Mr. Carrigan said that the case was a serious one. That morning he had been instructed by the Attorney-General in person to apply for an adjournment of the case, which was expected to be taken on Thursday, on the ground that it would be impossible to take it on Thursday.

Mr. Carrigan added that it was for public reasons that the Attorney-General had applied for an adjournment.

Mr. Justice Meredith adjourned the trial to the next Sessions.

"COINER" SENTENCED.

James Mulcahy, who had been found guilty of "coining," was sentenced to six months' imprisonment.



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In traffic, the Buick is unequalled in quick get-away. On the open road, it will eat up the miles with unvarying speed, taking all but the steepest of gradients on top gear. The Buick is as easy to acquire as it is to drive. General Motors deferred payment system meets every convenience.

The Buick '20' Six-cylinder Tourer costs £445, the Saloon £625. The Buick 27 h.p. 7-seater Saloon costs £845. These prices do not include carriage. Messrs. Lincoln and Nolan, Ltd., of 57 and 58 Lower Baggot street, Dublin, our Buick Distributor for the Irish Free State, will be pleased to give you prices of other models and provide a demonstration run.

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VALVE-IN-HEAD Buick MOTOR CARS

GOSSIP FROM THE COURSE.

THE GUINEAS.

PROSPECTS OF AN OPEN RACE

A LIKELY DERBY COLT.

NOTHING VENTURE'S BAD LUCK.

FROM OUR TRAVELLING CORRESPONDENT.

NEWMARKET, Tuesday Night.

The general consensus of opinion here to-night is that the Aga Khan's Irish-bred colt, Zionist, will win the Two Thousand Guineas, to be run here to-morrow afternoon. Although some rain has fallen the going is likely to be in splendid condition, but the field for the first classic will be smaller than usual.

I learn to-day that great hope is entertained at Picaroon recovering soon enough to give his trainer a chance of preparing him for the Derby. It is believed that all the trouble has been caused through a slight scratch having admitted some poison into his leg, and that he has what amounts to a very big abscess.

Zionist occupies almost as commanding a position as Picaroon did. There are many things in favour of the Aga Khan's colt, particularly his good two-year-old form and the excellent display that he gave here at the Craven meeting. The fact that Warden of the Marches, who finished slightly in front of him at Newbury, was well beaten here this afternoon does not enhance his chance, though it in no way detracts from it that the trainers of other horses engaged do not by any means regard the race as a walk-over for Zionist. Fred Darling, for example, is very hopeful about Manna, and Dawson Waugh is confident that whatever beats Oojah will win. Both Oojah and Manna were bred by Mr. J. J. Maher, so that Irish breeding is very much to the fore in this race.

Oojah's Good Gallop.

I saw Oojah galloped this morning and he went uncommonly well. His performance in the Esher Cup was, as I have written here before, a most creditable one, and I am sure he will stay the mile all right. Although Manna finished slightly in front of him in the Middle Park Stakes last year, I am convinced that he will finish in front of Manna here. Solario beat both of these in the Middle Park Plate, and his trainer likes his chance to-morrow, but he will have to improve considerably on his Craven Stakes form if he is to win.

Jarvis is fully expectant that St. Becan will run into a place at least, and he would not be surprised if he won. Still, as he says the way he tried him last week was not nearly good enough to beat Picaroon. He ridden her owner, Mr. J. W. Osborne, she thinks it will be a good deal easier to beat some of the others. Mr. Cottrill fancies Field Argent, though by what process of reasoning he has arrived at the conclusion that the colt will win I cannot make out.

A Double-barrelled Selection

For such as Marksman, Bucellas, and Runnymede I have no fancy at all. Sun God, a French colt now trained here, is an unknown quantity. One must, of course, recognise the great chance possessed by Zionist, but I am not too confident that he will beat Oojah, and he will be at a false price. I will give a double-barrelled selection, which is ZIONIST and OOJAH each way. St. Becan may fill the other place.

The Aga Khan, owner of Zionist, started well this afternoon, when he won the First Spring Two-Year-Old Stakes with Phanarite, an attractive Phalaris colt, bred by Bruce Hamilton, who made over three thousand guineas as a yearling. It was his first appearance, and he only won by a neck from Nothing Venture, the colt by Prince Galahad out of Risky, who dead-heated with Monk's Way for second place.

Nothing Venture was drawn on the far side, and had to plough a lonely furrow, always a disadvantage at Newmarket. Phanarite, on the other hand, ran straight home on the stand rails. Monk's Way, a headstrong colt, who threw his jockey in the paddock, would probably have done better had he not swerved right across the course. Spangle, a colt owned by the young American, Mr. Ogden Mills, fell in this race, and breaking a leg had to be destroyed.

Conquistador's Stylish Win.

Lord Derby's very good-looking son of Stedfast, Conquistador, brought himself into the limelight as a Derby possibility by the style in which he won the Ha'tings Plate across the flat by four lengths and two lengths from Linkman and the odds-on chance, Sparus. The latter could hardly have been at his best, for he ran much below his Newbury form. I do not think that the form amounted to a great deal, but Conquistador made all the running and won in very good style. I know that he has been coming on by leaps and bounds since he ran at Liverpool, and that Mr. Lambton has more than a little hope of re-enacting Sansovino's Derby triumph with him.

Many people, however, will be very doubtful whether Stedfast is ever likely to sire a Derby winner, although Conquistador is probably the best-looking of his offspring. Diomedes did not run for this race, but his owner has now decided to run him in the Paradise Stakes, over ten furlongs, at Hurst Park.

Simony, who started favourite for the Brocklesby, and was beaten again here at the Craven Meeting, ran away with the Maiden T.Y.O. Plate, winning by six lengths from the favourite, Hearty; while Knockgriff easily won the Welter Handicap. An unknown horse, Attraction, bought for a "tenner" last year, easily won the Selling Plate and made 600 guineas afterwards.

Warden of the Marches did not keep a straight course in the Risby Handicap, and was beaten by three lengths by Lady Clarina, who was receiving 21lb. Captain Him did not run well here, but he was being asked to give 9lb. to Warden of the Marches, or only 7lb. less than Zionist was asked to give at Newbury.

A curiosity in handicapping may be mentioned in the fact that Conquistador is in the Manchester Cup with 6st, 3lb.

There will be other good races to-morrow besides the Guineas. PLACK runs for the Chippenham Stakes and should win it. She is shortly to be covered by Lemberg, and will be retired from the Turf after Ascot. The MORGAN LE FEY FILLY may win the Wilbraham Stakes, in which Trilogy is fancied; while DRAKE should win the Bretby Handicap.

GALTEE MORE.

SPECIAL SELECTIONS FOR TO-DAY.

Westminster Gazette :—Double—Oojah and Morgan Le Fey filly. To-day's best—Oojah (each way).

Daily Express :—Double — Zionist and Drake. Safety bet—Drake (each way).

Daily Mirror :—Double—Zionist and Drake (nap).

Daily Graphic :—Double — Sonatina and Bravado.

Daily Mail :—Special selection—Zionist.

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OFFICIAL SCRATCHINGS.

NEWMARKET MEETING.

Two Years Old Selling Plate—Tadpole.
Welter Handicap—Illyrian.
Bretby Handicap—Goldbound.
Brinkley Welter Handicap—Page Three.

CHESTER MEETING.

Chester Vase—Counter-Tierce, Procyon.
Combermere Handicap—Procyon.
Stamford Two Years Old Stakes—Albatross.
Furze Hill ..
Great Cheshire Steeplechase—Granger.

TEIGNE MEETING.

Thirsk Handicap—Kinnaird.
Sowerby Selling Handicap—Minikin's Pride
Helmsley Selling Plate—Silhouette.
Mowbray Two Years Old Plate—Brazen.
White Mote Two Years Old Plate—Beaux Yeux.
Falcon Plate—Nun.

HEXHAM MEETING.

Corbridge Hurdle—The Gosling.
Leazes Chase—Moor of Venice.
Tynedale National Hunt Plate Race—Eagle's End.
Yarridge Hurdle—Orpk.
Hexham Engagements—Real Royal, Cockhill, King Spider, Garsaune.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Worcester Grand Annual Chase—Reckoning.
Hindlip Chase, Worcester—Moor of Venice.
Moderate Class Handicap Chase, Worcester—Ground Scout.
Formidable, Formidable.
Claremont Plate, Hurst Park—Purple Heather
All engagements—Paddlewell (dead), Tea (dead), Joe Mack, Love Spell, George Drake, Lee Tide, Bosh, Garfield, Lolita Flower, Milliet, Farina, Ormada (dead).
Aldershot engagements—Rathcore.
All published handicaps—Imperious.
All engagements in Mr. Sol Joel's name—Royal Star.
All engagements in Mr. C. Orde's name—Clerk.

PUNCHESTOWN.

ENJOYABLE SPORT.

PRINCE OF WALES'S PLATE WON BY INGOMAR.

BALLYSTOCKART DISAPPOINTS.

A BAD DAY FOR BACKERS.

If the racing on the opening day was not quite up to the best Punchestown standard, it was none the less of a most enjoyable character, except, perhaps, from the point of view of backers, the majority of whom had all the worst of their transactions with the layers. But then betting seldom takes a wide range or is very heavy here, and the adverse results were, for the most part, cheerfully borne. The downfall of the favourites may have been to some extent attributable to the rather holding state of the ground, caused by the overnight downpour; but, be that as it may, not a solitary one of them came to the rescue of the punters during the day. Compensation, however, was forthcoming inasmuch as the sport ruled very interesting, for, even though most of the events were in the end won by comfortable margins, the issue in most instances hung in the balance until the last fence was reached.

The Tickell Challenge Cup, which, as usual, served as a curtain-raiser, attracted a big troop of farmers' horses to the post, and there were several useful-looking ones among them. Few, however, in their search for the winner looked beyond Cheer Up, who finished second in the race last year, and failed. A very short price was taken about Mr. Whelan's mare. For a long way she looked very like accomplishing all that was expected of her, but in a desperate finish, in which both battled it out gamely, she succumbed by a short head to School Girl, whose victory was very popular with the locals.

That much-coveted trophy, the Kildare Hunt Cup, furnished a thoroughly sporting contest, and the field included last year's winner, Berry Hill, whose prospects of repeating that victory were much esteemed by his connections. Game Boy II., who has been distinguishing himself in point-to-point races, was also fancied very much, and Alice Whitethorn and Minimus each commanded a considerable following. Before half the journey was covered Alice Whitethorn and Berry Hill, followed by Brendan's Glory, Ada Ingomar, Mask On, Ballysticktart and Eilen's Beau, were leading the way, Ballysticktart, who was the last horse beaten entirely out of the race, dropping behind before the wall gave way to Ingomar, who, drawing clear away, won in a canter by eight lengths from Eilen's Beau, with Brendan's Glory second and Ballysticktart sixth. Mask On fifth. Ballysticktart sixth, Poland Tel eighth and Shanavogue last. Time—4 mins. 50 4-5 secs.

3.30—**THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL'S CUP**, value 200 sovs., presented by His Excellency the Governor-General of the Irish Free State, with 500 sovs. added. Second receives 50 sovs. and the third 25 sovs. A gold-mounted whip will be presented to the rider of the winner. A welter for aged steeplechasers. 3 m.

Captain J. F. O'Grady's b. m. BROWN IVY, by Bright Knight—Brown Bess ..... Owner 1
Major C. Mitchell's LITTLE CLIFTER, 6, 11-10 ..... Captain M. Dennis 2
Colonel Liam Hayes's UNCLE SAM VI., 6, 11-10 ..... Owner 3

Mr. R. N. Caddell's Harry Lorrequer, a. 11-10
General Sir Bryan Mahon's Assuan, a. 11-10
Captain P. Quill's Oceanus, a. 11-10 ..... Mr. R. H. Dendo 0
(Winner trained by Owner.)

Betting—5 to 4 on Little Clifter, 5 to 1 agst. BROWN IVY, 6 to 1 Assuan, 8 to 1 Oceanus, 10 to 1 any other.

Fourth Sam VI. settled down in front of Little Clifter, Harry Lorrequer and Brown Ivy, and so for half the journey, when Brown Ivy went to the front, followed by Assuan, Little Clifter, Oceanus and Uncle Sam VI. Three-quarters of a mile from home, Oceanus fell, and at the wall Little Clifter headed Brown Ivy, but the latter, swerving the lead, drew away to win by five lengths; a bad third. Assuan was pulled up before the last fence. Time—6 mins. 23 secs.

4.0—**THE MAIDEN PLATE** of 500 sovs., of which the second receives 50 sovs. and the third 25 sovs. Weight for age, etc. 2 m.

Mr. E. A. Kirwan's b. c. AMBERWAVE, by Wavelet's Pride — Ambergris, a. 11-0 ..... Mr. J. O'Brien 1
Mr. Peter O'Neill's BALLINATRAY, 5, 12-0 ..... Mr. P. J. Regan 2
Mr. J. W. Osborne's TANTIDDERY, 5, 10-9 ..... Mr. J. W. Osborne 3
Mr. T. Ray's Thirty-Bob, a, 12-1 ..... P. Higgins 0
Major H. D. Beamish's Express, a, 11-5 ..... Mr. S. H. Dennis 0
Captain Dixon's Yellow Bog, a, 11-5 ..... Mr. S. H. Dennis 0
Mr. W. Dwyer jun.'s Glacialine's Token, a, 11-5 ..... Mr. F. Malone 0
Mrs. T. W. Price's Perhaps No, a, 11-5 ..... Mr. T. Dennis 0
Mr. P. Rogers's ELLEN'S BEAU, a, 10-10 ..... Owner a 11 5
Mr. M. Cunningham's BRENDAN'S GLORY, a, 11-2 ..... Mr. J. Regan 3
Mr. T. O'Gorman's Mask On, a, 12-0 ..... J. Moylan 0
Mr. Hope Johnstone's Ardenus, 5, 11-12 ..... D. Ward 0
Major Dixon's Ballystockart, 6, 11-9 ..... J. Meany 0
Mr. M. N. Conway's Silvermere, a, 11-2 ..... J. Mahony 0
Mr. J. Fitzsimon's Rathmoyle, a, 11-0 ..... Mr. J. Alexander 0
Mr. W. Murphy's Shanacorr, a, 9-9 ..... Mr. P. Murphy 0
(Winner trained by M. Dawson.)

Betting—6 to 4 agst. Ballystockart, 5 to 1 Balrenark, 6 to 1 each Eilen's Beau and Mask On, 7 to 1 each INGOMAR and Poland Tel, 10 to 1 any other.

Balrenark cut out the work from Silvermere, Mask On, Ingomar, Ada, Poland Tel and Ballystockart, with Eilen's Beau and Shanacorr next and Ardenus last. When half the journey had been covered Ada headed Balrenark, but the latter soon resumed command, and, with Mask On and followed by Brendan's Glory, Ada, Ingomar, Mask On, Ballysticktart and Eilen's Beau, approaching the wall Brendan's Glory headed Balrenark, but before the wall gave way to Ingomar, who, drawing clear away, won in a canter by eight lengths from Eilen's Beau, with Brendan's Glory second and Balrenark third. Balrenark was fourth, Mask On fifth, Ballysticktart sixth, Poland Tel eighth and Shanavogue last. Time—4 mins. 49 4-5 secs.

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4.0—**THE MAIDEN PLATE** of 500 sovs., of which the second receives 50 sovs. and the third 25 sovs. Weight for age, etc. 2 m.

Mr. E. A. Kirwan's b. c. AMBERWAVE, by Wavelet's Pride — Ambergris, a. 11-0 ..... Mr. J. O'Brien 1
Mr. Peter O'Neill's BALLINATRAY, 5, 12-0 ..... Mr. P. J. Regan 2
Mr. J. W. Osborne's TANTIDDERY, 5, 10-9 ..... Mr. J. W. Osborne 3
Mr. T. Ray's Thirty-Bob, a, 12-1 ..... P. Higgins 0
Major H. D. Beamish's Express, a, 11-5 ..... Mr. S. H. Dennis 0
Captain Dixon's Yellow Bog, a, 11-5 ..... Mr. S. H. Dennis 0
Mr. W. Dwyer jun.'s Glacialine's Token, a, 11-5 ..... Mr. F. Malone 0
Mrs. T. W. Price's Perhaps No, a, 11-5 ..... Mr. T. Dennis 0
Mr. P. Rogers's ELLEN'S BEAU, a, 10-10 ..... Owner a 11 5
Mr. M. Cunningham's BRENDAN'S GLORY, a, 11-2 ..... Mr. J. Regan 3
Mr. T. O'Gorman's Mask On, a, 12-0 ..... J. Moylan

FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES.

IRISH STOCK EXCHANGES.

DUBLIN.

FUNDS BETTER. BANKS IRREGULAR. GUINNESS GOOD. GREAT SOUTHERN RAILS WEAKER. PARENT TRUSTS STRONG. TEXTILES BETTER. TOBACCOS HIGHER.

There was a fair amount of quiet dealing on Change, but specialities in the Industrial sections as usual engaged attention, and moved fresh advances.

Government National Loan and War Loan 3½ and 5 p.c. Stocks were all quoted ex.,the current half-year's dividends, and, allowing for these dividends are payable free of income tax at source, show some improvement where business resulted. Banks show a little irregularity, but Bank Stock and Hibernians show no further change. The demand for Guinness Ord. Shares was continued all day at a further well-sustained advance. Marconis were harder. Rails were quiet, and Great Southern Ord. and Debs. were the turn lower. Parent Trust issues were good, and show a general advance. Dunlop Rubbers were steady all day. Tobaccos and Textiles generally show improvements.

Government National 5 p.c. Loan rose ½ to 3½ x.d., and the Deed Stock ⅛ to 93⅛ x.d., and Compensation 5 p.c. ½ to 95½.

In British Funds, War Loan 5 p.c. rose to 100⅝ x.d., after being 100, ½, ⅝. Funding Loan repeated 88⅜.

In Corporation issues, Dublin 3½ p.c. repeated 72.

Banks were busy. Bank Stock repeated 27⅝ and Hibernians 7¼. Munster and Leinsters improved ⅛ to 7⅛ and Nationals ⅛ to 20½, but Royals fell ¼ to 13¾.

Breweries and Distilleries, Guinness rose ⅛ to 63, ⅛, ¼, 64; but the Pref. reacted ¼ to 12¾. A few Dublin Distillers Ord. realised 42s. 6d., a fall of 6d., while J. Power and Son Pref. were firm at 17s. 6d. Marconi Ord. rose 3d. to 32s. 6d.

Home Rails were dull. Great Southern Ord. fell ¼ to 29½, 29, and the Debs. ¼ to 85, while the Pref. at 40 and Great Northern Guaranteed at 60¾ show no change.

In Trams, Dublin United 3½ p.c. "A" Debs. rose ½ to 66, and the same figure was ineffectually bid for the 3½ p.c. "B" Debs.

Dunlop Rubber Ord. repeated 15s. 4½d. Parent Trust Ord. rose 3d. to 21s. 3d., the Pref. 6d. to 15s. 6d. for an odd lot, and the Defd. 1s. to 42s. 6d., 43s.

Alliance Gas 4 p.c. Debs. rose ½ to 67¼.

In Bakery Shares, Bolands Pref. fell ⅛ to 5⅞ for a broken lot; and in Drapery Shares, Crowe Wilson Ord. repeated 13s.

As regards Manufacturing Shares, British-American Tobacco rose 1s. to 117s. 6d., and Imperials 6d. to 99s., 99s. 3d.; while ditto Canadians repeated 30s. 3d. Bleachers rose 9d. to 72s. 9d., Coats 3d. to 55s. 3d., 55s. 6d., and Cottons 6d. to 65s., while Spinners rested 7½d. to 64s. 10½d. for an exceptional lot. A few Brunner Mond Shares were sold at 41s. 6d., or 6d. under last price. Lever Bros. 7 p.c. Pref. repeated 21s. 7½d., and the 8 p.c. Pref. 21s. Courtaulds were good and active, but closed the turn under best. The price rose 3d. to 98s. 3d., 98s. 1½d., 99s., 98s. 10½d., 99s. Swedish Match "A" Shares changed hands at 11, and Vickers repeated 9.

In Trading, etc., Dockrell Ord. repeated 15s., and Irish-American Oil Pref. 20s. 9d., while Chartered realised 23s. 4½d., 23s. 6d. Merchants' Warehousing eased 6d. to 24s. 6d., and Thom Ord. repeated 12s. 6d. x.d. for a small lot.

BUSINESS DONE AT ALL SESSIONS.

Transactions for cash marked "c."

Brit. Loan(96½)	94 x.d.	Dunlops ...(15/4½)	15/4½
Do. Deed ...(95½)	*93½ x.d.	Gas Deb. ...(67)	67½
Compensation Stock ...(95⅛)	*93⅜	Bolands Pref. ...(6½)	*6½
5% War Ln.(102⅛)	102⅛	Crowe Wilson ...(13.5.)	13.5
Funding Loan.(88⅜)	88⅜	Bleachers ...(72.)	72.9
Dublin Stock....(72)	72c	Calico Pref. ...(18.)	18.-
Bank of Ireland ...(27⅞c)	27⅞c	Coats ...(63.9)	63.3
Hibernian ...(7¼)	7¼	Cottons ...(64.6)	65.
Munster & Leinster ...(7⅛)	7⅛	Courtaulds...(98/6)	99.3
National ...(20¼)	20½	B.A.T. ...(116.6)	117.6
Royal ...(13¾)	13¾	Imp. Tob.(98/9)	99/-
Dublin Distillers ...(43.)	*42.6	Do. Canada.(50/3)	50.3
Guinness.(63½)	63¾	Brunner Mond ...(41.6	41.6
Power Pref. ...(17.6)	17.6	Lever 7% ...(21/4)	21/7½
Harcourt ...(23.3)	23.6	Do. 8% ...(21)	21.
Jacob ...(29½)	29¾	Dublin ...(9.)	9.
Do. Pref. ...(40)	40	Dockrell Ord.(16/5)	15/-
Do. Deb. ...(62½)	63	Parkes Pref.(12.6)	*12.6
Ord. ...(60½)	60¾	Chartered ...(23/4½)	23/4½
Dublin Tram A Deb.	68	Irish-American Oil ...(20/9)	20/9
Do. B Deb.	68	Mer. Warehous.(25.)	24/5
Do. Pref.	21⅞	Swedish Match B	11
Forest Ord.	21⅞	Con. Oil Corp.	230.10/-
Do. Pref.	21⅞	Shelf ...	85/9

*Odd lot, b'bid, a asked.

(Last business done given in parentheses.)

IRISH BANKS' RATE.

Discount ..... 6 p.c. 5th March, 1925.
Deposit ..... 2½ p.c. 5th March, 1925.

STOCK EXCHANGE SETTLEMENTS.

Mining contango day ..... May 4 | May 18
General contango day ..... May 5 | May 19
Ticket day ..... May 6 | May 20
Account day ..... May 7 | May 21

BELFAST.

Business was very quiet yesterday on Belfast Exchange. In English Government Stocks the 5 per cent. War Loan was quoted ex dividend at 100⅛, 100⅛, 100⅛, and 100⅛. 3½ per cent. Conversion Loan was dealt in at 77⅛. In Local Boards Belfast 3½ per cent. 1928 Stock was done at 92½. Northern Bank "A" Shares 5⅞ and 5¾, and Westminster Bank at 18¾. In Industrials, Coats were done at 63s. 1½d. A small odd lot of John Arnott Ordinary brought 47s. Lever Bros Preference were slightly better, 7 per cents. at 21s. 1½d., and 21s. 4½d., and 8 per cent. Preference at 21s. 1½d. A small lot of Imperials brought 98s. 6d. Dunlop Rubbers were dealt in at 15s. 3d. and 15s. 4½d. Salt Unions at 28s., and Maypole Dairy Deferred at 6s. 3d.

INSURANCE SHARES.

BUSINESS DONE IN LONDON:—Alstainers and General, 27/-, 6/6; Alliance New, 16½, ⅝; Commercial Union, 23¾, ⅞; Eagle Star, 8½, ½; Employers' Liability, 98/9, 6d.; General Accident New Ord., 57½, ½; Gresham Life Assurance, 7¾, ⅛; London and Lancashire, 21½, ½; Northern Assurance, £16 4/-, 16½; Prudential Assurance "A," 21½, ½; do. B., 41/3, ⅓; Royal, 32½, ½; Scottish Union, 11, ⅛, ⅛; United British, 34/-, 6/-; World Auxiliary (x.d.), 23/6, 9d.; Yorkshire, 21½.

BUSINESS DONE IN LIVERPOOL:—Alliance, 15½; Atlas (x.d.), 18/-; Commercial Union, 23¾; Eagle Star, 8½; London and Lancashire, 21½; do., ⅛; London Assurance, 239/9; North British, 22, ¼, 22/-, 6d.; do. 4 p.c. Pref., 103/9; Northern, 16½; Royal Insurance, 231, 3; Sea, 73/9.

AUSTRALIAN WOOL SALES.

At the wool sales held at Sydney yesterday 8,799 bales were offered, of which 5,617 were sold. Private sales consisted of 890 bales. There was an average selection. Excepting in the finer descriptions of merinos, the market further declined, the fall reaching sometimes 5 per cent., and causing heavy withdrawals. Best cornebacks and cross-breds were firm at this week's lower level. Faulty sorts were neglected. German, Japanese, and Flemish buyers were the chief operators, while Bradford was quiet. Greasy merino realised 53½d.

(Continued on Page 4.)

BANKS.

THE STANDARD BANK OF SOUTH AFRICA (LIMITED)

(with which is incorporated the AFRICAN BANKING CORPORATION, LTD.).

Bankers to the Government of the Union of South Africa in the Cape Province, to the Imperial Government in South Africa, and to the Administration of Rhodesia.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£10,000,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£8,916,660
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£2,229,165
RESERVE FUND	£2,365,335
UNCALLED CAPITAL	£6,687,495
	£11,809,995

HEAD OFFICE—10 Clements lane, Lombard street, London, E.C.4.

Branches: 87 and 77 King William street, London, E.C.4, London Wall Branch—65 London Wall, E.C.2, West End Branch—9 Northumberland avenue, W.C.2 (opposite the Royal Colonial Institute).

New York Agency—67 Wall street.

Hamburg Agency—Bank of British West Africa, Ltd., 49-53 Schauenburger Strasse.

OVER 320 BRANCHES, SUB-BRANCHES AND AGENCIES IN SOUTH AND EAST AFRICA

BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

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LONDON STOCKS QUIET

BRITISH RAILS IMPROVING.

In view of the Budget statement last night there was little disposition to enter into fresh commitments on the London Stock markets yesterday. The general tone, however, was steady, movements in prices being restricted within narrow limits in most departments. A generally steady tone was manifest in British Funds, and overnight prices were repeated in most instances. Three and a Half per Cent. Conversion Loan, however, slipped back to 77⅛, or ¼ easier. Among War Loans, the Fives at 100⅛ and the 4½ p.c. at 95¾ were both marked ex div.

FOREIGN BONDS IRREGULAR.

In Foreign Government Stocks German Sevens developed a firmer tendency after their set-back of the previous day, the final quotation being ½ to the good at 98⅜. French Fives also moved up to 18, or ¼ better. The Fours, however, remained at 13¼. Brazil 4 p.c., 1889, dropped a point to 42, while Mexicans were heavy, the 6 p.c. '99 losing 7 points to 40½, and the 6 p.c. 10 year Treasury 5 points to 45. Reconstruction Loans were generally firm, but little alteration was recorded at the close. Eastern issues remained at previous levels, while Peruvians also showed no change on the day's business.

BRITISH RAILS FIRMER.

A firm tone again prevailed in Home Rails and final quotations, where altered, showed better prices. Midland gained ½ to 69½, while North Eastern 5 p.c. Pref.-Ord. at 68 and the Def.-Ord. at 25 were a point and ½ higher respectively. Metropolitans remained at 77½, but Districts improved to 49, or ½ higher. Underground Ord. gained ½ to 2¾.

RUBBER SHARES IRREGULAR.

Business remained on a small scale in the Rubber Share market yesterday, while an irregular tendency was manifest from the commencement. Price changes were fairly numerous, and while a few issues finished the day showing a margin in favour of holders, the majority of alterations were in the downward direction. B.N.B.R. Trust improved to 13s. 9d., or 7½d. above the overnight figure, but still remains 3d. down from the previous week-end figure. The price of rubber rose to 21¼d. per lb.

TEA SHARES SMALL.

An irregular tendency characterised dealings in the Tea Share market yesterday, while the amount of business put through was on a small scale. Price movements were fairly numerous, however, and while the few issues finished the day with a margin against holders, the majority of alterations were in the upward direction. Amalgamated Estates moved up to 41⅛, or ⅛ to the good, while Budla Beta finished 3s. higher at 133s. 6d. Ceylon Props. were an exceptionally firm market, and here an improvement of 5s. was recorded, to 55s. 6d.

OIL SHARES FIRM.

While firmness was displayed by most of the leading counters in the Oil Share market yesterday, it was to Venezuelan issues that attention was once more mainly directed, with British Controlled providing a strong and active feature. An easier tendency characterised other favourites, so that the price movements finally recorded made an irregular showing. An enormous business was transacted in British Controlled Shares, which, following the advance of the preceding day, again met with a strong demand, option business playing no small part in the day's transactions. There was again talk of new wells having been brought into production, but the report lacks confirmation. Following the official announcement of the proposed issue of bonus shares, Anglo-Americans enjoyed a sharp advance in New York, which was reflected in the opening price on this side; while, in response to a steady demand, a gradual improvement took place, the shares making good the loss of the preceding day.

INDUSTRIALS.

Although the imminence of the Budget statement restricted business in the Miscellaneous and Industrial markets yesterday, activity was witnessed in those sections which, it was thought, would specially benefit from the proposals; and, in fact, a very firm tone ruled in most departments. When it became known that there was to be an important duty on artificial silk, Courtaulds, the share market soon developed considerable activity, numerous telephone inquiries being received by dealers, especially in Courtaulds. As a result, the latter were a feature of strength in the late "street" dealings, and finished well over the £5 level, to which they have been persistently talked. They closed 4s. higher at 102s. 6d., a fresh record, while Listers put on 1s. 9d. to 31s. 9d. Celanese issues were firm, with the Prefs. 6d. up at 14s. Elsewhere among Textiles, Joshua Hoyles rose 9d. to 27s. 9d., and Bradford Dyers strengthened to 79s. 9d. Amalgamated Cottons and Fine Spinners both shed 3d. to 64s. 9d. Stores description exhibited firmness. Burberry 7½ p.c. Prefs. came into demand and rose to about 91s. 3d. on reports that, in addition to paying the full year's interest on the shares, the company will also pay off one year's arrears. Few important changes occurred in the Miscellaneous Trading group. British Portland Cements gained 6d. at 30s., and Bells Asbestos put on ⅛ to 1⅛. Brayd and Mays were further depressed to 56s. by the absence of any increase in the dividend. On the announcement that there will be no final dividend, Pease and Partners became a flat market, weakening to ⅜, or 1s. 4½d. lower. Richardsons Westargths gave way to 18s. 9d. Otherwise, movements in Iron, Coal and Steels were to higher levels. Armstrongs stood out prominently with a rise of 1s. at 14s. ex div., while Vickers improved to 9s., and the tax free Prefs. to 13s. 3d. Guest, Keens exhibited strength at 33s. 9d., or 1s. 3d. up, and rises of 6d. took place in Bolckow Vaughans to 6s. 6d., in Consetts to 23s. 6d., and in Swan Hunters to 29s. Gains of 3d. were fairly numerous. Shipping securities scarcely moved, but Insurances were firm, and Banks showed irregularity. In anticipation of the reimposition of the McKenna motor duties, Motor shares developed renewed activity. Humbers stood out prominently with an advance of 1s. 6d. at 36s., Singers put on 2s. to 44s., and Rovers moved up to 14s. Siemens Bros. changed hands as up to 26s. 9d. on dividend anticipations, and left off 6d. better at 2s. 6d. Wireless issues were well maintained, with Marconis ⅛ better at 1⅛. Following the statements at the previous day's meeting, Maypole Def. came into active request, which left them 4½d. up on balance at 6s. 4½d. Van Den Berghs rose ½ to 1¼, and United Dairies recovered to 37s. English and Dutch Meats, however, further weakened to 10s. Liptons eased to 19s. 6d. Tobaccos displayed hesitancy, though B.A.T.'s came into demand and closed 1s. up at 118s. United South Def. receded to 90s., and R. and J. Hills to 36s. 6d. Breweries exhibited strength. Guinness rising 5 to 635, and Watney Def. 3 to 257½, while improvements of ⅛ occurred in Allsopps to ½, in Benskins to 1½, and in Courage to 2½. Whisky shares remained steady at previous levels, and Hotels hardly moved.

IRISH TRAFFICS.

	Last Week.	Total, 16 Weeks.
	£	£
Gt. Southern	61,285—9,912	1,234,546—219,514
Gt. Northern	35,720—3,300	538,650—58,650
Co. Down	*4,278—3,854	72,301—14,027

*Easter holidays last year.

DUBLIN SHIPPING REPORT.

Wind and Weather—E.N.E. wind, fresh breeze; fine and clear.

Foreign Arrivals—Trito, of Rotterdam (373 tons), from Rotterdam, with a general cargo; discharging at Shelter Sheds, North Wall Extension, and proceeded to Belfast with part cargo. General Lemas, of Antwerp (616 tons), from Antwerp, with a general cargo; discharging at Shelter Sheds, Alexandra Basin, Dunmore Head, of Belfast (1,056 tons), from Antwerp, with a general cargo; discharging at Shelter Sheds, North Wall Extension.

Coasters Arrived—Silvermore, Slieve Bawn, from Holyhead, with goods; Killarney, from Liverpool, with goods; Maple, from Glasgow, with goods; Culrean, from Heysham, with goods; Lady Wicklow, from Manchester, with goods; Talaera, from Point of Ayre, with coals; Scotsgrove, from Whitehaven, with coals; Mariam Thomas, from Garston, with coals; Stainburn, from Whitehaven, with coals; Glencullen, from Penting ton, with coals; E. Hayward, from Liverpool, with coals; Pine, from Morecambe, with coals; Glencreesant, Ca'n-carron, from Irvine, with coals; Dunbrae, Tyrum, from Ayr, with coals; Charlesland, from Liverpool, with empties; Melrain, Tearaght, from Dunleary, light.

Coasters Departed—Silvermore, Slieve Bawn, for Holyhead with goods; Maple, for Glasgow, with goods; Culrean, for Heysham, with goods; Lady Wicklow, for London, with goods; Killarney, for Liverpool and Birkenhead, with live stock and goods; Pinaura, for Trevor, light; Beryl, for Maryport, light; The Baron, for Ayr, light; Dublin Castle, for Carnmenhead, light; Olivine, for Newport, light; Gosedale, for Liverpool, light; Finola, for Garston, light; Thelma, for Piel, light; Puffin, for Troon, light; Pyrope, for Llandulas, light; Talacre, for Point of Ayr, light.

LATEST CLOSING AND STREET PRICES.

CONSOLS, ETC.

Consols	58½	4½ Conv. Ln.	87-91
War Ln. 5½%	99-99½	do. Trans. Rds. 1901	97-102
do. 4½%	95¾-96¼	Irish Land 3½%	69-80
do. 4%	89-89½	India 3%	58-59
do. 4% after Dec.	89⅝-90	do. 3½%	67½-68
Funding Loan	88⅜-88⅝	do. 4%	77-78
Victory Bds.	91½-92½	do. 5%	101-102
3½% Conv. Ln.	77-77⅛—⅛	Local Loans	66-67
		Jordan 5%	100-102

BANKS.

Anglo S. Amer	7¾-7⅞*	Lloyds	62⅝-64½
Anglo-Egyptian	14-14½	Midland	69½-70½
Australasia	34-34½	Nat. Bks.	83½-85½
Bank N.S.W.	39½-40	Nat. Prov.	24½-25½
Barclays A	54½-55	Nat. Prov. Def.	19-19½
Barclays A Def.	54½-55	Royal of Can.	49-51
Brit. Overseas	19½-20½	Stand. S.A.	115½-117½
Can. of Com.	41-42	Un. Australia	147½-151½
Chartd. India	29½-29⅝—⅛	Westminster	18½-18⅝
Hong Kong	138-140		

COLONIAL GOVERNMENT STOCKS.

Aust. Com. 5%	99-100	Nigeria 6%	107-110
do. 6%	103-105	Queens. 3½% 20	64-66
Brit. Col. 4½	93-95	do. 5% 1930-40	104-106
Canada 4½	97-98	S. Africa 4½%	97-99
do. 4½ 1926-58	99-100½	do. 6%	102-104
Cape 3½	75-80	S.A. war 5%	98-99
Ceylon 6%	107-109	do. 6½%	103-105
N.S.W. 4%	75-77	Victoria 4% 20	68-69
do. 5%	96-98	do. 5% 1927-8	88-90
do. 6% 1935-45	105-107	W. Aus. 4½%	103-105
N. Zealand '29	94-96	do. 6% 1926-40	102-3

FOREIGN BONDS.

I.U.			
Apl. 21			
100⅝	Argentine 1886	99	101
100½	do. 4 p.c. Rescission.	77	79
100⅝	do. 5 p.c. 1909	91	93
42⅜	Brazil 4 p.c. 1889	41	—1
74½	do. Funding 1909	73	75
74½	do. 5 p.c. 1911	73	75
100½	Chinese 5 p.c., 1896	95	97
67⅛	do. 4½ p.c., 1898	63	65
67⅛	do. 5 p.c. 1912	63	65
100½	Czechoslovakia Bonds	98	100
84½	Hungarian Unified	83	84
13⅜	French Loan	17⅝	18⅛+ ⅜
13⅜	do. 4 p.c.	15	14
14½	German 5 p.c.	13	14
19⅜	German 7 p.c.	18	19 + ⅜
91½	Greek Loan	91½	91⅝
73½	Hungarian 7½ Stg.	69	70
17	Italian Rentes	16⅝	16⅞
85½	Japan 4 p.c. 1905	82	83
97	Do. 4½ p.c. 1924	95½	96
38⅛	Mexican 5 p.c. '99	38	43 —7
40½	Do. 6 p.c. 10-7. Treas.	39	39 —5
2⅛	Peruvian Corporation	1¾	4
30⅛	Do. Pref.	30½	31½
10⅝	Do. Deb.	10⅝	10⅞
23	Portuguese 3 p.c.	22	23
63	Spanish 4 p.c.	63	67
63	Uruguay 4½ p.c.	62	64

BRITISH RAILS.

87⅛	Great Western	99¾	99½
—	Do. Cons. Pref.	99	101
69¾	Lon., Mid. & Scot. Ord.	69	69 + ⅜
—	Do. 4% Pref.	88	90
—	Do. 4½ p.c. Red. Pref.	95	99
—	Do. 5 p.c. Red. Pref.	99	99
—	Do. 4 p.c. Pref., 1923	75	77
69	Ldn. North-East. 5 p.c. Pref.	67½	68½ +1
—	Do. Def. Ord.	25	25½ + ⅛
—	Do. 4 p.c. 1st Pref.	74	76
—	Do. 4 p.c. 2nd Pref.	73	75
76½	Metropolitan	77	78
—	Do. 5 p.c. Pref.	94	97
—	Do. Debenture	90	94½ + ½
81	Southern Pref. Ord.	79⅜	80½
40	Do. Def. Ord.	40	41
38	Do. "B"	37½	38½
9	Do. "B"	8½	9
103	Underground Electric	2¾	3 + ⅛
97	Do. Income Bonds	96	98
103	Do. 6 p.c. Debs.	103	103

COLONIAL AND FOREIGN RAILS.

—	Antofagasta	25	27
—	Argentine G.W. Ord.	80	82
—	Do. 5% Pref.	88	92
—	Brazil Railway Common	16	17
7⅛	Buenos Great. Gt. S.	7	7½
78½	Buenos Ayres and Pacific	77	79
70½	Buenos Ayres and W.	71	73
158	Canadian Pacific	157	160
72¾	Central Argentine	71	73
69	Central Uruguay	68	70
45½	Do. Central Pref.	44	46
54½	Do. 1st Pref.	54	56
70½	Do. 2nd Pref.	70	72
33¾	Entre Rios	32½	34½
—	Do. 6 p.c. Pref.	82	84
—	Grand Trunk Pac. Deb.	78	80
—	Grand Trunk of Can.	79	81
—	Do. 4 p.c. Perp. Deb.	79	81
24½	Leopoldina	23½	24½
25½	Mexican	25	25½
—	Do. 8 p.c. Pref.	23	25
—	Do. 6 p.c. Pref.	11	13
167	San Paulo Ord.	165	171
92½	United Havana	94	96
—	Uruguay Northern Debs.	70	75

AMERICAN RAILS.

—	Atchison	124	125
—	Baltimore	77	78
—	Chesapeake	73	74
—	Chicago, Milwaukee	37½	38½
30	Erie	28	29
—	Do. 1st Pref.	37	38
—	New York, Ontario	21	23
91	Southern Common	91	93
—	Do. Pref.	97	98
—	Southern Pacific	107	110 +1
140½	Union Pacific	140	142

TELEGRAPHS.

24	Anglo-American Def.	23½	24½
1¾	Brazilian Submarine Ord.	1¾	1⅞
—	Do. New Ord. (5/- pd.)	3/4½	9/10½
—	Do. Pref.	3/4½	9/10½
—	Do. Deb.	102½	103½
—	Do. Marine	1½	1¾
—	Do. Canada	3	4
—	Oriental Telephone	1¾	2⅛ —⅛
12½	Radio Corporation	12½	12⅝ + ⅛
10½	Do. Pref. (£50)	10½	10⅝

BREWERIES AND DISTILLERIES.

18.2	Allsopp £1 Shares	18	18 + ⅛
—	Do. 5% Pref.	20	21
—	Bass, Ratcliff 5 p.c. Pref.	95	98
47/6	Do. Ord.	47/6	48/-
61/3	Distillers Ord.	59/9	61/3
615	Guinness	630	640 +3
—	Do. Pref.	180	181
—	Peter Walker Ord.	19/6	20/6
42/6	South African Breweries	39/-	41/-
42/6	Tennent Caledonian	42/9	43/9
257	Watney Combe Def.	255	260 +3

FOODSTUFFS AND STORES.

20/6	Aerated Bread	19	20
43/9	Borril Def.	42/6	43/6
24½	Cadbury Bros.	24	24½
20/-	Lipton	19/9	20/- —0/3
4½	Lyons (J.)	4½	4⅝
23/4	Maconochie (J.) Pref.	22/10½	23/4½
87/-	Maypole Def.	6/3	6/6 +4/6
28/-	Sandringham Agric. Mess.	28/-	28/-
7/-	Scott's Patent	6/9	7/-
—	Union Cold Storage Pref.	16/-	16/6
21/2	Van den Bergh	20/9	21/3 +⅛
—	Do. Pref.	4/-	4/-
68/9	Imperial Tobacco, Ord.	66½	68/9
23/9	Lever 7 p.c. Pref.	21/4½	21/10½ +0/3
—	Lever 8 p.c. Pref.	21/-	21/6
—	Lever 5 p.c. Def.	97	99
15	Mexican Trans.	13	15
—	Do. Def.	64	68
—	Do. L. and F. Bonds	60	65
29/9	Do. Ord.	29/-	29/6
21/-	Do. Pref.	21/-	21/3
16/-	Do. Def.	16/-	16/3
41/9	Player (John) Pref.	41/-	41/6
28/-	Do. Def.	27/6	28/-
28/6	Pratt Bros. Ord.	25/6	28/3 +0/6
20/-	Pray Gilks 7½% Pf. Ord.	19/6	20/-
28/9	Rolls Royce	28/-	28/3 +0/3
23/9	Salt Union	23/-	23/6
28/-	Sam Parks, Trans. Deb.	27/6	28/-
—	Shawinigan Water Debs.	80	82
10½	Swedish Match B	10½	11¼ + ⅛
—	Tarlov's Hygienic	2/-	2/3 —1/3
—	Tilling Ord.	2½	2⅝
—	Do. 6½ p.c. Cum. Pref.	4½	5
—	United Alkali	23½	24
27/6	Wallpaper Def.	25/9	28/9

OILS.

April 21.			
5/8	Anglo-American	5⅝	5⅝ + ⅛
1/3	Anglo-Ecuadorian	1/6	1/6 — ⅛
1/3	Anglo-Egyptian "B"	1/4	1/5
25/9	Anglo-Persian 4 p.c.	23/3	25/- +2/1½
2½	Do. 9 p.c. 2nd Pref.	2/9	2/9 +0/1½
3/-	Do. Ord., issued 34 p.c.	2½	3⅛ + ⅛
85	Do. 5 p.c. Deb.	84	86
2¾	Apex Trinidad	2⅝	2¾ — ⅛
1/3	Attock	1/3	1/3
6/6	Bril. Borneo Pet. (10/-)	6	6⅛
7/3	British Burmah (£1)	7/3	7/3
20/9	British Controlled	21/3	21/6 +1/1½
19/3	Do. Pref.	21/3	21/3 +1/1½
3/-	Burmah	3/-	3/-
27/6	Do. 6 p.c. Pref.	26/3	27/6
1/7½	Caltex	1/6	1/9
8/-	Darin Romano	7/-	8/-
4/6	Eagle Transport	4/6	5/-
10/-	Do. 7 p.c. Notes	10/-	10/-
10/-	Do. Reserve	10/-	10/-
14/6	Kern River (3/6)	14/6½	14/10½ —0/1½
1/3	Lobitos	1/3	1/3
17/3	Mexican Eagle	16/7½	17/4½ —0/1½
13/9	Do. Pref.	13/7½	13/9
15/-	Do. 7 p.c. Pref.	15/-	15/9
4/8	North Caucasian (10/-)	4/-	5/- —1/6
1/3	Orconera (5/- pd.)	1/3½	1/4½
3/-	Phœnix	1/6½	2/9 + ⅜
21/6	Royal Dutch	21	21⅛ + ⅛
6/3	Shell Transport	6/-	6/3
9/-	Do. 5 p.c. Pref. (£10)	9/-	9/-
29/7½	Do. 7 p.c. Pref.	29/7½	29/10½ +0/1½
2/-	Spies (10/-)	1/9	1/9
3/-	Steaua Romana	1/3	1/3
7/3	Trinidad Leases	7/-	7/- —0/1½
1/-	Trinidad Petrol.	7/6	7/9
2/-	Trinidad Lease	2¼	2¼ — ⅛
2/3	United Sch. Trinidad	2/-	2/1½ —0/1½
3/6	Ural Caspian	3/6	3/6
2/-	V.O.C. Holdings	2/-	2/- + ⅛
2/6	Do. 7 p.c. Pref.	2/6	2/6

RUBBERS.

40/9	Anglo-Dutch	40/3½	
3/11½	Anglo-Java	3/5	
3/-	Anglo-Malay	3/-	
4/7½	Bertam Coast	4/9	
2/3	Bukit Mertajam	2/6½	—0/2
2/3	Bukit Rambong	2/3	
21/6	Grand Central	22/6	—0/6
1/3	Highlands	1/3	
4/3½	Kamuning	4/3½	
40/9	Kuala Lumpur	40/7½	+1 10½
—	Kuala Muda (£1 paid)	9/-	9/1½
2/-	Kuantan	2/-	
4/9	London Asiatic	4/1	
2/-	Malacca	3/9	
2	Malaya	2/-	
41/3	Malaysian	41/3	+0/3½
3/10½	Mortlake	3/11½	+0/3½
1/-	Mossley Valley	1/-	
20/6	Rubber Trust	34/11½	+0/1½
1/3	Sanadyan	1/3	
1/-	Sungei Krian	21/9	—0/3
1/-	Tapah Rubber	1/-	
1/-	United Sua Betong	1/-	
14/9	Vallambrosa	14/9	

IRON AND STEEL.

12/9	Armstrong (W. G.)	13/9	14/9* +1/0
3/9	Cammell Laird	3/9	4/-
10/3	Dorman Long	10/-	10/3
15/3	John Brown	14/9	15/9 +0/3
9/9	Do. (5%)	9/-	9/6
1/6	Pease and Partners	1/6	1/7½ +1/4½
45/9	South Durham Steel	44/-	45/-
2/3	Siemens	2/-	2/6
5/-	United Steel	4/9	5/-
7/9	Vickers Ord.	8/6	9/6 +0/3
—	Wardale Iron C.F.O.	1/-	1/-

LAND.

—	Abontkir Land	1/-	1/-
19/9	Anglo-American Oil	19/-	19/-
15/9	Do. Southern Land	15/-	15/-
10/3	B.N.B. Land	10/9	13/9
24/6	Bertram Land	25/10½	26/4½ —0/1½
5	Hudson's Bay Ord.	4¾	5
20/2	Niger Prof.	19/-	19/-
12/6	Rubber Syndicate	11/6	12/6
21/9	Rio Neg

BATTERSBY & CO.'S SALES.

TO-MORROW, AT 1.30 O'CLOCK.

"WOODSIDE," SHREWSBURY ROAD. Possession
A BEAUTIFULLY-DESIGNED RESIDENCE, ON 2½ ACRES.

THE RED HOUSE," KILLINEY. Possession.
EXCEPTIONALLY SUNNY HOUSE. NON-BASEMENT.

28 SANDYMOUNT AVENUE, BALLSBRIDGE. Possession.
ATTRACTIVE, SEMI-DETACHED MODERN HOUSE.

"RATHLAHINE," BLACKLION RD., GREYSTONES. Possession.
WELL-BUILT HOUSE, WITH BEAUTIFUL VIEWS.

81 IONA ROAD, GLASNEVIN. Possession.
SOUNDLY-BUILT MODERN RESIDENCE.

3 SHANGANAGH TERRACE, BALLYBRACK. Possession.
CHARMINGLY SITUATED, CONVENIENT TO RAIL.

22 BELGRAVE SQUARE, RATHMINES. Possession.

"BALLYMUN VILLA," SANTRY. Possession.
COMFORTABLE, WELL-BUILT NON-BASEMENT HOUSE.

19 LORD EDWARD ST. AND 33 CASTLE ST. Possession.
FINE BUSINESS PREMISES, HEART OF CITY.

2 AND 3 ROSTREVOR TERRACE, CLONTARF. Possession No 2
NICELY SITUATED, FACING SEA.

Nos. 1 TO 6 ST. BRIGID'S TCE., DOLLYMOUNT. Possession.
No. 1 IS A FINELY-PROPORTIONED CORNER SHOP AND APARTMENTS OVER.

126 ST. LAWRENCE ROAD, CLONTARF. Possession.
ATTRACTIVE HOUSE, ON FAVOURITE ROAD.

(AS ALREADY FULLY ADVERTISED.)

BATTERSBY & CO., AUCTIONEERS,
39 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.

JAMES J. SCANNELL'S AUCTIONS.

TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY), APRIL 29TH,
AT 4 BACHELOR'S WALK,

Sale of Superior Drawingroom, Diningroom, and Bedroom Suites; Bedsteads, Wire, Woven and Hair Mattresses; Axminster and Brussels Carpets; very fine Persian Rug; Silver and Plated Ware, including Solid Silver Tray, Georgian Spoons, &c.; two very fine Roll-top Desks; Revolving Office Chair; Coloured Prints and Engravings; Krit Motor Car, in going order; Lady's and Gent's Bikes, &c., &c.
SALE AT ONE O'CLOCK. TELEPHONE 2725.

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY.

LARGE WOOLLEN & BLANKET MILLS IN COUNTY DUBLIN.

ADVERTISER is open to receive offers for the Lands forming the Site of a Large Woollen and Blanket Mills in County Dublin, with Reservoir, Water Wheels, Mill Buildings, Dwelling Houses, &c.

LEASEHOLD FOR A LARGE NUMBER OF YEARS, SUBJECT TO A LOW RENTAL.

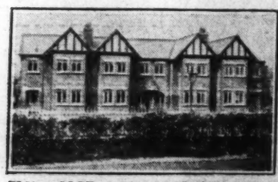
ALSO THE WHOLE OF THE WOOLLEN SPINNING, WEAVING, AND PREPARATION MACHINERY.

Fixtures, Fittings, Loose Utensils, Boilers, Engines, Shafting, Piping, and Electric Light Installation.
This is an exceptional opportunity for intending Purchasers to Manufacture Blankets and Rugs on a large scale, as the Mills can be considerably enlarged.
Full particulars can be had on application, by letter only, to

BOX 2182,
GUILFOYLE'S ADVERTISING AGENCY, LTD.,
179 GREAT BRUNSWICK STREET, DUBLIN.

PRINCIPALS ONLY DEALT WITH.

FOR SALE, FOUR NEWLY ERECTED SUBSTANTIALLY BUILT HOUSES,



Red brick and stone fronts, 1st quality Bangor slated roofs. Containing 4 bedrooms, large diningroom and sitting-room, kitchen, pantries, spacious hall and garden, electric light, h. and c. water, etc. Gate and rear entrance for motor. Next to tram line, best position in Clontarf.

The Houses are subject to the remissions under the New Act.

Note.—The 3rd House from the Left has been Sold.

CASTLE AVENUE.
PRICE £1,150. HEAD RENT £5.
Particulars from FRANKS and OULTON, Solicitors, 21 Lr. Fitzwilliam street, or

FRANK MANNING, BUILDER, 70 RATHGAR ROAD.
Telephone—279 Rathmines.

SHIPPING.

CANADIAN PACIFIC.
COBH TO CANADA.

QUEENSTOWN TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.
Montrose .....May 2 Barburn .....May 19
Montrosa .....May 9

LIVERPOOL TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.
*Montrose .....May 1 Montcalm .....May 16
*Montrosa .....May 8 Montclare .....May 22

SOUTHAMPTON TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL (via CHERBOURG).
Empress of Scotland (Quebec only).....May 2
Metagama .....May 7 Marburn .....May 18
(Q) Quebec only *Via Queenstown

GLASGOW TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.
Metagama (or Belfast) .....(Intermediate)May 2
Montreal (via Belfast) .....May 15

JAPAN AND CHINA.
SAILINGS FROM VANCOUVER
Empress of Asia .....May 28
NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA
(Via Canadian Pacific and Canadian Australasian).
Mail Service from Vancouver to Honolulu, Suva, Auckland and Sydney
Aorangi .....June 3 Niagara .....July 1
Merchandise by Dominion Express to all points.
Apply CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY;
COBH (Queenstown).
BELFAST—14-15 Victoria street.
LIVERPOOL—Royal Liver Building, Pierhead.
SOUTHAMPTON—Canute road; or
Local Agents Everywhere.

ANCHOR LINE
TO UNITED STATES.
LONDONDERRY TO NEW YORK.

COLUMBIA ..... May 2 |ASSYRIA ..... May 25
CAMERONIA ..... May 9 |COLUMBIA ..... May 30
TUSCANIA ..... May 16

LIVERPOOL TO GIBRALTAR, EGYPT, AND INDIA.
Sailings and Rates on application
TO CANADA
BY THE
ANCHOR-DONALDSON LINE
FROM
LONDONDERRY.
SAILINGS
QUEBEC AND MONTREAL—

*ATHENIA ....May 8 |LETITIA .....July 17
*LETITIA .....May 22 |ATHENIA .....July 31
*ATHENIA .....June 5 |LETITIA .....Aug. 14
*LETITIA .....June 19 |ATHENIA .....Aug. 28
ATHENIA .....July 3

*CONDUCTED PARTIES ON THESE SAILINGS.
For further information apply to Local Agents, or ANCHOR LINE (Henderson Brothers) LIMITED.
ANCHOR DONALDSON LINE, LTD.,
Foyle street, Londonderry.

FRENCH LINE C.G.T
PLYMOUTH DIRECT TO NEW YORK
IN SIX DAYS.
"THE ROUTE THAT CUTS OFF THE CORNER."
Quadruple screw oil-burning Liner.
FRANCE ..... April 29
PARIS ..... May 6
PLYMOUTH TO WEST INDIES.
TRINIDAD, SPANISH MAIN and PANAMA
Flandre...April 29 Pellerin De La Touche...May 26
Cie Gen Transatlantique ltd., 22 Pall Mall S.W.1

CONCERNS FARMERS

To-morrow's "Irish Times" will contain the special Agricultural Page, which appears fortnightly. Do not miss its articles, information and items. They concern —often vitally— every farmer and agriculturist.

500 STORE CATTLE,
AT 50 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN
On TO-MORROW (THURSDAY),
Commencing at 11 o'clock,
Included in above are 40 Hereford Cross Heifers, 1-2 years.

GAVIN LOW, LTD., M.I.A.A.,
50 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

HANSFIELD HOUSE & FARM, CLONSILLA, CO. DUBLIN.

SALE OF
VERY DESIRABLE RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY
(Within 6 miles of Dublin).

WE have been instructed by the Reps. of the late William P. Bobbett, Esq., to offer above Residence and Lands, adjoining,
FOR SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION
(if not previously sold),
At Our Sale-rooms,
50 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN,
On THURSDAY, 7th MAY, at 11 o'clock.

The property comprises 193a. 1lr. 20p., Statute measure, of thereabouts, of the finest Old Grazing Land. The Residence (2-storey, non-basement, recently re-decorated), gate lodge, yard, out-offices, hay barn, etc., are all in perfect order.

The Property is held for ever, subject to a gross rent of £255 7.8 per annum; tithe rent, £3 8.5; P.L.V., £965 15/-, and is beautifully situated near Phœnix Park; 1 mile from Clonsilla (M.G.W.R.), and 4 miles from Lucan and Hazelhatch Stations (G.S.R.).

Clear possession can be given to purchaser.

Further particulars, photos and Conditions of Sale on application.

ORPEN and SWEENEY, 33 Anglesea street, Dublin, Solicitors having Carriage of Sale.

GAVIN LOW, LTD., M.I.A.A.,
Auctioneers,
50 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

Auctioneers will greatly oblige by posting on Wednesday all Advertisements they require inserted in Saturday's issue of the "Irish Times."

THE MANAGER.

STORE CATTLE AUCTION
TO-MORROW (THURSDAY), 11 O'CLOCK.
GANLY, SONS & CO.,
ISHER'S QUAY, DUBLIN.

RYEBANK, KILCOCK,
COUNTY KILDARE

FOR SALE BY AUCTION, at RYEBANK, on FRIDAY and SATURDAY NEXT, MAY 1st and 2nd, at 12 o'clock (per instructions from John Graham, Esq.), an Extensive Collection of Machinery. Motor Cars, Accessories, Spare Parts, 3 Threshing Sets, 2 Oil Engines, Tractor, Elevators, Saw Mill Machinery, Farm Implements and Tools, Hay-Making Machinery, etc., etc.

EDWARD A. COONAN & SON,
Auctioneers,
RATHCOFFEY, CLONGOWESWOOD and NAAS.

SHIPPING.

THE ROYAL MAIL & PACIFIC LINES.

PASSENGER SERVICES BETWEEN
SOUTHAMPTON—CANADA AND NEW YORK.
EUROPE—BRAZIL, RIVER PLATE.
WEST COAST OF SOUTH AMERICA.
EUROPE—HAVANA—PANAMA CANAL.
TOURS ROUND SOUTH AMERICA.
HOLIDAY CRUISES TO NORWAY, MEDITERRANEAN, Etc., by Ocean-Cruising Steamers R.M.S.P. ARCADIAN and ARAGUAYA.
London: Royal Mail House, Moorgate, E.C. 2.
Liverpool: Goree, Water street.
Dublin: Hewetts, Travel Agency, 115 D'Olier street; Thomas Cook and Son, Ltd., 118 Grafton street; British and Irish Steam Packet Co. Ltd., 16 Westmoreland street.

BIBBY LINE (1ST CLASS ONLY)
FAST TWIN-SCREW MAIL OIL-BURNING STEAMERS SAILING FORTNIGHTLY.
MARSEILLES. EGYPT SUDAN.
CEYLON. BURMAH & SOUTHERN INDIA.
Liverpool to Marseilles, Port Said, Colombo, and Rangoon.
BIBBY BROS and CO., 25 Chapel street, Liverpool or 10-11 Mincing Lane, London, E.C. 3.

AUSTRALIA.
AUSTRALIAN COMMONWEALTH LINE
First Cargo and Passenger Service. One Class Only.
Lowest Freights and Fares. Unsurpassed Accommodation.
For Particulars, Sailings, etc., apply to London Office, AUSTRALIA HOUSE, STRAND, LONDON, W.C. 2, or R. McCallam and Co., 29 Donegall quay, Belfast.

SEA TRIPS AND TOURS.

PERSONALLY CONDUCTED CRUISE TO NORWAY
FOR 15 GUINEAS.

12 DAYS' 1st CLASS CRUISING ON A LARGE ATLANTIC LINER.
Accompanied by Mr. A. W. HEWETT.

Immediate application essential, as steamer is nearly fully booked.

HEWETT'S TOURS, D'OLIER STREET, DUBLIN.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 3.)

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

ANGLING—Fishing Rods, Reels, Lines, Flies and General Tackle. Repairs attended to. Special Price List Free.—Hardy Bros. (Alnwick), Ltd., 61 Grafton street, Dublin.

GUNS Repaired, sweetened and re-blued; moderate charges. Gun slots free.—Garrett, Gunmaker, Templeogue Road, Terenure.

GUNS—Webley and Scott Shot Guns, high grade; moderate price; 8in finish; B.S.A. and other makes; Gun Cartridges and Accessories; illustrated catalogue free.—Keegan, Gunmaker, Inns quay, Dublin.

GUNS Acquire of every description executed by skilled tradesmen; new stocks fitted, stocks altered to bend, length, and weight; hammers browned, bores. Keegan, Gunmaker, Inns quay, Dublin. 12 22

SHOOTING—Prepare your guns, Cartridges as 1/- 1/4 and 1/6 each. Netting requirements from Garnett's Agents for Webley and B.S.A Guns and Rifles; lists free.—Garnett, Gunmaker, Crampton Court, Dublin opposite Dublin Castle. 15 T

HORSES, HARNESS, ETC.

BLACK Pony Stallion, 11 hands, 4 years; Trap and Harness in first-class condition; 25 lb. Kerin street. 27 E

HARNESS—Trap and Cart Harness, all sizes stocked, very low prices. Dublin Saddlery Wagonette, Portobello.

LARGE stock New Harness, own manufacture, all sizes; very low prices. Dublin Saddlery Wagonette, Portobello.

MARE, Brougham and Harness for Sale, all in first class condition; chance extra quiet in every way. Glenageary Park, Glenageary, Kingstown. 27 E

NEAT Turnout—Pony, 12.3, Round Trap and Harness as new. Murphy, 53 South Circular road, Portobello.

PONY, 14 hands, Trap, Harness for Sale; extra smart turnout.—M 159, this office. 27 E

SMITH'S Harness never wears out.—93 Marlborough street (side entrance from Nelson's Pillar).

BIBBY LINE.
MEDITERRANEAN FORTNIGHTLY TOURS.
LEAVING LIVERPOOL ALTERNATE FRIDAY EVENINGS.
NEXT DEPARTURE:
Lancashire (9,445 tons), 8th MAY.
RETURN FARE, £20.

For further particulars apply to
THOS. COOK & SON, LTD., 118 Grafton street; or
HEWITT'S TRAVEL AGENCY, D'Olier street.
Bibby Bros. and Co., 25 Chapel street, Liverpool; 10/11 Mincing Lane, London, E.C.3.

HOLY YEAR.
CELEBRATIONS IN ROME.
IDEAL ITALIAN TOUR, CONDUCTED THROUGHOUT.
MILAN, GENOA, PISA, ROME, NAPLES, FLORENCE, VENICE.
3 WEEKS—£45—INCLUSIVE.
ROME.
Travel, Hotel Accommodation, etc.
12 DAYS' TOUR (6 DAYS IN ROME), Gns. 20.
16 DAYS' TOUR (10 DAYS IN ROME), Gns. 24.
Programme No. 150, Free
THOS. COOK & SON, LTD.,
118 GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN.

HOLY YEAR IN ROME.
GRAND TOUR ROUND ITALY.
Outward via Lake Lucerne, homeward via Lake Geneva.
Special Conducted Parties will leave DUBLIN 28 April 27th, May 11th and 25th.
VISITING
ROME (full week), NAPLES (4 nights), FLORENCE (3 nights), VENICE (3 nights), and MILAN (1 night).
Inclusive Charges, including all gratuities,
25 Days £46 : 5 : 0 Dublin and back to Dublin.
SIR HENRY LUNN'S AGENCY,
(Hewett's) D'OLIER ST., DUBLIN.

TOURS EVERYWHERE to Popular Prices.
SWITZERLAND 2 Gns. PARIS 4 Gns.
HOLLAND ..... 35 Gns. ITALY ..... 10½ Gns.
BELGIUM ..... 5½ Gns. FRANCE 3 Gns.
1st cl. P.M. Tours. 207 Cumberland Road, S.E.C.

HOUSES FOR LANDS.

JAMES H. NORTH & CO.,
110 GRAFTON STREET.

TO MARKET GARDENERS—TO BE LET, Walled-in Plot, consisting of 5 acres; vegetable garden, fruit trees, half an acre of glass containing vinery, tomato and peach-houses; accommodation for gardener if required. Rent moderate.

SOUTH CITY PREMISES, consisting of large hall, 25' x 60', and adjoining space, 25' x 16' and 32' x 19', suitable for Clothing Factory, to be Sold.

SANDYMOUNT—NEAT HOUSE to be Sold with possession; suit small family; 6 apartments; portion of purchase money can remain out. Further particulars James H. North and Co.

CARRICKMINES, 3 ACRES—FOR SALE, delightful MODERN HOUSE, non-basement, exquisite situation, with garden, tennis ground, garage and small paddock; excellent accommodation; billiard room, etc. Orders to View and particulars from James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton street.

HOWTH £70 FOR JUNE, JULY and AUGUST —Delightful Bedroom near the Baily; tram passes; can be had earlier if required. Apply James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton street.

BLACKROCK—TO BE LET, Furnished, part of a charming Detached Villa, offering quite private accommodation; strongly recommended; small family desired. Apply James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton street.

FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED for July and August in Killiney; must have garage and tennis ground and enjoy a sea View; rent £50 to £60 per month. Apply James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton street.

NORTH STRAND—PRICE £185 EACH—Four small Houses off main road, let to good tenants. Apply James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton street.

JAMES H. NORTH & CO.,
110 GRAFTON STREET.

COUNTY MAYO.
TO LET, BALLAVEENY, with extensive gronse shooting and sea trout fishing. For terms and full particulars apply J. R. KELLY, Manager, Clogrun Estate, Mallaranny, Co. Mayo.

TWO LARGE SECOND-HAND MARBLE MANTELPIECES
TO BE SOLD for a Customer,
AT BARGAIN PRICES
MAGUIRE & GATCHELL, LTD.,
DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN.
Offers will be considered.

HOUSES AND LANDS.

FOR SALE,
OLD-ESTABLISHED
UMBRELLA AND FANCY GOODS BUSINESS.

THIS SHOP IS WELL SITUATED IN CENTRE OF BELFAST, and is very commodious, giving ample space for further development. An old-established and good trade is attached.

Further particulars on application to
JOHNSTON, GRAHAM & CO.,
51 DONEGALL SQUARE, SOUTH, BELFAST.

SHOOTING, FISHING, HUNTING.

LANDSCAPE FISHERY.

THE above well-known and very Valuable Fishery will be Let, by the month (commencing May) or for the rest of the Season. Attention is drawn to the fact that this is considered the best Pool Fishery on the Shannon.

For full particulars apply to
HUGH O'BRIEN MORAN, Solicitor,
26 Glentworth street, Limerick.

SALES BY PRIVATE TREATY.

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY.
ESTATE OF
JOSEPH WILLIAMS,
Deceased.

RICHARD WILLIAMS and SONS, Ratisbonne. The Executors of the late Joseph Williams, Rathdowney, are prepared to negotiate the Sale of the Interest of the Deceased in the valuable business carried on for many years at Rathdowney by the Williams family.

The Premises are extensive, and give ample accommodation for the varied branches of business operated. These comprise Drapery, in all departments, including Boots and Furniture; Grocery and Provisions, Hardware, Agricultural Implements, Seeds, Manures, etc., etc.

The business in all branches has been conspicuously successful, and enjoys the reputation of being one of the most important and profitable of its kind in Ireland.

The Property will be disposed of as a Going Concern, with the valuable Goodwill attached.

All information as to tenure of holdings, value of Assets and Turnover of Business to be had from the undersigned—

HORACE TURPIN, Solicitor, Maryborough, having Carriage of Sale.
WILLIAM C. RIBBECK and CO., Accountants, Auditors, 1-2 Foster place, Dublin.
JAMES CURTIN, 22 South Mall, Cork.

CO. SLIGO.
ATTRACTIVE SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY OF LICENSED HOTEL
IN A RISING SEASIDE RESORT FIVE MILES FROM SLIGO TOWN.
Particulars from
T. BRIEN,
Auctioneer, SLIGO.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

£100,000 Stock Free of Tax

SWITZER & CO., have pleasure in announcing to their Customers and the public that they at present hold New and Seasonable Stock to the value of £100,000 which they offer without the addition of the newly-imposed Taxes

The following Departments are now fully stocked:

COSTUMES, LADIES' COATS, FURS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, BLOUSES, LINGERIE, UMBRELLAS, PERFUMERY, SOAPS, HABERDASHERY, FURNITURE.

GENTLEMEN'S SECTION
GENTLEMEN'S SUITS, OVERCOATS, SHIRTS, COLLARS, TIES, HOSIERY, ETC.

Switzer's

SWITZER & CO., LTD., GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN

CATTLE, LIVE STOCK, CONTINUED.

SALE—Fine Shorthorn Springer, as third calf, due 1st May; Roan Heifer in Calf, due 1st May; price paid; pedigrees forwarded; approval willingly.—Dunn, Richmond House, Clonmel. 27 C

SPLENDID White Angora Rabbits, champion strain; eight months, Buck 10/6, Does 12/6, carriage paid; pedigrees forwarded; approval willingly.—Dunn, Richmond House, Clonmel.

DOGS.

A PAIR lovely Bull Terrier Bitch Puppies for Sale, perfect specimens, guineas' pedigree from Dr. McAlister. 24 Palmerston road, Rathmines.

A IREDALE Pups; sire, Erin's Big Gun; reasonable price.—Fitzgerald, Blackrock, Dublin. 27 C

A1 Stud—Cairn Terrier, Champion Gurbeen Gordon of Mastiery (Kelsae to Mr. Patrick Cleary, St. Mary's Cottage, Bray. Apply Miss Helen Patten, Belleview, Tivoli, Cork.

BOXER, pedigreed, just 12 months old, retrieves, ready for training; £5.—Major Little, Berkeley House, New Ross. 28 C

CARNEW Kennels can take a few Sealyham and Cairn Terriers for trimming and handling at Irish Dog Shows. Particulars from Godfree, Carnew. 24 C

ENGLISH Springer spaniels, eight field trial winners and champions in pedigree; Puppies for Sale; gnns ready for training; reasonable.—Forster, Rylands, Lowtown Stewart, Tyrone. 24 X

FOR Sale, Sealyham Puppies, low bred Brush Blarney, Rathgar, Dublin. 27 E

FOR Sale, Wire Haired Fox Terrier (dog), with pedigree.—M 264, this office. 27 E

FOR Sale—Irish Terrier Bitch (11 months), sire and dam champions in pedigree; Puppies for Sale; gnns ready for training; reasonable.—Forster, Rylands, Lowtown Stewart, Tyrone. 24 X

FOR Sale, Scotch Aberdeen Terrier, 14 months, lovely size, champion bred, £2, or best offer.—Cooperative Stores, Mullingar. 28 E

GRAND Wire Fox Terrier Dog; house trained; good pedigree; 30/-.—M 196, this office. 27 E

HACKNEY for Sale—Entire colt of seven coupon, all round workers; hounds £3 per couple. Address "Z 4008, Hackney," this office. 24 C

IRISH Water Spaniel Puppies, 6 months, good working strain; very strong.—Mrs. Browne, Rosslyn, Bray.

IRISH Terrier—Pups for Sale; full pedigree.—6 Delphin's Bars.

IRISH Terriers, 5 months; parents pedigree winners.—Very low price. Dublin Saddlery Wagonette, Portobello.

KERRY Blue Pups, 3 months, sire champion, dam winner.—Z 3988, Pup," this office. 24 C

KERRY Blue Puppies, handsome, 5 months; 2nd Patterson, 9 George's quay, Butt Bridge.

MARE, Brougham and Harness for Sale, all in first class condition; chance extra quiet in every way. Glenageary Park, Glenageary, Kingstown. 27 E

NEAT Turnout—Pony, 12.3, Round Trap and Harness as new. Murphy, 53 South Circular road, Portobello.

PONY, 14 hands, Trap, Harness for Sale; extra smart turnout.—M 159, this office. 27 E

SMITH'S Harness never wears out.—93 Marlborough street (side entrance from Nelson's Pillar).

VEHICLES.

ALBERT TRAPS
NOTED GOLD MEDAL TUB, TONNEAU, ALL-WEATHER, AND SPORTING CARS.
SEVERAL CHEAP SECOND-HAND CARS.
ALBERT BROS. EDENDERRY, KING'S CO.
Show-rooms: 5 LINCOLN PLACE, Merrion Row, Dublin

A HANDSOME and Neat, Lower Dominick street, you can have choice of twenty new Satin Walnut Traps at greatly reduced prices; several second-hand also.

A BEAUTIFUL Round Trap, rubber tyres, built by Cuthbert, Cork; cost £135; will Sell for £75; condition been City Wheel Works, Great Brunswick street.

FOR Sale, Tub Trap, almost new; cost £60; will dealer.—Marino Park Villa, Mashalls road.

FOR Sale, good strong Van and Harness, 14 15 hands.—37 Thomas street. 26 F

RUBBER Tyres, all sizes, fitted at short notice.—The City Wheel Works, Ltd., Great Brunswick street, Dublin.

RUBBER Tyreing a speciality, 2 years' guarantee with every wheel. Wheels Refitted and returned same day.—Anderson and Son, Lower Dominick street.

WANTED, Timber Lorry and Timber Cart; must be sound, serviceable, reasonable in price, give weight of rack.—Bothwell and Co., Dalkeith. 28 F

CATTLE, LIVE STOCK.

A1 Stud, Blue Persian Cat.—63 Lower Beechwood avenue, Dublin; appointment.

COWS for Sale—Pure Bred Jerseys, Springers and Calvers; also Pedigree Bull, Guernsey.—Kingston, Ballybrack. 27 E

CHINCHILLA Rabbits for Sale; owner giving up; Adult Does, pedigree stock, 2/6 each; Bucks 10/6; youngsters 5/- and 10/- each. Address "Z 4022, Rabbits," this office. 24 C

FOR Sale, six choice Shorthorn Sucking Heifers.—Dublin Ryan Corbelly, Marnoch. 27 C

FOR Sale, Pure Bred Aged Ayrshire Bull; sire Lady Dunbeath Stock, sonny Trillic Mary. Address "Z 4026, Ayr Stock," this office. 24 C

FOR Sale, Bull, 18 months old, Pedigree Shorthorn, from registered cows and approved dairy bull.—O'Callaghan, Beamish, Lombardstown. 28 C

HARMLESS Pet Rabbits, Tortoises, from 1/-; Nonconvertors tell the set of anything with fits 1/6 post free.—The Fanciers' Stores, 15 Upper Ormond quay, Dublin.

JERSEY for Sale; quiet; in all farrows.—Perry, Buck Lodge, Crumlin. 24 C

LADY Dunbeath has Pedigree Berserans for Sale; unregistered; bucks and does 10/6 each; also Pedigree Sibling Mark Kits, 12/6 each.—Ballybrack Co. Down. 27 D

POLLY Cow for Sale; time in, third calf.—Mrs. E. Kirwan, Templeogue. 26 C

BUSINESS, PREMISES, ETC., CONTINUED.

SALE—Fine Shop and Dwelling House, Nos. 1 and 2, Main street, Swords, Co. Dublin; rent £75; stamp reply. 24 C

SALE, Nos. 10 and 11 Dame street, Dublin; rent £250; or lease 200 years.—MacArthur's Auction, Friday, 15th May. 25 D

SALE, Dame street (main line) eight apartments, hot bath, electric light, gas, large gardens; good condition.—M 126, this office. 26 D

SALE, with Possession—Desirable Modern Dwelling House, 2 living, 5 bedrooms; semi-detached; lease for ever, no ground rent; sacrifice for £1,500; Rathmines district. Apply Owner, 3 Belgrave square, Monkstown.

SALE, 3 Houses, Wellington View, Crumlin road, £500 each; lease for ever.—M 207, this office. 27 E

SANDYCOVE—For Sale, two new six roomed Villas.—George Handy, 18 Sandycove road, Sandycove.

SALE, possession, Detached Residence; North city; nine apartments, bath, large garden.—M 281, this office. 27 E

TO Investors—12 Houses, producing £157 8/- over rates and rent, sell at £1,320.—M 190, this office. 27 E

THE National Estate Agency has a large and varied list of Farms, Business Premises and Houses for sale, in all parts of Ireland. Call or write, Offices, 6a Middle Abbey street, Dublin. 9 X

TO be Sold, or Let, on Lease, Woodley, Kilmacud road, between Dundrum and Stillorgan; New Basement House, on 18 well wooded Acres; house could be divided into two families; stabling, garage, and walled well fruit stocked gardens, gate lodge; also house in park, garage room for five cars. Apply W. Verschoyle, 19 Fitzwilliam square. 28 F

WESTFIELD road—Modern House, non-basement; 8 bedrooms, usual offices, garden; convenience; price moderate; immediate possession. Apply Oswestry, Westfield road.

WELLINGTON road—Newly decorated House, electric light, bathroom, hot and cold; garden, new garage; rent £120.—M 228. £1,250.—The National Estate Agency, 66 Middle Abbey street, Dublin. X

61 UPPER Rathmines (opposite Frankfort avenue), Detached, with large plot of ground and workshops at rere, approached by a wide lane, for Auction on Friday next, when the Builder's Plant will also be Sold.—Doorzell, Ltd., Auctioneers, George's street. 27 C

HOUSES AND LANDS FOR SALE.

AVAILABLE Bargain—Nine rooms, seaside, County Dublin; rent £70; stamp reply.—M 398. 25 C

AUCTION 30th April, "Woodside," Shrewsbury road (opposite), beautiful suburban Residence on 2½ acres—Battersby and Co., Auctioneers, Dublin.

AUCTION 20th April, "The Red House," Killiney, on one acre (possession); free of rent for ever, a charming Residence.—Battersby, Auctioneers, Dublin. 22

AUCTION 30th April—Battersby and Co. will Sell at the Auction Mart, 39 Westmoreland street, a modern non-basement House, semi-detached. 22 X

AT Glasnevin, £350, £650, £1,150, £1,400; Drumcondra, £450, £600, £650; Ballsbridge, £1,295; Clontarf, £850; Phibsborough, avenue, £700; Jones's road, £750; Rathgar, £400, £500, £600; Rathmines, £900; Dolphin's Barn, £600, £650; Kilmainham, with Garage, £1,250.—Barron and Son, Auctioneers, 13 Upper Ormond quay.

ANGLESEA road—Semi-detached; 3 reception rooms, 7 bedrooms, maid's room, bath; hot water; 2 w.c.'s; electric light, large garden; rent presently at £140 yearly, free; possession December; lease, 999 years; ground rent £5 yearly. Particulars, Richingham and Co., 7 Lower Pembroke street. 27 E

AT Blarney, House for Sale, with possession; £2,500. Apply to North and Co., Grafton street. 24 X

AT Dun Laoghaire—Compact Houses for Sale; prices ranging £1,000-£1,400.—North and Co., Grafton street. 24 X

AT Lower Beechwood avenue—Non basement, seven apartments; £1,000.—North and Co., Grafton street. 24 X

AT Pembroke—Good House for Sale, with possession; £1,500.—North and Co., Grafton street. 24 X

AT Sutton—Semi detached, non basement, six apartments, electric light; £950.—North and Co., Grafton street. 24 X

AT Hollybank road—Non basement, six apartments, hot bath. Terms North and Co., Grafton street. 24 X

AT Howth Road—Neat non basement, six apartments, hot bath, electric light.—North and Co., Grafton street. 24 X

AT Charleston road—Semi detached House, seven apartments, hot bath, good garden, electric light.—North and Co., Grafton street. 24 X

AT South Circular road—Compact House, in perfect order for Sale with possession; £1,500.—North and Co., Grafton street. 24 X

AT Leinster road—Non basement House, eight apartments, hot bath, electric light; £1,200.—North and Co., Grafton street. 24 X

AT Sandford—Semi detached, modern, non basement, eight apartments, hot bath, electric light, garage; £1,500.—North and Co., Grafton street. 24 X

AT Monkstown—Choice House for Sale, with possession; £1,750.—North and Co., £1,500, £1,650, North and Co., Grafton street. 24 X

AT Mountjoy square, Detached House, eight apartments, hot bath, with possession; £1,250.—North and Co., Grafton street. 24 X

BALLYBRACK—Compact House, electric light, hot and cold water, tastefully decorated. Auction 30th April.—Battersby and Co., Auctioneers, Dublin. 22 X

BUNGALOW in Sea, South suburban; six apartments; bath; electric light; garage; rent £60.—M 266, this office. 24 C

BALLSBRIDGE—Semi-detached avenue—Nice House for Sale; rent £120; price £1,250.—Apply Owner, Orders to View your MacArthur's. 25 D

BEMORE, Greystones (Bernagh), for Sale with possession; modern semi detached double fronted; 5 reception, 4 bedrooms, maid's, bathroom, lavatory basin, h. and c., gas, electric light, garden; convenient to golf and sea.—Apply above. 28 D

CLONTARF—11 G 66, Bristol's terrace, Strand road; Residence; Owner Going Abroad; Sacrifice for £1,000 or more bid. Auction 30th April—Battersby, Auctioneers, Dublin.

CLONSKEAGH—Exclusive House, eight apartments, with tennis court; possession; price £1,300.—Kevin Kearney, 24 Dawson street. 24 C

CLONTARF—126 St. Lawrence road, well built House (possession); ready to walk into; extra garden; rent £65; price £1,000.—Apply Owner, 24 Dawson street. 24 X

CLARA (for possession)—Very well detached Residence; price only £695. Kerr Mecklenburgh, 24 Dawson street.

COMPACT Modern House for Sale, with possession; electric light, hot water, tastefully decorated. Address "Z 4005, Modern," this office. 24 C

HOUSES AND LANDS FOR SALE, CONTINUED.

COTTAGE to Sell, five apartments, rent 8s. and rail. Address "Z 4062, Cottage," this office. 26 D

DOLPHIN'S Barn (Possession)—Nice basement five room House; bay windows, bath (h. and c. gas, front and back gardens; adjacent to tram; long lease, small rent.—Valentine E. Kirwan, Solicitor, 14 Suffolk street. 25 D

DRUMCONDRA—Detached Residence, in perfect order, standing on large grounds; possession; price £1,600.—Patrick Byrne, Auctioneer, 8 Parliament street. 25 D

DOONMORE House, 40 Brighton square, Rathgar (possession); nine apartments, spacious garden; ground rent £40; lease 500 years.—MacArthur's Auction, Friday, 15th May. 25 D

DELMORE (main line) eight apartments, hot bath, electric light, gas, large gardens; good condition.—M 126, this office. 26 D

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SALES BY PRIVATE TREATY.

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY.
ESTATE OF
JOSEPH WILLIAMS,
Deceased.

RICHARD WILLIAMS and SONS, Ratisbonne. The Executors of the late Joseph Williams, Rathdowney, are prepared to negotiate the Sale of the Interest of the Deceased in the valuable business carried on for many years at Rathdowney by the Williams family.

The Premises are extensive, and give ample accommodation for the varied branches of business operated. These comprise Drapery, in all departments, including Boots and Furniture; Grocery and Provisions, Hardware, Agricultural Implements, Seeds, Manures, etc., etc.

The business in all branches has been conspicuously successful, and enjoys the reputation of being one of the most important and profitable of its kind in Ireland.

The Property will be disposed of as a Going Concern, with the valuable Goodwill attached.

All information as to tenure of holdings, value of Assets and Turnover of Business to be had from the undersigned—

HORACE TURPIN, Solicitor, Maryborough, having Carriage of Sale.
WILL